



ADAPTATION FUND

AFB/EFC.34/9
9 September 2024

Adaptation Fund Board
Ethics and Finance Committee
Thirty-second Meeting
Bonn, Germany, 10-11 October 2024

Agenda item 3

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2024

Introduction

1. The document AFB/EFC.34/8 presents the 2024 Annual Performance Report (APR-2024) of the Adaptation Fund. This report fulfills the mandate outlined in the Second Medium-Term Strategy (MTS-II) for 2023-2027, which tasks the secretariat with monitoring and reporting on the implementation of activities across the Fund's three strategic pillars and crosscutting themes. The MTS-II mandates that the secretariat ensures that the Fund's activities are carried out as planned, risks are managed effectively, targets are met, and resources are used efficiently. Specifically, on page 42, the MTS-II states as follows:

“The Secretariat will monitor whether activities under the three strategic pillars are being implemented and crosscutting themes advanced in line with the Fund’s 2023-2027 Strategy, standards are being met, risks are being managed, targets are being reached, and resources are being used efficiently. Findings and recommendations will be submitted to the Board in an Annual Performance Report. This, along with additional materials it may deem fit, will inform the Board’s Annual Report to the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol (CMP) or Paris Agreement (CMA).”

2. In line with this mandate, the 2024 APR provides an update on key areas such as programming, portfolio management, readiness, learning and sharing, and long-term capacity building. It also highlights progress on gender, environmental, and social compliance, as well as the grievance mechanism. The report is based on qualitative and quantitative data collected from project proposals, performance reports, evaluations, and field missions.

Recommendation:

3. Having considered the document AFB/EFC.34/8, the Ethics and Finance Committee (EFC), may want to consider and recommend to the Board to:

- (a) Approve the Adaptation Fund's Annual Performance Report (APR) for the fiscal year 2024, as contained in Annex I to the document AFB/EFC.34/8; and
- (b) Request the secretariat to prepare a summarized version for the general public in a reader friendly format, following the approval of the APR by the Board.

Annex

- I. Annual Performance Report for The Fiscal Year 2024

Annex I: Annual Performance Report for The Fiscal Year 2024

**ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2024**

Executive summary

The Adaptation Fund (the Fund) was established under the Kyoto Protocol of the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). Since 1 January 2019, the Fund has also served the Paris Agreement, following a decision by the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement (CMA) during its 24th session in Katowice, Poland.

The Fund's Annual Performance Report (APR) for fiscal year 2024 (FY24) highlights the continuous growth and impact of the Fund, reflecting its commitment to support pioneering, sustainable, and scalable climate change adaptation projects. The report also documents the progress in implementing the second Medium-term Strategy (MTS) for 2023-2027, lessons learned across the portfolio, as well as recent developments within the Fund. During this period, there has been a notable increase in project proposal submissions, bringing the active project pipeline to US\$ 447 million, with 21 new projects approved, totalling US\$ 163.4 million. Overall, the Fund has approved projects and readiness grants amounting to US\$ 1.223.7 million across 110 countries since its inception. Specifically, the Fund's portfolio now includes 176 concrete projects totalling US\$ 1,218.5 million (excluding project formulation and readiness grants), with nearly one-third of these projects being implemented by National Implementing Entities (NIEs). The approved projects are expected to benefit US\$ 45.75 million people, create, protect, or rehabilitate over 728,250 hectares of natural habitats, and install 577 early warning systems.

The Fund's network of accredited entities continues to expand and covers all regions. Within the reporting period one entity (World Health Organisation) was accredited while three (Bhutan Trust Fund for Environmental Conversation, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and Ministry of Finance of Ethiopia) were reaccredited. To date, the Board has accredited a total of 56 implementing entities (IEs), including 15 Multilateral Implementing Entities (MIEs), nine Regional Implementing Entities (RIEs), and 32 NIEs. Among the 32 NIEs, ten were from Least Developed Countries (LDCs) and seven were from Small Islands Developing States (SIDS). With respect to the geographic coverage of the 32 NIEs and 9 RIEs, 15 entities are from Latin America and the Caribbean, 14 are from Africa, 11 are from Asia-Pacific, and one entity is from Eastern Europe. To date, 39 entities have been re-accredited, equivalent to about 70 per cent of the IEs accredited to date.

The Fund's portfolio is maturing, with 65 per cent of its portfolio under implementation for a total US\$ 678.7 million. In addition, 42 projects have reached completion amounting to US\$ 259.8 million. With a disbursement rate of 63%, the Fund ensures that its funding is reaching the most vulnerable people without delays and contributes to building resilience; with a total of US\$ 771.5 million (for concrete projects and programmes) that has been transferred to implementing entities. As of 30 June 2023, 112 projects (76 per cent) of the total portfolio have submitted at least one annual project performance report.

The Fund continues to ramp up its ambition by supporting and programming to meet growing funding requests for concrete projects across various sectors in developing countries, aimed at advancing their adaptation priorities under the Paris Agreement and related frameworks such as the National Adaptation Plans (NAPs). Through a sector-agnostic approach and in line with the Medium-Term Strategy (MTS 2023 - 2027), the Fund has provided funding for diverse adaptation initiatives, across multiple sectors, including innovation and locally led action through a country-driven orientation. Among the approved projects, funds are allocated across multiple sectors, the most significant in terms of grant amount being disaster risk reduction and early warning system, food security, agriculture and multisector projects/programmes, and across a variety of regions,

with the biggest flow of approved grant funds going to Africa, followed by Asia-Pacific, Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC) and Eastern Europe.

The Fund has further advanced the implementation of its MTS 2023-2027, advancing the importance of locally-led adaptation, with the operationalization of new funding windows that can support channelling adaptation finance to the local level, including to local communities and Indigenous People.

At the organizational and policy level the Fund is committed to enhance its portfolio monitoring in accordance with the ambitions set in the new strategy. The Fund's strategic results framework is being updated to reflect the new MTS's modalities and windows as well as the mandates under the Global Goal on Adaptation (GGA). Building on its track record since its inception, the Fund continues expanding its capacity to harness the learning and sharing across its active portfolio and partnership with other adaptation partners as evidenced by the increasing number of knowledge management products developed each year. In addition, in response to decision 5/CMP.17, paragraph 15, the Board decided to update the Fund's Environmental and Social Policy (ESP) in consultation with the Fund's stakeholders (decision B.42/56). The draft of the updated ESP is under development. Finally, the Fund has taken further steps in implementing its Gender Policy (GP) including with a new gender scorecard (GSC) developed with the aim of enhancing the Fund's monitoring of its GP implementation at Fund's portfolio-wide level. The GSC was applied for FY 24 on a pilot basis, and the outcome report is included in this APR.

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1. INTRODUCTION

1. This document presents the fourteenth annual performance report (APR) of the Adaptation Fund (the Fund), covering the period from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024.

2. The Second Medium-Term Strategy 2023-2027 (MTS-II), approved by the Board at its thirty-ninth meeting, mandates the secretariat to monitor the implementation of activities under the three strategic pillars and crosscutting themes. This includes ensuring alignment with the strategy, meeting standards, managing risks, achieving targets, and efficiently utilizing resources. It further underscores that any findings and recommendations from the monitoring, along with any additional materials deemed fit, will be submitted in an APR to the Board, which will in turn inform the Board's annual report to the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol (CMP) and/or Paris Agreement (CMA).

3. Following this mandate, the 2024 APR presents an update on the Fund's activities and processes across key thematic areas. These areas include programming (Fund's strategic focus on action, innovation, learning, and locally led adaptation); portfolio management; readiness and long-term institutional capacity; knowledge management; and project compliance with gender and environmental and social policies, as well as grievance mechanism.

4. The report blends qualitative and quantitative information gathered from submitted project proposals, project performance reports (PPRs), inception reports, mid-term and terminal evaluation reports submitted by Implementing Entities (IES). Furthermore, it integrates observations and insights drawn from project monitoring and ad-hoc field missions, as well as experiences from the Secretariat's adaptive management deployed in addressing project implementation challenges and emerging issues.

5. The report is made up of four sections:

- Section One presents the **introduction** to the document, providing key highlights, methodology, and structure.
- Section Two present an overview of the Fund's portfolio with a greater emphasis on the **Strategic Pillar I – Action**.
- Section Three presents a performance review of projects and programmes under **the Strategic Pillar II – Innovation**.
- Section Four presents a performance review of projects and programmes under the **Strategic Pillar I – Learning and Sharing**
- Section Five presents a performance review of **cross-cutting strategic activities** – the readiness programme, locally led adaptation, gender, and strengthening complementarity, coherence, and synergies with other adaptation funders and actor.

2. SECTION II: AN OVERVIEW OF THE FUND'S PORTFOLIO

6. The Adaptation Fund supports eligible countries in undertaking high-quality projects and programmes that are consistent with their priority needs, goals, and strategies.

7. This section includes an overview of the cumulative projects and programmes approvals related to regular single country and regional proposals, enhanced direct access, innovation large grants and innovation small grants as of 30 June 2024. In addition, it provides information on the Fund's investment distribution among regions and sectors and on the Fund's investments at the outcome level and tracks the Fund's impact in each region. Table 1 below provides a summary of key figures for the reporting period.

TABLE 1: ADAPTATION FUND AT A GLANCE¹ (AS OF 30 JUNE 2024)

| Approvals Cumulative | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Number of projects approved | 176 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant amount (excluding fees and execution costs) - US\$ millions | 1.034.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Execution costs - US\$ millions | 90.7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementing entity fees - US\$ millions | 93.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant amount approved - US\$ millions | 1.218.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementing entity fees as a percentage of the total grant amount approved | 7.7% | | | | | | | | | | |
| Approvals by FY – US\$ millions | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
| Number of projects approved | 5 | 11 | 5 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 23 | 14 | 11 | 15 | 21 |
| Grant amount (excluding fees and execution costs) | 30.5 | 64.3 | 18.9 | 71.7 | 49 | 74.7 | 155.9 | 77 | 78.7 | 114.2 | 138.2 |
| Execution costs | 2.1 | 5.6 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 10.1 | 6.3 | 7 | 10.2 | 12.0 |
| Entity fees | 2.6 | 5.8 | 1.4 | 6.7 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 13.9 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 10.3 | 13.1 |
| Total Grant amount approved | 35.2 | 75.7 | 21.7 | 84.9 | 57.9 | 86.6 | 179.9 | 89.9 | 92.9 | 129.6 | 163.4 |
| Entity Fees as percentage of total grant amount approved | 8.0% | 8.3% | 6.8% | 7.0% | 7.8% | 7.6% | 7.7% | 7.3% | 7.7% | 7.9% | 8.0% |

¹ Figures below refer to concrete regular adaptation projects only and do not include other forms of grants such as project formulation grants or readiness grants.

2.1 Project and Programme Approvals

8. Since the Board's first review of proposals in June 2010 through 30 June 2024, the Fund has approved a total of 176 projects, including the five MIE innovation aggregators² and the NIE small grants for innovation.

9. The Fund's active portfolio spans all its funding windows, demonstrating commitment to diverse climate adaptation projects and needs. The single country regular projects dominate with 125 projects totaling US\$855.95 million, accounting for 71.02% of the total portfolio. This is followed by the regional projects, with 25 projects amounting to US\$281.20 million, representing 14.2% of the portfolio. Also, the small innovation grant is made up of eight projects amounting to US\$1.96 million, constituting 4.5% of the portfolio. Furthermore, the single-country small-scale projects comprises seven projects totaling \$10.41 million, which makes up to 3.9% of the portfolio. The Innovation Aggregator (AFCIA) window supports five projects with \$40 million, making up 2.84% of the portfolio. The Enhanced Direct Access (EDA) and Locally Led Adaptation (LLA) single-country projects consist of four projects totaling \$19 million, which represent 2.27% of the portfolio. Finally, the large innovation grants support two projects totaling \$9.98 million, constituting 1.14% of the portfolio.

TABLE 2: DISTRIBUTION OF THE ACTIVE PORTFOLIO PER FUNDING WINDOW

| Funding window | Total | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | Projects (no.) | Grant US\$ millions | % of total portfolio |
| Single country regular projects | 125 | 855.95 | 71.02 |
| Regional projects | 25 | 281.20 | 14.20 |
| Small grants innovation projects | 8 | 1.96 | 4.55 |
| Single country small scale project | 7 | 10.41 | 3.98 |
| Innovation aggregator (AFCIA) projects | 5 | 40.00 | 2.84 |
| EDA/LLA single country projects | 4 | 19.00 | 2.27 |
| Large grant innovation projects | 2 | 9.98 | 1.14 |
| TOTAL | 178 | 1.218.5 | 100 |

² This refers to the global projects for the establishment of the MIE Innovation Aggregator by UNDP, UNEP (2 projects), UNIDO and WFP.

10. These approved projects span across four regions – Africa, Latin America and the Caribbean, Asia-Pacific and Eastern Europe. As indicated in Table 3, Africa accounts for the largest amount of grant funding approved thus far, with 59 projects accounting for US\$ 461.61 million in grants (37.9 per cent); followed by Asia and the Pacific, with 61 projects accounting for US\$ 351.82 million in grants (28.9 per cent); Latin America and the Caribbean, with 42 projects accounting for US\$ 315.15 million in grants (25.7 per cent); and Eastern Europe, with 9 projects and approved funding of US\$ 49.91 million in grants (4.1 per cent). Five programmes totalling US\$ 40 million (the MIE aggregators for innovation operated by UNDP, UNEP (programme with two phases), UNIDO and WFP) operate globally, and three programmes administered by UNDP, UNEP and WFP are currently under implementation.

TABLE 3: TOTAL PROJECTS AND GRANT AMOUNT APPROVED BY REGION

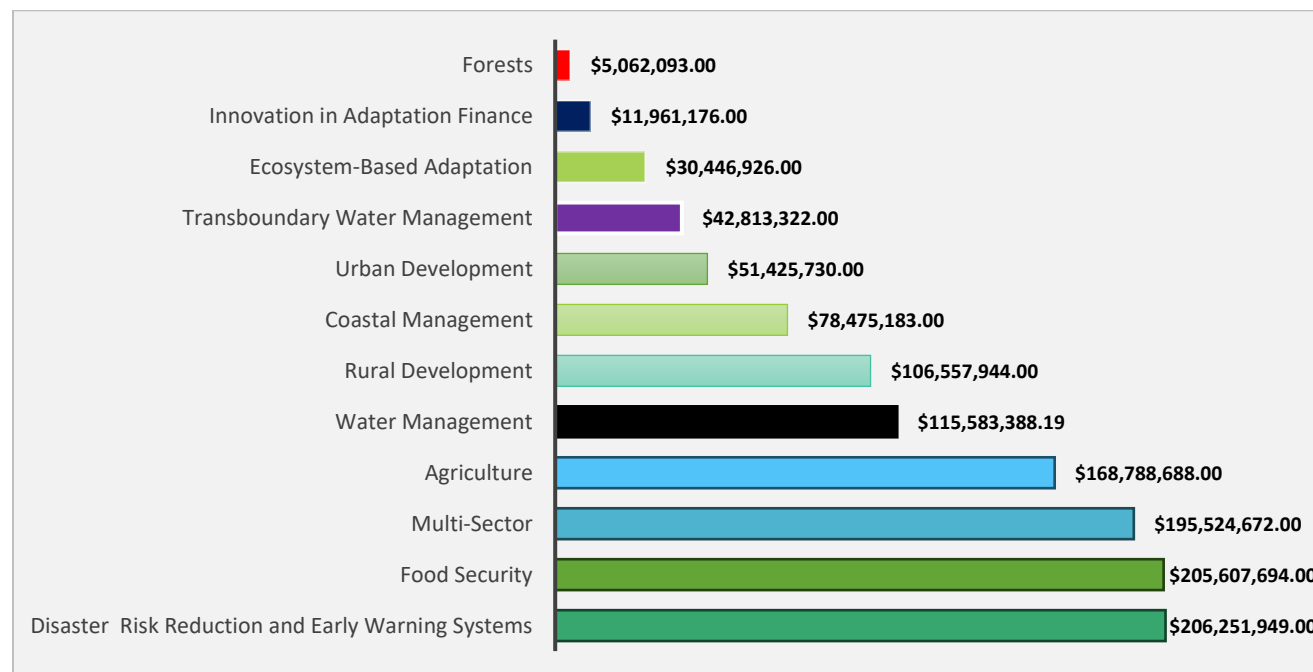
| REGION | Total | | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | Projects (no.) | Grant US\$ millions | % of total portfolio |
| Africa | 59 | 461.61 | 33.5 |
| Latin America & the Caribbean | 42 | 315.15 | 23.9 |
| Asia-Pacific | 61 | 351.82 | 34.7 |
| Eastern Europe | 9 | 49.92 | 5.11 |
| Multi⁵ | 5 | 40.0 | 2.8 |
| TOTAL | 176 | 1.218.5 | 100 |

11. There are 40 single-country projects in LDCs and 12 regional projects involving LDCs, with a total funding of US\$ 380,025,526 (31.1 per cent). Additionally, there are 28 single-country projects in SIDS and 4 regional projects involving SIDS, with a total funding of US\$ 219,174,880 (17.9 per cent). The countries of Comoros, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, São Tomé and Príncipe, and Solomon Islands are included in both groups SIDS and LDCs.

12. In terms of sector distribution for the approved projects, the largest grant amount is allocated to projects in disaster risk reduction and early warning system, with 206.25 million approved (17.0 per cent), followed by food security, with US\$ 205.61 million approved (16.9 per cent); and then multisectoral projects, with US\$ 195.52 million (16.0 per cent); agriculture with 168.79 million (13.9 per cent); water management with 115.58 million (9.5 per cent); rural development with 106.56 million (8.7 per cent); coastal management with 78.48 million (6.4 per cent); urban development with 51.43 million (4.2 per cent); transboundary water management with 42.81 million (3.5 per cent); ecosystem-based adaptation with 30.45 million (2.5 per cent); innovation in climate finance with 11.96 million (1.0 per cent); and forest with 5.06 million (0.4 per cent). The graph 1 below provides a comprehensive breakdown of total grant amounts approved by sector (including the regional

projects/programmes). A full list of approved projects as of 30 June 2024 is provided in Appendix 2.

GRAPH 1: ADAPTATION FUND INVESTMENTS BY SECTOR (US\$ MILLIONS)



2.2 Grant allocation based on the Strategic Results Framework

13. In line with the Fund’s mandate to finance concrete adaptation projects and since the starts of its operation in 2010, the Fund consistently channeled the largest amount of grant funding toward outcome four as defined in the strategic results framework (SRF), namely “Increased adaptive capacity within relevant development and natural resource sectors” for a total amount of US\$ 273.3 million (26.7 per cent), followed by outcome six, “Diversified and strengthened livelihoods and sources of income for vulnerable people in targeted areas” for a total amount of US\$203.4 Million (19.8 per cent), and then outcome five “Increased ecosystem resilience in response to climate change” for a total US\$ 197.5 Million (19.3 per cent).

14. Many of the activities associated with concrete measures often fall within these three outcome areas, such as restoration of ecosystem services, investment in coastal protection infrastructure, or increased access to irrigation water and production schemes. In addition, most approved projects support and strengthen climate resilient livelihoods. A revised version of the Strategic Results Framework (SRF) was approved by the Board through decision B.33/46, in light of the ad hoc readiness results framework and the MTS new strategic areas, including a new strategic outcome “Support the development and diffusion of innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies”. In line with the Board’s request to update and strengthen the Fund’s SRF in alignment with the MTS II, the secretariat commissioned the work for the revision of the Fund’s

SRF, which will be finalized taking into account recent programmatic developments under the current MTS and the new Global Goal on Adaptation. The revised SRF will be submitted for the Board's consideration at its subsequent meetings.

**TABLE 4: GRANT AMOUNT PROGRAMMED BY ADAPTATION FUND RESULTS FRAMEWORK
OUTCOME AMONGST APPROVED PROJECTS/ PROGRAMMES³**

| Fund Outcome | Total US\$ millions | % of the total portfolio |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Outcome 1: Reduced exposure at national level to climate-related hazards and threats | 78.1 | 7.6 |
| Outcome 2: Strengthened capacity to reduce risks associated with climate-induced socioeconomic and environmental losses | 95.9 | 9.4 |
| Outcome 3: Strengthened awareness and ownership of adaptation and climate risk reduction processes at local level | 95.2 | 9.3 |
| Outcome 4: Increased adaptive capacity within relevant development sector services and infrastructure assets | 273.3 | 26.7 |
| Outcome 5: Increased ecosystem resilience in response to climate change and variability-induced stress | 197.5 | 19.3 |
| Outcome 6: Diversified and strengthened livelihoods and sources of income for vulnerable people in targeted areas | 203.4 | 19.8 |
| Outcome 7: Improved policies and regulation that promote and enforce resilience measures | 31.2 | 3 |
| Outcome 8: Support the development and diffusion of innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies | 50.5 | 4.9 |

2.3 Core Impact Indicators

15. Given the flexible nature of the Fund's results framework whereby project proposals are only required to report at least on one Fund level outcome, the Board has approved two impact-level results and five associated core indicators to track under these impacts, that allow the Fund to aggregate quantitative indicators at portfolio level⁹. Since the first APR for FY13, the secretariat has reported estimated results for three of the five core indicators, as those referring to the assets produced, developed or strengthened and to the increased or avoided decrease in income present limitations for data aggregation, due to the diverse nature of the adaptation assets created. In addition, just a few projects are aligned to the core indicator 'increased or avoided decrease in income'.

³ The table does not include project execution costs, management fees or any project level outputs not aligned with the Adaptation Fund

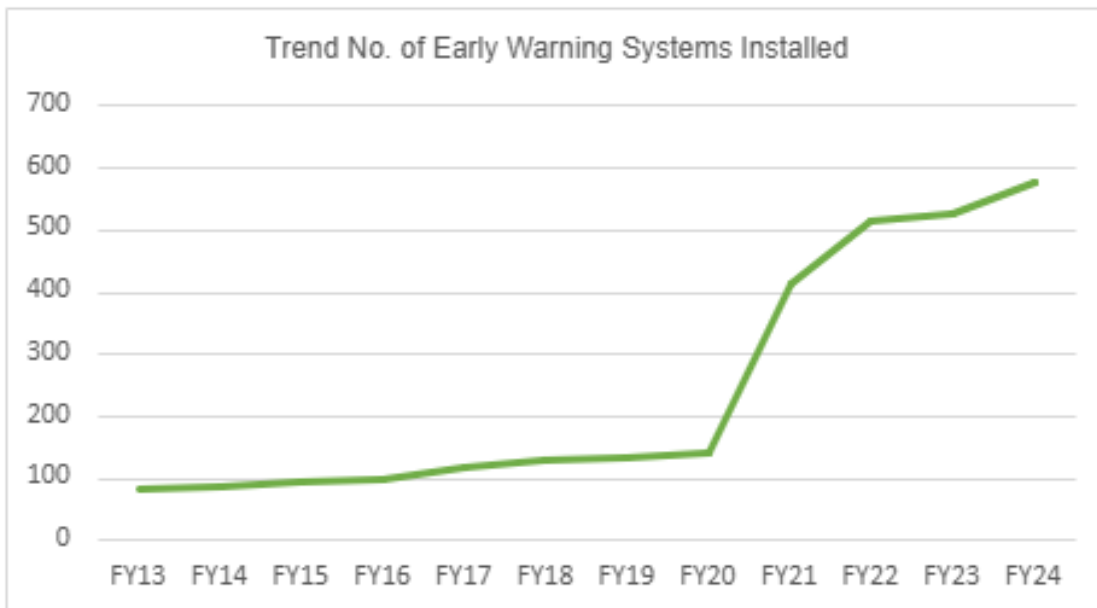
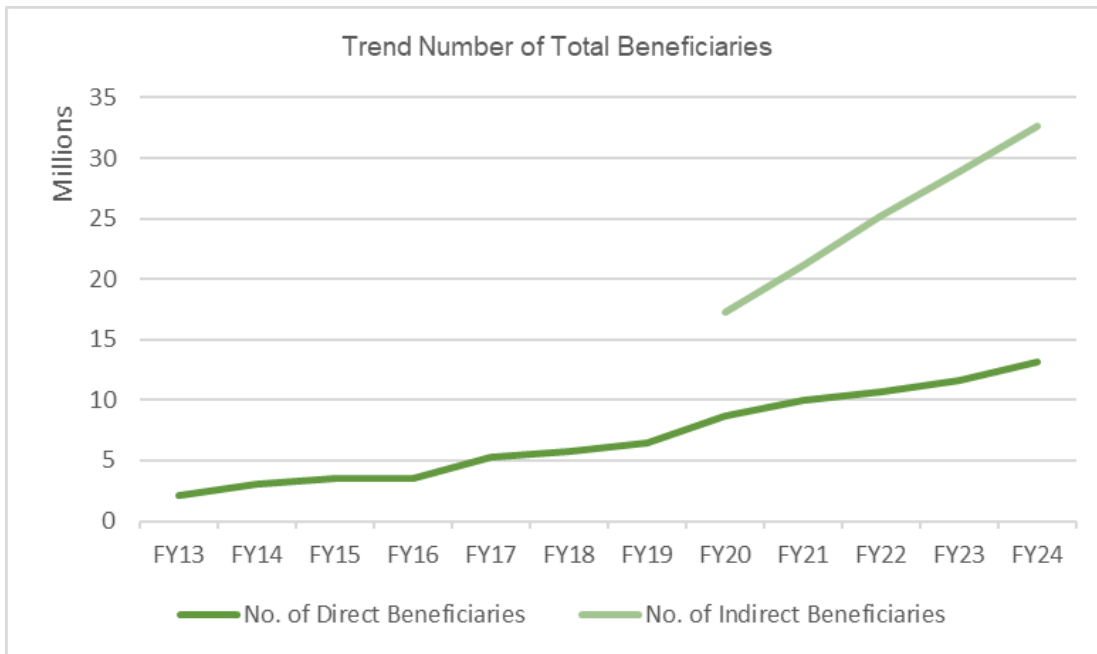
16. To address the aforementioned limitations, the secretariat has commissioned a work to update and strengthen the Fund's Strategic Results Framework (SRF), including its core impact indicators, taking into account recent programmatic developments under the MTS II which will be submitted for the Board's consideration at its next meetings. For the current report, the secretariat extracted expected results from all 176 approved project proposals and presented the targets by region. The estimated results for the three of the five core indicators up to 30 June 2024 is reported in the table 5 below and the trend on the progress of the core impact indicators is reported in graph 2 below.

TABLE 5: PRELIMINARY AGGREGATION OF FUND INDICATORS⁴

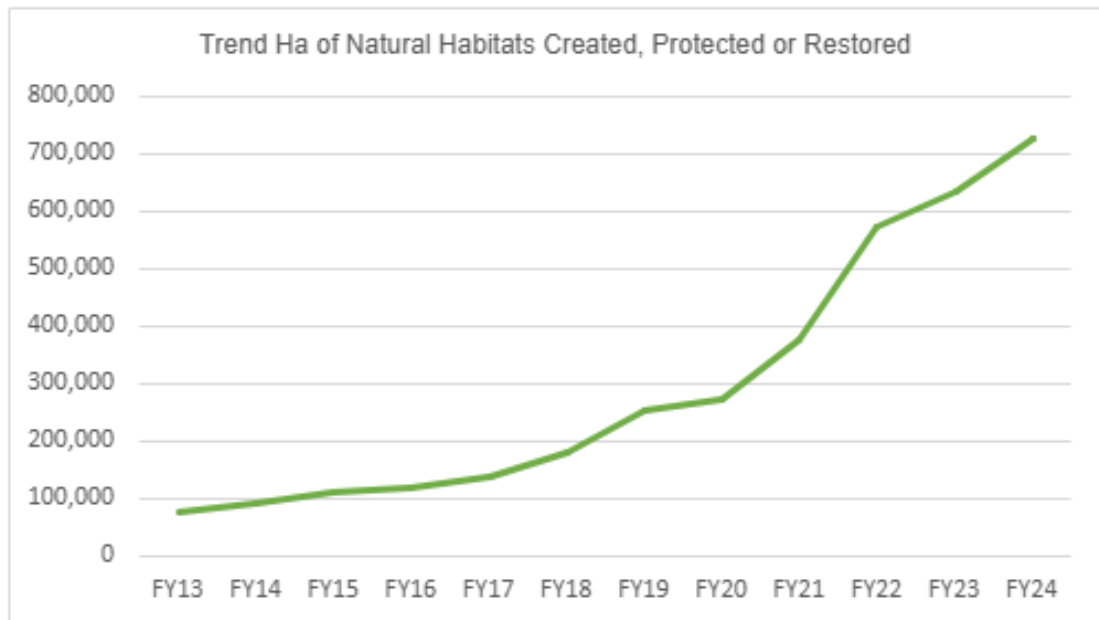
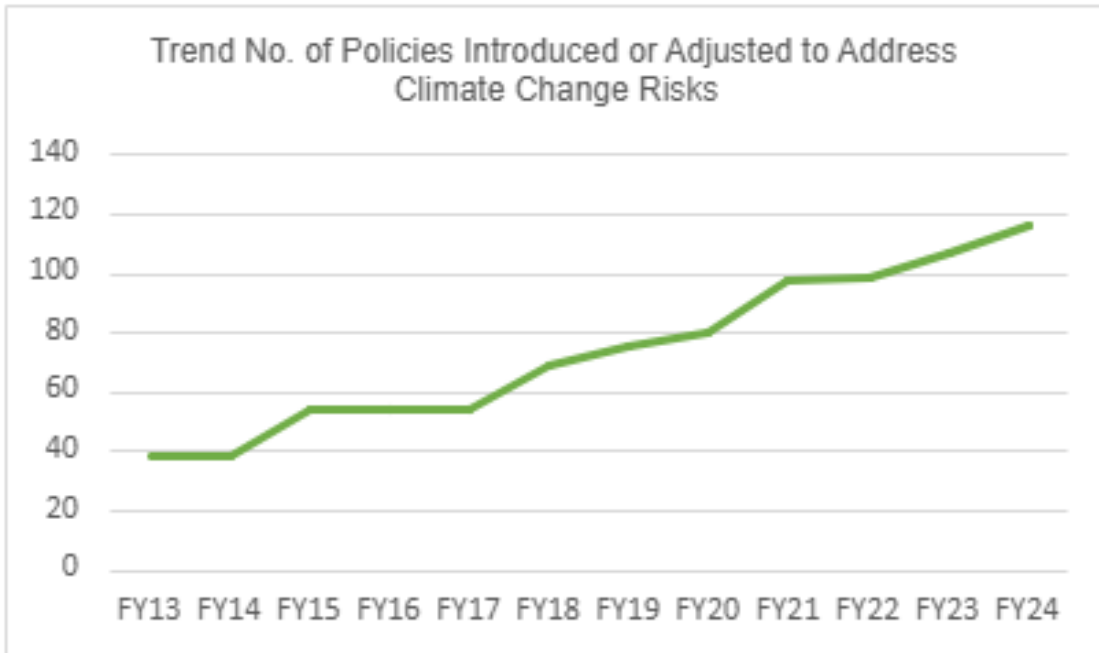
| Impact 1: Reduction in vulnerability of communities and increased adaptive capacity of communities to respond to the impacts of climate change | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Preliminary Indicators | Initial Target | Additional Comments |
| <i>No. of Direct Beneficiaries</i> | 13.13 million | Number of direct/indirect beneficiaries is a conservative estimate, as it is not consistently reported (i.e., some projects report as no. of households) |
| <i>No. of Indirect Beneficiaries</i> | 32.62 million | |
| <i>No. of Early Warning Systems</i> | 577 | Includes projects targeting several small-scale early warning systems (EWS) at the local level as well as those targeting one large regional system |
| Impact 2: Strengthened policies that integrate climate resilience strategies into local and national plans | | |
| Preliminary Indicators | Initial Target | Additional Comments |
| <i>No. of policies introduced or adjusted to address climate change risks</i> | 116 | Includes any policy whether at the local, regional or national level |
| Impact 3: Increased ecosystem resilience in response to climate change induced stresses | | |
| Preliminary Indicators | Initial Target | Additional Comments |
| <i>Hectares of natural habitats created, protected or rehabilitated/restored</i> | 728,250 ha | |
| <i>Meters of coastline protected</i> | 181,000 m | |

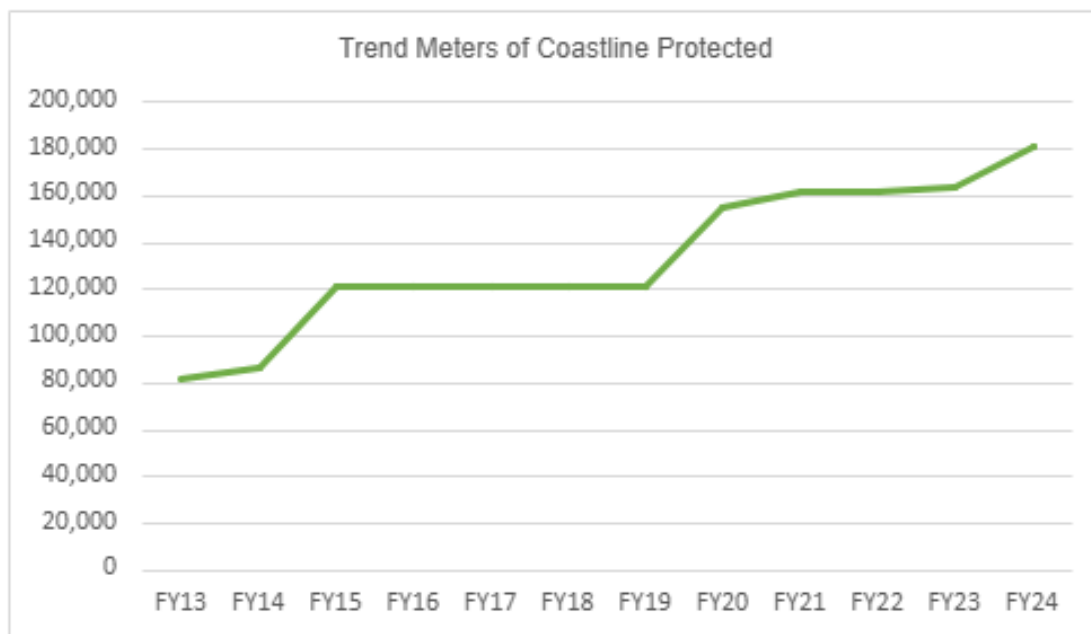
⁴ The preliminary aggregation of Funds indicators is based on the planned results included in the approved project documents

GRAPH 2: TREND OF PRELIMINARY AGGREGATION OF FUND INDICATORS⁵



⁵ The units of measurement can be different (e.g., households or individuals).





2.4 Results achieved through the fund strategic outcomes investment for completed projects

17. As of 30 June 2024, 42 projects have completed implementation amounting to a total of US\$ 259.8 million, of which US\$ 221.9 million has been allocated towards the Fund Strategic Outcomes as shown in the below table.

TABLE 6: FUND OUTCOME INVESTMENT ALLOCATION PER SECTOR (CLOSED PROJECTS)

| | Agriculture | Coastal Management | Disaster Risk Reduction | Ecosystem-based Adaptation | Food Security | Forests | Multisector | Rural Development | Urban Development | Water Management | Total in US\$ Millions |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Outcome 1 | 4% | 4% | 21% | 5% | 5% | - | 14% | 12% | 2% | 3% | 20 |
| Outcome 2 | 31% | 4% | 4% | - | 16% | - | 20% | 9% | - | 15% | 22 |
| Outcome 3 | 28% | 12% | 5% | - | 20% | 2% | 10% | 13% | 3% | 7% | 12 |
| Outcome 4 | 7% | 22% | 8% | 3% | 4% | - | 9% | 11% | 5% | 30% | 66 |
| Outcome 5 | 14% | 12% | 11% | 7% | 8% | 3% | - | 18% | 1% | 24% | 59 |
| Outcome 6 | 7% | 9% | 7% | - | 38% | 1% | 4% | 31% | - | 2% | 36 |
| Outcome 7 | 7% | 20% | 10% | 15% | 1% | - | 10% | 7% | 10% | 20% | 7 |
| Total in US\$ Millions | 27 | 30 | 20 | 9 | 28 | 2 | 17 | 36 | 6 | 47 | 222 |

18. These 42 completed projects and programmes benefitted approximately 3.94 million people. Outcomes 4 and 5, related to strengthening the adaptive capacity of the communities and increased ecosystem resilience, received the largest amount of funding. Below are examples of fund-level outcomes investments with associated project results achieved.

2.4.1 Outcome 1: Reduced exposure at national level to climate-related hazards and threats

19. Out of the 42 completed projects, 19 include investments that aim to reduce countries' exposure to climate-related hazards and threats. The total investment under outcome 1 amounts to US\$19.9 million, with 33 percent of funding allocated to water management, followed by DRR (21 per cent).

20. With 19 projects allocating funding towards this outcome, 116 risks and vulnerability assessments were conducted and/or updated, and 258 EWS were installed, supporting communities and stakeholders to build resilience through climate information and hydromet services. As an example, the investment allocated under outcome 1 allowed the project in Indonesia “Community Adaptation for Forest-Food Based Management in Saddang Watershed Ecosystem”, implemented by the Partnership for Governance Reform in Indonesia (Kemitraan), to undertake a climate change vulnerability and risk assessment and to subsequently develop a local adaptation action plan. This has in turn allowed the establishment of an early warning system platform. The “Climate Smart Community” application was developed by the project to provide data and information on rainfall predictions, temperature, air humidity, weather warnings, land-use conditions, land cover, and mangroves to all stakeholders in the target watershed. The technology platform is built with a system that is accessible to all through an application available under both Android and iOS. Two weather stations have been built in the upstream area of the watershed to further support real time data collection and monitoring.

2.4.2 Outcome 2: Strengthened capacity to reduce risks associated with climate-induced socioeconomic and environmental losses

21. Out of 42 completed projects, 25 include investments that aim to strengthen institutional capacity of national and sub-national services and networks, and to reduce risks associated with climate-induced socioeconomic and environmental losses. The total investment under outcome 2 amounts to US\$ 21.7 million, with 31 per cent of funding allocated to the agricultural sector, followed by multisector (20 per cent) and food security (16 per cent).

22. The 25 completed projects allocating funds towards the Fund outcome 2, trained approximately 29,176 people (including staff and community members) to respond to, and mitigate impacts of climate-related events. As an example, the “Programme Support for Climate Change Adaptation in the vulnerable regions of Mopti and Timbouctou” implemented by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) in Mali, strengthened the capacity of community actors in managing climate change hazards and promoting income-generating activities. The programme increased the capacity of 274 government and agricultural extension services staffs, and representatives from the civil society to promote agro-forestry, assisted natural regeneration and

seedling production which largely exceeded the original target of 100 individuals. Such trainings of government officials and civil society representatives allow in turns to strengthen the capacity of 23,243 farmers, including 12,133 women, to revive income generating activities in market gardening and cattle fattening.

2.4.3 Outcome 3: Strengthened awareness and ownership of adaptation and climate risk reduction processes at local level

23. Out of the 42 completed projects, 30 include investments that aim to strengthen awareness and ownership of adaptation and climate risk reduction processes at local level. The total investment under outcome 3 amounts to US\$ 12.2 million, with 28 per cent of funding allocated to agriculture, followed by food security (20%) and rural development sector (13 per cent).

24. Approximately 1,035,044 people strengthened their awareness of the unpredicted and adverse impacts of climate change, through the finalized projects/programmes. As an example, the project “Developing climate resilience of farming communities in the drought prone parts of Uzbekistan” implemented by UNDP in Uzbekistan, succeeded in raising government and rural communities’ awareness and knowledge on how to move towards climate resilient solutions. Before the project, despite some isolated, sporadically demonstrated irrigation water saving schemes and drought adapted agronomic methods, adoption rates remained very low, and farmers continued implementing inefficient and unsustainable farming and water management practices increasing their vulnerability to climate change related risks.

25. Initially focusing on an inventory of existing successful adaptation practices, the project deployed a variety of efforts to strengthen awareness of climate-resilient agricultural practices in dry areas. It further developed community management schemes and pasture cooperatives to ensure ownership of the activities at local level. Both efforts in raising awareness and relying on locally-supported landscape level adaptation measures have been rated as highly satisfactory by the project’s terminal evaluation, which informed that 80% of target farmers and pastoralists in the six pilot project districts adopted and benefited from conservation agricultural practices and that awareness of 21,200 individuals was raised on climate resilience agricultural practices thanks to the support provided by three agricultural extension service centers. As project end, 65,500 ha were replanted and productivity of 27 000 ha of degraded pastures was raised thanks to the project’s support.

2.4.4 Outcome 4: Increased adaptive capacity within relevant development sector services and infrastructure assets

26. Out of the 42 completed projects, 23 include investments that aim to increase adaptive capacities within relevant development sector services and infrastructure. The total investment under outcome 4 amounts to US\$ 66.2 million, with 30 per cent of funding allocated to water management, followed by coastal management water management (22 per cent) and rural development projects/programmes (11 per cent). Due to the diverse nature of investments and units of indicators, exact aggregate values of investments for development sector services is not

possible. However, the Appendix 7 presents actual results achieved as reported in the final project performance reports (PPRs) and the projects' final evaluations under outcome 4.

27. An example showcasing the achieved results thanks to the investments allocated toward outcome 4, is the project "Building Resilient Food Security Systems to Benefit the Southern Egypt Region" implemented by the World Food Programme in Egypt. Under this initiative, 4,000 meters of lined canals were constructed to support a more resilient use of water resources. Alongside the development of water user associations to help manage water resources in a cooperative manner, the project developed 98 water users associated to increase the adaptive capacity of 20,336 farmers to cope with climate-related impacts on water resources. Together with these investments in the field of water management, the project reinforced the capacity of national meteorological and hydrological services to develop and share critical climate services. It established 49 local early warning units which provide 400,000 people access to early warning messages aiming at reducing losses of wheat, maize, sorghum and sugar cane in extreme weather events.

2.4.5 Outcome 5: Increased Ecosystem Resilience in Response to Climate Change and Variability Induced Stress

28. Out of the 42 completed projects, 29 include investments that aim to increase ecosystem resilience in response to climate change and variability induced stress through ecosystem services and natural resource assets maintained or improved. The total investment under outcome 5 amounts to US\$ 59 million, with 24 per cent of funding allocated to water management, followed by rural development (18 per cent), and agriculture (14 per cent).

29. Approximately 1,558,113 hectares of natural habitats and 24,757 meters of coastlines have been created, maintained, or improved to withstand conditions resulting from climate variability and change (by type and scale) through the completed projects/programmes. Appendix 7 presents actual results achieved as reported in the final PPRs and the projects' final evaluations under outcome 5. As an example, the project "Community Adaptation for Forest-Food Based Management in Saddang Watershed Ecosystem (Kemitraan) in Indonesia has rehabilitated 1.4 km of shoreline through the plantation of 25,000 mangroves seedlings., which contributed to protect 2.21 ha of mangroves.

2.4.6 Outcome 6: Diversified and Strengthened Livelihoods and Sources of Income for Vulnerable People in Targeted Areas

30. Out of the 42 completed projects, 16 include investments that aim to diversify and strengthen livelihoods and income for vulnerable people through targeted individual and community livelihood strategies. The total investment under outcome 6 amounts to US\$ 35.8 million, with 38 per cent of funding allocated to food security, followed by rural development (31 per cent). Due to the diverse nature of investments, exact aggregate values of investments for diversified and strengthen livelihoods is not possible. However, table in Appendix 7 presents actual results achieved as reported in the final (PPRs and the projects' final evaluations under outcome

31. An example showcasing the achieved results thanks to the investments allocated toward outcome 6, the project “Enhancing Climate Resilience of Rural Communities Living in Protected Areas of Cambodia”, implemented by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) in [Cambodia](#), demonstrated how home garden diversification with indigenous fruit/soil-binding tree species and vegetables benefitted 1,193 households have improved local food supply and contributed to forest restoration and conservation in a context of climate change.

2.4.7 Outcome 7: Improved policies and regulation that promote and enforce resilience measures

32. Out of the 42 completed projects, 21 include investments that aim to improve policies and regulations that promote and enforce resilience measures, for example through the integration of climate-resilience strategies into country development plans. The total investment under outcome 7 is US\$ 7.2 million, with 20 per cent of funding allocated to coastal management and water management, followed by ecosystem-based adaptation (15 per cent) and urban development, multi-sector and DRR (10 per cent each).

33. Approximately 55 strategies and 92 policies have been adjusted and/or introduced, through the finalized projects/programmes. As an example, the project “Adaptation to Coastal Erosion in Vulnerable Areas” in [Senegal](#) implemented by Centre de Suivi Ecologique (CSE), addressed a lack of appropriate regulations for the management of coastal areas. An already existing environmental code had been revised to promote resilience measures and a coastlines Act was ratified in 2012.

2.5 Current portfolio by region during FY 24

2.5.1 Africa

| Amount US\$ 461.61 Million | |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Total Countries with Projects | 47 |
| Total number of Projects | 59 |
| Total number of single country projects | 44 |
| Total number of regional projects | 13 |
| Total number of EDA/LLA projects | 1 |
| Single country small scale project | 1 |
| Number of Direct Beneficiaries | 4.59 million |
| Number of Indirect Beneficiaries | 13.97 million |
| Early Warning Systems | 360 |
| Meters of Coastline Protected | 27,035 Mts |
| Natural Habitats Protected | 183,832 ha |

34. Since June 2010, the Board has approved a total of 59 projects in the Africa region covering 47 countries. The largest grant amount has gone to projects in the food security sector with a grant

allocation of US\$ 106.6 million, followed by agriculture for US\$ 82 million, followed closely by disaster risk reduction and early warning systems for US\$ 74.5 million, and investments in rural development amounting to US\$ 65.5 million. During the reporting period, the Board approved in Africa four single country projects, and one regional project which had been put in the waitlist in the past reporting period.

35. An example of an investment in agriculture is the project “ Resilience to Negative impacts of climate-aggravated Water scarcity in the Agriculture sector in Libya (RENEWAL)” in [Côte d'Ivoire](#) implemented by the Interprofessional Fund for Agricultural Research (FIRCA) . The aim of the project is to support maximizing the lifespan (i.e., increasing the sustainability) of available water resources by using water as efficiently as possible in the agricultural sector, which is the sector consuming most water, while also being the most heavily impacted by and vulnerable to climate change. It is estimated that overall, the project will directly benefit 57,840 individuals and protect or rehabilitate 13,500 hectares of rangelands, through the use of traditional water conservation and harvesting techniques, efficient management of soil and irrigation and sustainable rangeland management.

2.5.2 Latin America and the Caribbean

| Amount US\$ 315.15 Million | |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Total Countries with Projects | 22 |
| Total Projects | 42 |
| Total number of single country projects | 30 |
| Total number of regional projects | 6 |
| Total number of EDA/LLA projects | 3 |
| Total number of small innovation grants | 3 |
| Number of Direct Beneficiaries | 3.93 million direct |
| Number of Indirect Beneficiaries | 7.27 million indirect beneficiaries |
| Early Warning Systems | 144 |
| Meters of Coastline Protected | 96,895 Mts |
| Natural Habitats Protected | 204,238 ha |

36. In the Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC) region, the Board has approved 42 projects in 22 countries up to 30 June 2024, with the largest allocation to investments being in Disaster risk reduction and early warning system with US\$ 67 million, followed by in the sector of food security for US\$ 48.86 million, followed by US\$ 49.91 million towards multisectoral projects, and by US\$ 45.43 million towards the agriculture sector. There were seven approved projects in the LAC region during the reporting period.

37. The project implemented by the Protected Areas Conservation Trust (PACT) aims to decrease coastal areas' vulnerabilities to climate change through resilient housing policies,

enhanced coastal vulnerability monitoring, and the rollout of coastal protection interventions. The project is expected to protect 2,400 meters of coastline and benefit 117,823 individuals.

2.5.3 Asia-Pacific

| Amount US\$ 351.82 Million | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Total Countries with Projects | 31 |
| Total number of Projects | 61 |
| Total number of single country projects | 45 |
| Total number of small size single country project | 6 |
| Total number of regional projects | 5 |
| Total number of small innovation grants | 3 |
| Total number of large innovation grants | 2 |
| Number of Direct Beneficiaries | 4.05 million |
| Number of Indirect Beneficiaries | 9.31 million |
| Early Warning Systems | 72 |
| Meters of Coastline Protected | 57,070 Mts |
| Natural Habitats Protected | 294,205 ha |

38. Since 2010, the Board has approved 61 projects in the Asia-Pacific region in 31 countries, with the largest allocation in multisector projects (US\$59.89 million), followed by the disaster risk reduction sector for US\$54.77 million, US\$49.9 million for urban development, and US\$44.15 million for projects in food security. During the current reporting period, the Board approved four single-country projects in the Asia-Pacific region.

39. As an example, the project “Strengthening the Adaptive Capacity of Coastal Communities of Fiji to Climate Change through Nature-Based Seawalls” implemented by The Pacific Community (SPC), proposes to increase the climate resilience of vulnerable coastal communities in Fiji through the adoption of nature-based solutions coastal protection approaches for adaptation, notably through the consultation of nature-based seawalls protection 4,320 meters of coastline.

2.5.4 Eastern Europe

| Amount US\$ 49.92 Million | |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Total Countries with Projects | 7 |
| Total number of Projects | 9 |
| Total number of single country projects | 7 |
| Total number of regional projects | 1 |
| Total number of small innovation grants | 1 |
| Number of Direct Beneficiaries | 554,000 million |

| | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|
| Number of Indirect Beneficiaries | 2.07 million |
| Early Warning Systems | 1 |
| Natural Habitats Protected | 45,975 ha |

40. In Eastern Europe, the Board has approved 9 projects, including seven single-country projects, one regional project, and one NIE small grant for innovation in seven countries. The largest allocation is in the Multisector for US\$ 19.85 million, followed by US\$ 9.9 million towards DRR, US\$ 6 million towards food security, US\$ 5.3 million toward water management projects/programs, US\$ 4.7 million towards agriculture, US\$ 2.5 million towards forestry, and US\$ 1.4 million in urban development projects. During the reporting period, the Board approved two single-country projects in this region.

41. In Georgia, the project “Dairy Modernization and Market Access: Adaptive and Climate-Resilient Pasture Management (DiMMAdapt+)” implemented by the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) will build upon the on-going “Dairy Modernization and Market Access: Adaptation Component (DiMMAdapt)”, with the objective to improve the governance and management of pastures to make the sector fit to withstand current and future climatic change. The project will contribute towards the formulation and implementation of the new law on pastures, which the on-going project is laying the foundations. The project will provide grant funding to equip 30,000 hectares of pastures with adaptation management plans through pasture infrastructure and rehabilitation measures. It is expected to benefit 10,000 households.

2.5.5 Global (multi-country projects)

| | |
|------------------------------------------|--------|
| Amount US\$ 40.00 Million | |
| Total number of projects Projects | 5 |
| Number of Direct Beneficiaries | 71,229 |

42. Since 2010, the Board has approved 5 global projects, for an amount of US\$ 40 million. As an example, the project “The Adaptation SMEs Innovation Facility (ASIF)” implemented by the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) aims to enhance the resilience and adaptive capacity of vulnerable communities by facilitating the development deployment of innovative climate adaptation technologies and solutions by SMEs. ASIF combines three components aiming at igniting and propelling the deployment of such technologies by SMEs and accelerating knowledge throughout implementation.

2.6 Status of Active Portfolio

43. According to the Policy for Project/Programme Delays (amended in October 2017), the Adaptation Fund considers the start date of a concrete adaptation project to be the first day of the project/programme’s inception workshop. The implementing entity must therefore submit both the date of the inception workshop and the entity’s inception report to the Fund secretariat no later than

one month after the workshop has taken place. Based on this definition, a total of 176 concrete adaptation projects have been approved and are at various stages of implementation. Out of these, 97 projects are under implementation while 42 have with the remaining 37 yet to start as of 30 June 2024 (Appendix 2).

44. The Board has set a target of six months for projects to start implementation after the first cash transfer has been received. Projects that started implementation more than six months after the first cash transfer are therefore considered to have a delayed start. Table 7 provides the elapsed time from the first cash transfer to for all projects approved but not started as of 30 June 2024.

2.7 Approved projects that have not started implementation

45. As of June 2024, 37 projects have yet to start, with 13 exceeding the six-month target for commencement after the first cash transfer, eight pending the execution of the legal agreement, and the remaining 16 still within the permissible timeframe to execute legal agreements and/or start implementation. As outlined in the Fund's Policy for Project Delays (adopted in July 2013 and updated in October 2019), implementing entities can work to mitigate delays by working with the government during project design to ensure a mutual understanding and commitment on how to proceed once a project is approved. There are, however, many factors that are situation-specific and may be outside the control of the implementing entity.

46. The policy requires an implementing entity to notify the secretariat explaining the delay and providing an estimated start date if a project is not expected to start within six months. CAF, UNHAB, and UNWFP notified the secretariat explaining their justifications for the delayed project inception.

TABLE 7: PROJECTS APPROVED WITH ELAPSED START TIME AS OF JUNE 30, 2024⁶

| Country | Project Title | IE | Approval Date | first cash transfer data | Elapsed time (months) ⁷ |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ecuador | Increasing adaptive capacity of local communities, ecosystems and hydroelectric systems in the Río Blanco upper watershed (Toachi-Pilatón watershed) with a focus on Ecosystem and Community Based Adaptation and Integrated Adaptive Watershed Management | CAF | 07/16/2018 | 10/1/2020 | 38 |
| Cote d'Ivoire | Increasing Rural Communities' Adaptive Capacity and Resilience to Climate Change in Bandama Basin in Côte d'Ivoire | IFAD | 02/23/2022 | 6/13/2022 | 18 |

⁶ This table exclude approved projects that are yet to execute legal agreement. AF policy on projects delays sets four months for IE to execute the legal agreement and the start of the project should be done within 6 months after the execution of the legal agreement. As a result, this table focused on only projects that have executed the legal agreement.

⁷ Note: Month is the time unit used for the elapsed time calculations, which are made as of June 30, 2024

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|----|
| Kyrgyz Republic | Regional Resilient Pastoral Communities Project - ADAPT | IFAD | 04/08/2022 | 11/29/2022 | 13 |
| Regional (El Salvador, Honduras) | Strengthening the Adaptive Capacities of Climate-Vulnerable Communities in the Goascorán Watershed of El Salvador and Honduras through Integrated Community-Based Adaptation Practices and Services | UNWFP | 10/14/2022 | 2/7/2023 | 10 |
| Regional (Cambodia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Thailand, Vietnam) | Groundwater Resources in the Greater Mekong Subregion: Collaborative Management to Increase Climate Change Resilience | UNESCO | 07/28/2022 | 2/2/2023 | 10 |
| Nauru | Resilient Coastal Fisheries and Aquaculture in Nauru | SPC | 03/24/2023 | 5/16/2023 | 7 |
| Regional (India, Sri Lanka) | Strengthening Resilience of Vulnerable Communities in Sri Lanka and India to Increased Impacts of Climate Change | UNWFP | 03/13/2023 | 5/31/2023 | 7 |
| Papua New Guinea | Adaptation of Small-Scale Agriculture for Improved Food Security of Resilient Communities in Papua New Guinea (ASSA) | SPC | 03/24/2023 | 5/17/2023 | 7 |
| Regional (Belize, Guatemala, Honduras) | Use of Nature-based Solutions to Increase Resilience to Extreme Climate Events in the Atlantic Region of Central America | CABEI | 07/28/2022 | 6/6/2023 | 6 |
| Rwanda | Rwanda Subnational Adaptation Fund EDA | MOE, Rwanda | 10/14/2022 | 8/16/2023 | 4 |
| Montenegro | Adaptation to Climate Change and Resilience in the Montenegrin Mountain Areas-Gora | IFAD | 07/05/2023 | 9/8/2023 | 3 |
| Regional (Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Sao Tome and Principe) | West and Central Africa Small Island Developing States Adapt – Building Resilience of Agricultural Systems to Climate Change | IFAD | 03/24/2023 | 10/24/2023 | 2 |
| Regional (Cote d'Ivoire, Ghana) | Improved resilience of coastal communities in Côte d'Ivoire and Ghana | UNHAB | 08/28/2023 | 10/30/2023 | 2 |

2.8 Status of project performance reports (PPRs)

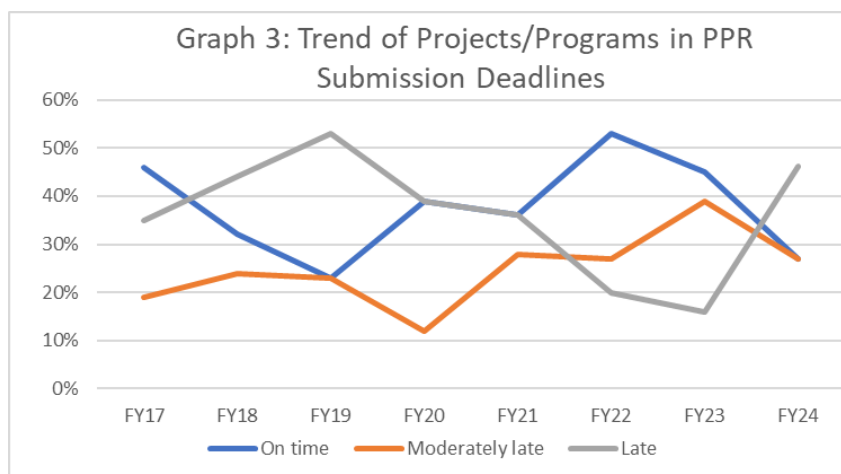
47. As part of the Fund's reporting requirements, implementing entities are required to submit project performance reports (PPR) on an annual basis. The PPR should be submitted on a rolling

basis, one year after the start of project implementation (date of inception workshop) and no later than two months after the end of the reporting year. The last PPR should be submitted six months after project completion.

48. As of 30 June 2024, 116 projects have submitted at least one project performance report (PPR). During the current reporting period, 52 PPRs were received, and the secretariat has cleared 26 of them. Of these PPR submissions, 54% were submitted on time or with a slight delay (2 months). The bar chart below presents a trend of the PPR submission deadlines. It includes details related to the submission of PPRs during the reporting period, showing an increase in late submissions compared to the previous year in the percentage of PPRs submitted. The online PPR submission platform that was launched in 2022 through the Financial Intermediary Funds (FIF) platform has enhanced the extraction and analysis of information that is submitted through the PPR.

49. Also, four projects submitted their first PPR during the reporting period. The PPRs are available on the Adaptation Fund website⁸. The table in Appendix 3 provides detailed information on the PPRs received so far and the self-rating provided by the Implementing Entities.

GRAPH 3: TREND OF PROJECTS/PROGRAMS IN PPR SUBMISSION DEADLINES

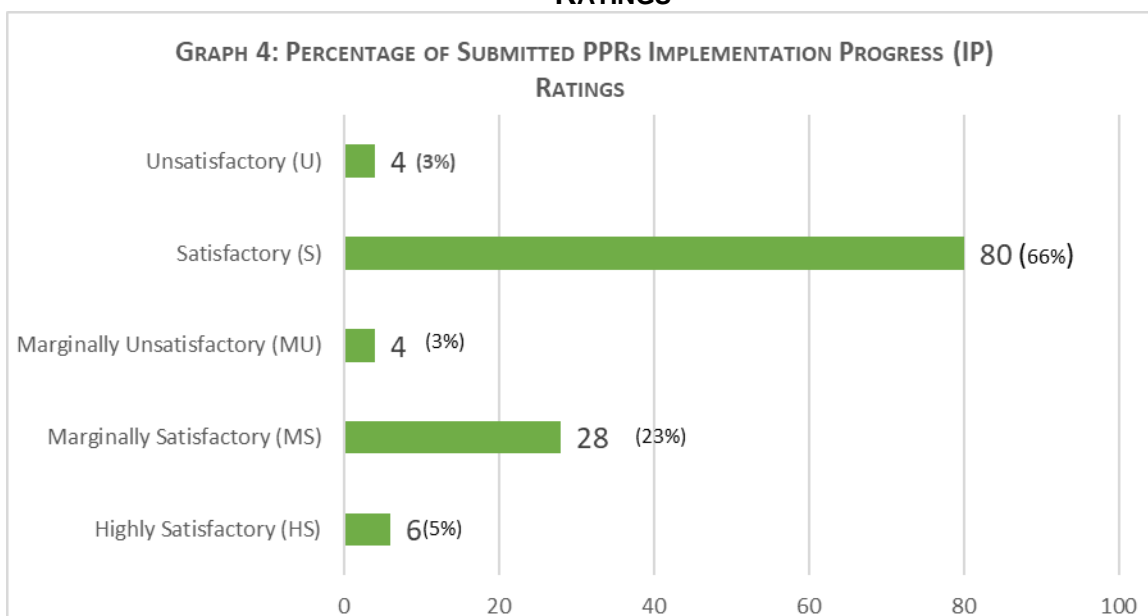


50. The PPR template was designed to allow project management and the implementing entity to self-rate the progress of project implementation. The bar graph chart below gives details of the cumulative percentage of PPRs falling under each rating category from 2017 to 30 June 2024, with 939 percent of the PPRs being rated as satisfactory and above.

⁸ Due to the sensitive information contained in the PPR's procurement section, including bid amounts and winning bids, information, such as names of bidders in the procurement process will be kept confidential in line with the Open Information Policy.

⁹ Includes highly satisfactory, satisfactory, and marginally satisfactory.

GRAPH 4: PERCENTAGE OF SUBMITTED PPRs IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS (IP) RATINGS



2.9 Requests for changes to project implementation received by the secretariat

51. During the reporting period, the secretariat received 19 requests for project changes. Out of these, 18 were requests for no-cost project/programme extension, and the remaining was for both the provision of direct project services (DPS) and no-cost project extension. Appendix 4 details the type of requests received from the Implementing Entities during the reporting period.¹⁰ From 2014 to 2024, 139 requests were received, 71 of which were no-cost project extension requests.¹¹

52. At the second session of its 35th meeting in October 2022, the Board approved through decision B.35.b/16, a set of measures as immediate actions to mitigate the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on its portfolio, specifically: (i) A blanket no-cost extension of the project completion date up to 12 months for the concrete adaptation project/programme which has been delayed due to COVID-19 and was set to be completed within the next 24 months; and (ii) A flexible application of 'material change' (paragraph 6 of the Fund's OPG annex 7) for project budget reallocation up to 20 per cent of the total project budget to cover COVID-19 related measures.

53. Consequently, the Board decided to set a limit of two requests per project for a no-cost extension of a project's completion date delayed due to COVID-19. Such limitation of two requests per project applies to all projects, including those that have already been granted an extension of

¹⁰ All the Board decision related to the regular project change requests received and can be found at: <https://www.adaptation-fund.org/documents-publications/intersessional-decisions/>

¹¹ The document for Project/Programme Delays and Extension Procedures has been approved at the 21st AFB meeting (July 2013), the Policy on Project Programme Delays has been then updated in October 2017.

project completion date following approval of Decision B.35.b/16. Additionally, the Board decided to discontinue the flexible application of 'material change' (paragraph 6 of the Fund's OPG Annex 7) for project budget reallocation up to 20% of the total project cost to cover COVID-19 related measures, considering that no such requests had been received. These interim measures will be in effect until the Board terminates them.

54. Within the reporting period, only three COVID-19 no-cost extensions of the project's completion date requests were received.

2.10 Effectiveness and Efficiency Indicators

55. As approved by the Board through the RBM Approach Paper (AFB/EFC.1/3/Rev.2), Indicators for Fund level processes are tracked and reported annually. These indicators cover: (i) secure financing, financing mechanisms, and efficiency of use; (ii) project cycle efficiency; (iii) results driven performance; and (iv) accreditation processes.

56. In March 2019, the Board through Decision B.33/46 decided to approve revisions to the Strategic Results Framework and the Adaptation Fund Level Effectiveness and Efficiency Results Framework (EEF), as contained in document AFB/EFC.24/4/Rev.1. This update supports the secretariat in keeping track of its operations also covering the areas of action introduced in the Medium-term Strategy. Appendix 5 provides data on the Fund level indicators since FY 2013 in an extended way and the below table presents a summarized version.

57. The secretariat plans to revise the EEF to better serve as a tool to measure progress against implementing the Fund's MTS. The updated EEF will be included in the APR for FY25.

TABLE 8: EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS INDICATORS AND TARGETS UP TO 30 JUNE 2024

| 1. Secure Financing and Financing Mechanisms | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1.1 Increased and Diversified Resources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | FY13 | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
| Total value received through sales of CERs (US\$ millions) | 188.2 | 190.4 | 194.2 | 196.6 | 197.82 | 199.4 | 201.42 | 204.74 | 208.38 | 211.80 | 214.92 | 215.83 |
| Number of contributors | 11 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 19 | 20 | 22 | 2512 | 2613 | 29 | 32 | 33 |
| Actual donor contributions (US\$ millions) | 134.5 | 213.7 | 284.9 | 344.8 | 442.40 | 538.29 | 657.93 | 735.25 | 895.09 | 1,025.85 | 1,232.96 | 1,489.88 |
| Total cash transfers vs. funds committed (including projects and programmes) | 32% | 44% | 45% | 53% | 58.67% | 61.8% | 70.5% | 58.1% | 58.5% | 63.1% | 64.6% | 64.3% |

| 2. Improve Efficiencies in Project Cycle (Action, Innovation, Learning & Sharing) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|--------|
| 2.1 Concrete Project Cycle Efficiency (Single country, regional, enhanced direct access and large innovation grants) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY 18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | Target |
| Average time from first submission to approval for projects (months) | 5.1 | 10.1 ¹⁴ | 21.4 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6.09 | 13.57 | 20.36 | 21.0 | 22.2 | 9 |
| Average time from first cash transfer to project start (months) | 4.8 | 5.6 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 12.3 | 12 | 7.6 | 3 | 3 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 6 |

¹² New donors for this fiscal year include: the European Commission, Poland, and the United Nations Foundation.

¹³ New donors for this fiscal year include Qatar, which is the first non-Annex I country donating to the Adaptation Fund

¹⁴ For waitlist projects, the "approval date" is the date when the project has been put in the waitlist.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|------|------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| Average time from first submission to approval for grants (months) | | | | | | | 2 | 2.25 | 6.33 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 9 ¹⁵ |
| Average time from cash transfer to project start (months) | | | | | | | | 2 | -28 | N/A | 0.5 | 6 |

3. Results Driven Implementation (Action, Innovation, Learning & Sharing)

3.1. Results Driven Implementation under the Action pillar (single country/regional)

| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY 18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Number of proposals submitted (single country/regional/innovation/enhanced direct access) | | | | | | 76 | 68 | 56 | 67 | 80 | 72 |
| % of concepts endorsed against total number of concept submitted | | | | | | 71.4% | 38% | 94% | 58% | 48% | 48% |
| % of fully developed proposals approved against total number of developed proposals submitted | | | | | | 42.8% | 44% | 45% | 41% | 46% | 56% |
| Number of concrete projects approved | 6 | 13 | 4 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 20 | 14 | 11 | 16 | 21 |
| Technically cleared concrete projects | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of suspended/cancelled concrete projects | NA | NA | NA | 1 | NA | NA | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Number of scale-up grants approved | | | | | | NA | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Number of scale-up grants submitted but not approved | | | | | | NA | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

¹⁵ This does not include readiness grants, for which the time between first submission and approval happens within the same calendar year, with an average time of four months.

| 3.2. Results Driven Implementation under the Innovation pillar | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY 19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
| Number of innovation grants approved | | | | | | NA | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Number of innovation grants submitted but not approved | | | | | | NA | 3 | 4 | 0 | 13 | 6 |
| 3.3. Results Driven Implementation under the Learning & Sharing pillar | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY 20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
| Number of learning grants approved | | | | | | NA | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of learning grants submitted but not approved | | | | | | NA | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of virtual courses launched | | | | | | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Number of publications/ case studies published | | | | | | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 ¹⁶ | 4 |

¹⁶ Three publications on lessons learned from DRR interventions; lessons learned from projects in fragile, conflict-affected and vulnerable (FCV) settings; and lessons learned: The role of national financial institutions and trust funds in providing climate adaptation.

3. SECTION III: INNOVATION

58. Under the innovation pillar the Adaptation Fund foresees targeted funding for activities related to innovation, such as support for calling up proven innovative adaptation practices and technologies across countries or regions. Practical knowledge and lessons will also be captured and communicated from effective Fund activities and impact themes. These objectives are supported through the establishment of an Innovation Facility, which includes small and large grants. The small grants are awarded to vulnerable developing countries through two routes: directly through national implementing entities (NIEs) particularly to those countries that have accredited NIEs, and through an MIE aggregator delivery mechanism to other entities (organizations, groups, associations, institutions, businesses, agencies, etc.) that are not accredited with the Fund.

59. This section summarizes the achievements of the fund under the innovation pillar, providing an overview of the innovation proposal submissions and brief overview of the Fund's work in this sector.

3.1 Innovation grant approvals

3.1.1 Large innovation projects

60. Large Innovation Projects, under the Innovation Facility of the Adaptation Fund, make available grants of up to US\$ 5 million to NIEs, RIEs and MIEs starting with the first request for proposals under an indicative set-aside of US\$ 30 million, approved at second session of the thirty-fifth meeting of the Adaptation Fund Board in October 2020.

61. For the large innovation projects specifically, two expected results have been identified by the MTS implementation plan:

62. Successful innovations rolled out. Innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies that have demonstrated success in one country spread to new countries/regions;

63. Viable innovations scaled up. Innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies that have demonstrated viability at a small scale piloted at larger scales.

64. During the current fiscal year, the Board approved one large grant project in Bhutan implemented by the World Food Programme (WFP)

65. The large innovation project in [Bhutan](#) titled, "Innovative Adaptation Financing to Build the Resilience and Adaptive Capacity of Smallholder Farmers in Bhutan (InAF-Bhutan)" for a total amount US\$ 4,983,736, aims to enhance the resilience of smallholder farmers in Bhutan to key identified climate risks and enhance their food security by rolling out innovative index-based microinsurance through an integrated resilience building approach. The project will achieve its goal by strengthening climate-resilient agricultural practices to underpin integrated climate risk management by smallholder farmers; rolling out innovative climate risk transfer mechanism and build smallholder farmers'

resilience through integrated approach; and institutionalizing innovative climate risk management for long-term sustainability.

3.1.2 Adaptation Fund Climate Innovation Accelerator (AFCIA)

66. The Adaptation Fund Climate Innovation Accelerator, or AFCIA, aims to foster innovation in climate change adaptation in developing countries. The programme targets a broad range of potential finance recipients, including governments, non-governmental organizations, community groups, entrepreneurs, young innovators, and other groups.

67. During the current fiscal year, three additional AFCIA programmes were approved by the Board implemented by the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO), the World Food Programme (WFP) and the second phase programme implemented by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

68. The programme titled, “The Adaptation Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) Innovation Facility (ASIF)”, implemented by UNIDO for a total amount of US\$ 10,000,000 aims to enhance the resilience and adaptive capacity of vulnerable communities by fostering the development and deployment of innovative climate adaptation technologies and solutions through small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). It provides comprehensive support and resources to empower these adaptation-focused SMEs to scale their operations and implement effective solutions in various vulnerable local communities. Additionally, the ASIF program seeks to strengthen local awareness and ownership of adaptation and climate risk reduction processes in the supported countries. Throughout the program’s duration, it is expected to build the capacity of national and subnational stakeholders and entities to capture, disseminate, and apply knowledge and learnings.

69. The programme titled, “Climate Adaptation Innovation Accelerator programme (CAIAP)”, implemented by WFP for a total amount of US\$ 10,000,000 aims to enhance climate adaptation capacity by identifying, supporting, and scaling high-potential climate innovations that address critical challenges, particularly in regions where climate change impacts are most severe. CAIAP will back both early-stage innovations, which test groundbreaking ideas, and growth-stage ventures, which aim to replicate and scale proven solutions. Through targeted acceleration programs, selected innovations will gain access to funding, knowledge, and networks, enabling them to progress more rapidly toward sustainable impact. CAIAP also seeks to foster new local and global collaborations, leveraging multi-stakeholder partnerships that include diverse communities such as youth, women, people with disabilities, researchers, civil society, and indigenous peoples. These collaborations will strengthen local climate adaptation capacities and networks. Additionally, CAIAP will increase the knowledge and evidence base related to climate innovation in the regions it supports, disseminating key lessons learned to inform and inspire future climate adaptation efforts.

70. The programme titled, “Adaptation Fund Climate Innovation Accelerator Phase II”, implemented by UNEP for a total amount of US\$ 10,000,000 aims to support countries in testing, scaling up, and leveraging innovative, transformative, and locally-led climate adaptation technologies across the technology cycle, anchoring these advancements into National Systems of Innovation (NSI). The program encourages adaptation technology innovation across various development stages

and sectors, scales up high-impact innovations for accelerated results, and creates favorable environments that sustain continuous innovation. Additionally, it focuses on sharing knowledge and building capacity on adaptation technologies, including promoting digital public goods through the CTCN platform. The program is structured into three main phases: an Incubation Phase, an Acceleration Phase, and a Transversal Capacity Building and Knowledge Sharing Phase. Drawing from the experiences and lessons learned from the [AFCIA Phase I](#) program, UNEP CTCN aims to implement this next phase effectively. The program's comprehensive approach is informed by an analysis of baseline data, mid-term review recommendations, and mitigation measures that have already shown positive impacts.

3.1.2 Adaptation Fund-UNDP Innovation Small Grant Aggregator Platform (ISGAP): implementation status

71. The AF-EU-UNDP Innovation Small Grant Aggregator Platform (ISGAP) aims to support the development, diffusion and evidence building of innovative adaptation practices, tools, and technologies in developing countries. ISGAP is designed to meet this objective through an effective and efficient backbone management architecture and network of global best practitioners to (i) competitively source and screen innovative adaptation project ideas; (ii) grant funding and administering to bring selected project ideas to fruition; (iii) provision of customized technical and business development capacity building, incubation, and acceleration support; and (iv) knowledge management and sharing and result-based monitoring and evaluation.

72. Under the two calls for proposals issued by UNDP so far, 44 grantees were awarded.

73. The programme has submitted three project performance reports (PPRs) with satisfactory performance for all three years of implementation. The programme has also submitted its mid-term evaluation report (MTR) with a satisfactory rating. All 44 grantees have received support from UNDP with regards to financial reporting, indicator and milestone reporting, innovation concepts, business development, individual support to scaling-up their tools/practices/business models, safeguards and risk management.

74. The successfully funded 44 grantees, are in 33 countries worldwide, through Low Value Grant Agreements (LVGAs). From the first cohort, which included a total of 22 grantees, 18 grantees finalized implementation of their projects from October to December 2023. While 4 grantees requested an extension to finalize the implementation of their projects by April 2024. 22 new grants were issued for second cohort of grantees, these are currently in the implementation phase.

75. The ISGAP Dashboard with key findings (achievements and lessons learnt) has been developed and published in the current reporting period. This will be further refined in the coming years of implementation. The project management unit (PMU) for the programme has highlighted high-impact interventions with considerable potential for replication and scalability from the 1st cohort. A similar process will be replicated for the 2nd cohort once the implementation of their LVGAs are finalized. Additionally, the PMU has initiated the development of several promising case studies, each featuring strong indicators and scalability potential, accompanied by key narratives. These case

studies will be utilized to showcase results to potential donors and partners once completed in the next fiscal year.

3.1.3 Special financing window in support of innovation for adaptation implemented by UNEP: implementation status

76. The primary objective of this five-year programme is to support countries to test, evaluate, roll out and scale up innovative adaptation practices, products and technologies. It does so by providing micro-grants to eligible beneficiary countries (developing countries without direct access to Adaptation Fund grants). Micro-grants are used to support the development and diffusion of innovative adaptation practices, tools, and technologies through the provision of technical assistance by relevant CTCN network members. The Programme also facilitates information sharing and the exchange of best practices to support a learning mechanism for innovation in adaptation.

77. Under the three calls for proposals issued by UNEP-CTCN so far, 25 grantees were selected. The programme has submitted three project performance reports (PPRs) with satisfactory performance for all three years of implementation. The programme has also submitted its mid-term evaluation report (MTR) with a satisfactory rating.

78. The project is well on track with respect to the 25 projects selected. Of these 13 are under implementation and five are closed. Eight are in the final stage of the bidding process. Of the five TAs that have been completed under AFCIA, three of them (Burundi, Mongolia and Saint Kitts and Nevis) have already managed to leverage additional funding. Additionally, two additional projects (Honduras and Liberia) are currently in the process of developing strategies to leverage additional funding. Apart from transformational changes linked with the leveraging of more funds, AFCIA projects were able to drive transformational changes at community and governmental levels.

3.3.4 Innovation Small Grants: implementation status

79. Up to the current reporting period, eight innovation small grants have been approved by the Board, of these seven projects are under implementation. The table 9 below includes details of the innovation small grants projects and their implementation status.

TABLE 9: INNOVATION SMALL GRANT PROJECTS IMPLEMENTATION STATUS UP TO 30 JUNE 2024

| Country | Project Title | IE | Status |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Armenia | Engaging Future Leaders: Digital Education Module on Adaptation Challenges and Best Practices for Youth | EPIU | Under Implementation |
| Antigua and Barbuda | Engaging Future Leaders: Digital Education Module on Adaptation Challenges and Best Practices for Youth | DOE | Under Implementation |
| Bhutan | Building Adaptive Capacity through Innovative Management of Pests/Disease and Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in Bhutan to Enhance Sustainable Agro-Biodiversity and Livelihoods | BFTEC | Under Implementation |
| Chile | Water Security: Improving Water Access during Emergency Situations in San Antonio Province, Region Valparaíso | AGCID | Under Implementation |
| Dominican Republic | Strengthening of a Replicable Micro Ecosystem of Accelerated Technological Innovation for Adaptation and Mitigation to Climate Change in Dominican Republic through the Development of a Pilot Thermo Solar Desalination Appropriate Technology | IDDI | Under Implementation |
| Indonesia (1) | Developing “Climate Smart Community” System to Increase Climate Resilience for Saddang Watershed Communities | Kemitraan | Under Implementation |
| Indonesia (2) | Towards Climate and Economic Resilience: Development Sustainable Adaptation-based of Coffee Village and Tourism Village through Co-production Social Forestry | Kemitraan | Proposal Approved |
| Uganda | Enhancing Resilience to Climate-induced Flooding and Drought through the Deployment of a Water-filled Barrie | MOWE | Under Implementation |

4. SECTION IV: LEARNING AND SHARING

80. The MTS 2 emphasizes the critical role of the Learning and sharing pillar in enhancing Fund’s processes and activities, as well as those of the Fund’s partners. It also calls to consolidate and systematize learning across the Fund’s projects and programmes by enhancing linkages and capturing synergies with other pillars, developing new knowledge partnerships and continue to innovate around outreach and visibility of learning on climate adaptation.

81. The Fund also supports cross-project learning around different priority themes.

82. This is achieved through the development of various knowledge and learning products, which include learning grants, e-learning courses, knowledge publications and studies, case studies, partnerships and communities of practice and lessons learned reports.

83. The implementation plan of the MTS-2 expanded learning grants by increasing the amount from US\$ 150,000 to US\$ 500,000 to facilitate south-south learning and sharing on best practices

from the AF portfolio. The purpose of these grants is to facilitate learning and sharing of information, good practices and lessons learned between National Implementing Entities (NIEs) or from NIEs to the wider climate adaptation community or to form partnerships.

84. During the reporting period, the Board approved one learning grant through Direct Access. Approved funding decision for learning grant amounted to US\$ 125,100.

TABLE 10: LEARNING IMPLEMENTATION STATUS UP TO 30 JUNE 2024

| IE | Country | Grant Name | Status | Approved Date | Grant Amount In US\$ |
|----------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| CSE | Senegal | Grant to facilitate learning and knowledge sharing: Senegal | Under Implementation | 09/23/2020 | 144848 |
| NEMAKE | Kenya | Learning Grant for Kenya | Under Implementation | 04/08/2021 | 143545 |
| FDSCR | Costa Rica | Learning Grant for Costa Rica | Under Implementation | 10/21/2021 | 149994 |
| PROFOPE | Peru | Learning Grant to Facilitate Learning and Knowledge Sharing for Peru | Under Implementation | 03/24/2023 | 150000 |
| EPIU | Armenia | Learning Grant for Armenia | Under Implementation | 04/17/2024 | 125100 |

4.1 Learning grant approvals

85. The learning grant for [Armenia](#) implemented by Environmental Project Implementation Unit (EPIU) aims to consolidate, disseminate knowledge, and transfer practical solutions to local communities through strengthened capacity of EPIU related to land, water, and forest management strategies in the view of adaptation to climate change in Armenia.

4.2 E-learning courses

86. During the reporting period the secretariat completed the learning materials for three e-learning courses which provide an overview of Gender Mainstreaming and how to integrate gender responsive approach throughout the lifecycle of the AF projects and programmes.

87. This course is designed as self-paced and is available to implementing entities and relevant stakeholders interested in learning about gender mainstreaming in AF projects/programmes design and implementation. The Secretariat also produced the same e-learning in [French](#) and [Spanish](#) for regional audiences.

4.3 Knowledge events

88. The AF organized two official knowledge events at the COP28 in Dubai: a) “Adaptation Fund: Making lasting impacts in vulnerable countries while reducing disaster risks” and b) “Adaptation Fund: Overview of MTS2 and new available funding windows”. The AF Secretariat also participated as panelists at numerous other knowledge events.

89. In October 2023, the AF secretariat participated at the Adaptation Futures Conference held in Montreal Canada with a side-event titled “Empowering the most vulnerable, women, youth, elderly, indigenous populations, and incorporating local and traditional knowledge”. The event focused on the lessons learned from projects and programs that empower the most vulnerable communities and incorporate local and traditional knowledge.

90. In addition, the AF secretariat organized an event at Gobeshona Global Conference titled “Monitoring of Locally-led Adaptation Interventions: Challenges and Opportunities” held in March 2024 virtually, and participated at the Community-Based Adaptation to Climate Change (CBA18) conference held in June 2024 in Arusha, Tanzania titled “Innovative Pathways: Local Solutions for Community Resilience”

91. In early June 2024, as part of the Country Exchange organized in Tanzania jointly with the host NIE, a Knowledge Fair was organized to exchange lessons learned, challenges and experiences among the participating NIEs from the implementation of their projects with elements of locally led adaptation.

92. During the reporting period, the secretariat participated in numerous international conferences as panelists, one on urban resilience organized by ICLEI which took place in Sao Paulo Brazil in June 2024 and another on Adaptation interventions in Fragile and Conflict-ridden settings held in Abu Dhabi, UAE in June 2024.

4.4 Communities of practice

93. The Fund continued its participation in and collaboration with the locally-led adaptation (LLA) community of practice where relevant information was shared amongst peer organizations on various topics, including on principals of locally-led action, local and youth engagement in climate change adaptation.

4.5 Knowledge products

94. During the reporting period, the Secretariat commissioned [three knowledge products](#), aimed at enhancing stakeholders’ knowledge about the Fund’s processes and on topics relevant to the AF portfolio such as urban resilience, climate change adaptation in least developed countries (LDC), gender mainstreaming, etc. These knowledge products are: a study focusing lessons learned from AF-funded projects in enhancing climate resilience and building adaptive capacities in urban ecosystems, the second study offers an overview of adaptation interventions in LDCs focusing on lessons learned from the AF portfolio. The third study focuses on lessons learned from mainstreaming

gender in the agriculture and food security sector with examples from the Adaptation Fund portfolio. The studies are near completion.

4.6 Knowledge Strategy and Action Plan

95. During the reporting period, the Secretariat commenced the work of updating the knowledge strategy and action plan of the Fund with the full input of the secretariat, Board members and external stakeholders. The strategy is near completion.

5. SECTION VI: CROSS-CUTTING THEMES

5.1 Advance gender equality

96. The Fund has continued implementing its Gender Policy and Action Plan, originally approved by the Board in March 2016 and updated in March 2021 (Decision B.35-36/25), strengthening efforts to enhance institutional capacity of the Fund's Implementing Entities with a view to helping them enhance the integration of gender responsive approach throughout the project life cycle and improve monitoring and reporting on gender progress in the projects and programmes.

97. To help strengthen the capacity of IEs to integrate gender considerations into the Fund's projects and programmes, the Secretariat held an interactive gender training session during the 2023 NIE Seminar held in the Dominican Republic in September 2023. The session aimed at enhancing NIEs' understanding on the Fund's gender mainstreaming requirements throughout the project lifecycle, the updated Guidance Document for IE on Compliance with the Fund's Gender Policy, and available resources for gender capacity strengthening.

98. Moreover, the Secretariat developed and launched the first AF gender e-learning course¹⁷ in April 2024, which aims to help strengthen understanding and capacities in integrating gender mainstreaming across project lifecycles, aligning with the Fund's Gender Policy. This course is self-paced, accessible to the public, and available for free in English, Spanish, and French. The e-course is organized into three modules: 1) Gender mainstreaming at the Concept Note stage; 2) Gender mainstreaming at the Full Proposal Stage; 3) Gender mainstreaming in project implementation, monitoring, reporting, and knowledge management. It aims to support the Fund's stakeholders, mainly IEs and EEs, in understanding how to integrate gender mainstreaming throughout the project or programme lifecycle.

99. On 17 June 2024 the Secretariat held a Gender Webinar, which was open to all the IEs and Fund's stakeholders. The webinar was an opportunity for the IEs and the Fund's stakeholders to understand how to better integrate a gender-responsive approach into their projects by identifying good practices from both AF and IUCN portfolios as well as opportunities/steps to address gender inequalities and gaps in climate action.

¹⁷ Available at <https://www.adaptation-fund.org/document/gender-mainstreaming-e-course/>.

100. As part of its efforts for gender-responsive knowledge management, the secretariat started developing a gender knowledge study to identify best practices on gender mainstreaming and lessons learned from the Fund's projects and programmes in the agriculture and food security sectors.

101. During FY24, the secretariat started implementing on a pilot basis the Gender Scorecard (GSC), which was developed with the aim of improving data collection and analysis to track the performance of projects at entry and during implementation and to enable the secretariat to track and report the progress of the implementation of the Fund's gender policy at the Fund's portfolio level on an annual basis. The GSC supplements the monitoring of the GP implementation portfolio-wide.

102. The GSC consists of two main components: (i) the Gender Scorecard – Quality at Entry, which aims to collect data for projects at the entry stage (both Concept Note and Full Proposal), and (ii) the Gender Scorecard – Quality During Implementation and at exit, which gathers data on projects during implementation. Each scorecard includes questions designed to serve as indicators for assessing how projects are integrating a gender-responsive perspective. These questions help assess the extent to which gender considerations have been integrated at various stages. The full GSC Report for FY 24 is available as an informational document (Doc.AFB/B.43/Inf.6), the following paragraphs provide the main highlights.

5.1.1 Quality at entry for concept note and full proposal

103. Data collection for the GSC for "quality at entry," was based on the Concept Notes (CN) and Full Proposals (FP) for single country projects and multi-country/regional projects submitted for the first time to the AFB Secretariat between July 1, 2023, and June 30, 2024 (the GSC applied to CN and FP before they go on to the technical review by the secretariat). During the reporting period, a total of 20 proposals (15 CN and 5 FP) at their first submission were reviewed against the GSC.

104. As per the Fund's policy, gender analysis for a CN tends to be preliminary and less comprehensive compared to the gender assessment required for a FP. Out of 15 CN at their first submission, 93% of them included a gender analysis, either as a summary in the proposal or as an annex. A high proportion (93%) identified equal participation opportunities for both genders, and 87% identified gender-related risks in line with the ESP principle. While 73% of the CN described the context of gender relations, and 60% included gender-specific statistics, 67% of the CN considered intersectionality in its analysis of gender dynamics.

105. Out of five FP at their first submission during the reporting period, all FP (100%) identified gender-related risks per the ESP principle. Equal participation opportunities for women and men, gender-specific statistics, and the context of gender relations were each identified in 60% of the FP. In addition, 80% of the FP reflected the inputs from stakeholder consultations and the inclusion of gender-focused stakeholders in consultations, and 20% of the FPs considered intersectionality.

5.1.2. Quality during implementation of approved projects

106. For this reporting 36 PPRs were reviewed for GSC ‘quality during implementation.’ The results of the GSC during implementation are based on the information contained in PPRs annually submitted by IE for FY 24 (mainly the Gender Compliance Section but also the ESP Section and Lessons Learned Section). However, the gender-related information provided by the IE through the PPRs was very limited in many instances and therefore these results are somewhat inconclusive. This does not necessarily mean that IE did not implement gender mainstreaming measures outlined in the project proposal. The results of the pilot implementation of GSC ‘quality during implementation’ is summarized in Table 11. The following paragraphs outline some qualitative data extracted from the PPRs.

Table 11: Results of GSC during project implementation

| | Number of PPR | Percentage (%) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Projects that reported challenges/issues regarding gender equality and women’s empowerment during implementation | 8 | 22.0 |
| Projects that reported IE has put in place arrangements to comply with AF Gender Policy (AF GP) | 29 | 81.0 |
| Projects that reported EE has put in place arrangements to comply with AF GP | 24 | 67.0 |
| Projects that identified capacity gaps affecting AF GP compliance | 3 | 8.0 |
| Projects completed gender-responsive interventions | 9 | 25.0 |
| Projects that reported lessons learned related to gender-responsive interventions | 17 | 47.0 |
| Projects that reported having received grievances related to gender-related issues | 2 | 6.0 |

107. The PPR template requests IEs to report challenges or issues related to gender equality and women’s empowerment during implementation. Out of 35 PPRs, 22% reported that the projects identified issues in this area. However, many IEs did not provide further information on what measures are/will be taken to overcome such challenges or issues in the PPR. Some of the challenges identified include: lack of female staff (despite efforts in recruitment)¹⁸, insufficient technical team and knowledge of gender issues¹⁹, pervasive social norms that hindered women from participating in project activities²⁰, different understanding of gender equality and women’s

¹⁸ Project “Building adaptive capacity to climate change in vulnerable communities living in the Congo River Basin”, implemented by WFP.

¹⁹ Project “Economic, Social and Solidarity Insertion for Resilience in the Governorate of Kairouan - IESS-Adapt”, implemented by IFAD.

²⁰ Project “Improving Adaptive Capacity of vulnerable and food insecure populations in Lesotho”, implemented by WFP.

empowerment within beneficiary communities²¹ and lack of awareness of women beneficiaries regarding the project's objectives, activities and benefits.²²

108. With regard to reporting on the measures adopted to ensure compliance with the AF GP at both the IE and EE levels, 81% of 35 reviewed PPRs submitted in FY24 reported on the implementing arrangements for GP compliance at the IE level, while only 67% reported on the implementation arrangements at the EE level. Although not required, 19% of PPRs provided additional information on the efficiency of their implementation arrangements for GP compliance.

Box 3: Examples of Implementation arrangements for GP compliance

At IE level

- Conducting a gender audit to ensure compliance with AF Gender Policy (GP)²³
- Appointment of a Gender focal point to finalize the gender mainstreaming guidelines to support the mainstreaming of gender in all the components of the project²⁴
- Recruitment of female staff to foster female participation in the project²⁵
- Appointment of a Gender Specialist at IE²⁶
- Communication and training from IE to EE regarding AF GP²⁷
- Development of a Gender Action Plan²⁸

At EE level

- Setting quotas to ensure female participation and involvement in decision-making at the project's community-level committees²⁹
- Workshops with beneficiaries to present policy on safeguarding sexual exploitation, sexual abuse and sexual harassment (SEAH)³⁰
- Female employees participating directly in consultation and project activities³¹
- Additional technical expertise in gender recruited for the EE³²

²¹ Project "Building adaptive capacity through food and nutrition security and peacebuilding actions in vulnerable Afro and indigenous communities in the Colombia-Ecuador border area", implemented by WFP.

²² Project "Reducing vulnerabilities of populations in the Central Asia region from glacier lake outburst floods in changing climate", implemented by UNESCO.

²³ Project "Integrated Water and Soil Resources Management Project", implemented by IFAD in Djibouti.

²⁴ Project "Rural Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resilience Building Project (RICAR)", implemented by WFP.

²⁵ Project "Increasing the resilience of poor and vulnerable communities to climate change", implemented by MOPIC in Jordan.

²⁶ Project "Scaling up climate-smart agriculture in East Guinea-Bissau", implemented by BOAD.

²⁷ Project "Enhance community, local and national-level urban climate change resilience to water scarcity, caused by floods and droughts in Rawalpindi and Nowshera, Pakistan", implemented by UN HABITAT.

²⁸ Project "Economic, Social and Solidarity Insertion for Resilience in the Governorate of Kairouan - IESS-Adapt", implemented by IFAD in Tunisia.

²⁹ Project "Building climate and disaster resilience capacities of vulnerable small towns in Lao PDR", implemented by UN Habitat in Lao.

³⁰ Project "Reducing climate vulnerability and flood risk in coastal urban and semi urban areas in cities in Latin America" in Colombia and Ecuador, implemented by CAF.

³¹ Project "Increasing the resilience of poor and vulnerable communities to climate change", implemented by MOPIC in Jordan.

³² Project "Economic, Social and Solidarity Insertion for Resilience in the Governorate of Kairouan - IESS-Adapt", implemented by IFAD in Tunisia.

109. Out of 35 PPRs, 8% have reported that they identified capacity gaps that hinder compliance with the GP, however only a few specified what these capacity gaps were or to what extent they were related.

Box 4: Identified Gender-related capacity gaps

- Language/communication barriers to engage with beneficiaries: “The Awapit language barrier, mainly in the case of older women who do not speak Spanish. To overcome this, materials have been translated into Awapit (such as those related to the WFC). In addition, by incorporating local people, this communication is facilitated, since among the Awá implementing entities it was established as a criterion that the people who make up the local teams should speak Awapit. However, in many cases, it is the men who speak both languages”.³³
- Low female participation in the project: “challenge of women participation in project activities are being addressed through planning, advocacy, communication, motivation and effective coordination”; “the programme has therefore planned to deploy a gender specialist to assist the implementation and engage youth and women groups to be involved in any.”³⁴

110. 25% of PPRs reported having completed gender-responsive interventions. Examples of such interventions include: construction of dikes to prevent inundation and ensure women’s access to freshwater³⁵, loans and financial support dedicated to women³⁶, capacity building and training for women on income-generating activities and food preservation/nutrition³⁷, and advisory services for mothers and pregnant women on health and nutrition.³⁸

111. The current PPR template has a dedicated section to “Lessons Learned” that requires IE to address how gender considerations were integrated during the reporting period and what lessons were learned from incorporating these considerations into project performance or impacts. 25% of PPR reported lessons learned related to the process of gender mainstreaming in their projects.

³³ Project “Building adaptive capacity through food and nutrition security and peacebuilding actions in vulnerable Afro and indigenous communities in the Colombia-Ecuador border area”, implemented by WFP in Colombia and Ecuador.

³⁴ Project “Enhance community, local and national-level urban climate change resilience to water scarcity, caused by floods and droughts in Rawalpindi and Nowshera, Pakistan”, implemented by UN HABITAT.

³⁵ Project “Enhancing Climate Change Resilience of Coastal Communities of Zanzibar”, implemented by NEMC in Tanzania.

³⁶ Project “An integrated approach to physical adaptation and community resilience in Antigua and Barbuda’s Northwest McKinnon’s watershed”, implemented by ABED in Antigua y Barbuda

³⁷ Project “Integrated Water and Soil Resources Management Project”, implemented by IFAD in Djibouti.

³⁸ Project “Integrated Water and Soil Resources Management Project”, implemented by IFAD in Djibouti.

Box 6: Lessons learned from gender mainstreaming

- “Gender considerations have been applied by encouraging EE and government partners to promote the attendance of female representatives in meetings. However, it remains a challenge to engage women at the sub-national government level, for example, due to a lack of female staff.”³⁹
- “It is important to challenge and address women’s participation in project activities through planning, advocacy, communication, motivation and effective coordination”⁴⁰
- “At the beginning of implementing the project’s intervention with communities, it was noticed that community members had little trust in electing women to leadership positions. However, the project sensitized communities and challenged the stereotypes around the roles and responsibilities of men and women, which improved women’s representation in leadership positions.”⁴¹
- “During the focus groups conducted in the context of the baseline study, participants were divided by gender and community groups, to ensure that all the participants could express their views and needs freely and safely. This arrangement, and the partnership with local translators who could facilitate participants’ expression in their local languages, allowed them to share their views on the impacts of climate change on their livelihoods, and explain their level of access to climate information to plan their agrosilvopastoral activities.”⁴²
- “The original selection criteria used to identify the direct beneficiaries to be recruited by the NGOs made a provision for at least one-third of them being women and preference to women-headed households.”⁴³

112. The Fund-supported projects are also required to have a grievance mechanism in place to review and address gender-related complaints. Out of 35 PPRs, 6% reported that complaints related to gender equality have been received through the grievance mechanism during the reporting period year. The gender-related grievances reported relate to lack of payment to workers, including women⁴⁴ and lack of hiring local women for subprojects⁴⁵.

5.2 Enhance Access to Climate Finance and Long-Term Institutional Capacity

113. The Fund’s Readiness Programme for Climate Finance (the Readiness Programme) was established by the Board through Decision B.22/24 and has a goal to increase the capacity of

³⁹ Project “Building climate and disaster resilience capacities of vulnerable small towns in Lao PDR”, implemented by UN Habitat in Lao.

⁴⁰ Project “Enhance community, local and national-level urban climate change resilience to water scarcity, caused by floods and droughts in Rawalpindi and Nowshera, Pakistan”, implemented UN Habitat in Pakistan.

⁴¹ Project “Improving Adaptive Capacity of vulnerable and food insecure populations in Lesotho”, implemented by WFP in Lesotho.

⁴² Project “Building adaptive capacity to climate change in vulnerable communities living in the Congo River Basin”, implemented by WFP.

⁴³ Project “Restoring marine ecosystem services by rehabilitating coral reefs to meet a changing climate future”, implemented by UNDP.

⁴⁴ Project “Improving Adaptive Capacity of vulnerable and food insecure populations in Lesotho”, implemented by WFP in Lesotho.

⁴⁵ Project “Building Urban Climate Resilience in South-eastern Africa”, implemented by UN Habitat in Comoros, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique.

developing country Parties to directly access climate adaptation finance and their overall capacity to develop and initiate implementation of concrete projects and programmes that increase the resilience of vulnerable communities to the impacts of climate change. Under the Fund's Medium- Term Strategy, the Readiness Programme is also providing capacity-building support for project implementation.

114. There were two readiness grants approved during the reporting period, and as such, the cumulative number of approved readiness grants to date is 49. As of 30 June 2024, the Board has approved 49 readiness projects totalling US\$ 2.13 million in readiness grants which also includes two PFA grants and one project scale up grant. To also note is that the Board, through decision B.37/1 decided to merge PFA grants with PFGs, effectively raising the maximum amount of individual PFGs available to NIEs to US\$ 50,000 per project.

115. Table 12 below provides an overview and summary of key readiness grant figures to date. During the reporting period, the AFB received and approved two readiness package grant proposals for support for accreditation and updated the review cycle for readiness grants to allow more time for implementing entities to respond to initial technical reviews.

TABLE 12: READINESS GRANTS AT A GLANCE (AS OF 30 JUNE 2024)⁴⁶

| Approvals Cumulative | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------------------|--------------|
| Number of projects approved | | | | | | | | | | | 49 |
| US\$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant amount (excluding entity fees) | | | | | | | | | | | 2,072,990.36 |
| Entity fees | | | | | | | | | | | 63,994.64 |
| Grant amount approved (including fees) | | | | | | | | | | | 2,136,985 |
| Entity fees as percentage of total grant amount approved | | | | | | | | | | | 2.99% |
| Approvals by FY | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | FY 15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | |
| Number of projects approved | 3 ⁴⁷ | 11 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 8 ⁴⁸ | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | |
| US\$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant amount (excluding entity fees) | 144,490 | 360,447 | 275,000 | 271,000 | 161,500 | 304,900 | 59,820 | 0 | 265,390 | 270,542.88 | |
| Entity fees | 0- | 0- | 0- | 4,000 | 5,610 | 9,100 | 0- | 0 | 22,288 | 22,996.64 | |
| Grant amount approved (including fees) | 144,490 | 360,447 | 275,000 | 275,000 | 167,110 | 314,000 | 59,820 | 0 | 287,678 | 293,539.52 | |

⁴⁶ The approved Readiness budget for this reporting period amounts to US\$ 756,950, as per Board Decision B.36/31

⁴⁷ This excludes the South-South Cooperation (SSC) grant which was later cancelled by the Board through decision B.28/31. The funds were subsequently transferred back to Trustee.

⁴⁸ This figure includes 2 PFA grants approved in FY20 for Belize and Namibia.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|-----|----|------|-------------|
| Entity Fees as percentage of total grant amount approved | 0%- | 0% | 0% | 1.47% | 3.35% | 2.89% | 0%- | 0% | 8.4% | 8.5% |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|-----|----|------|-------------|

Note: The figures in the table represent all readiness grants, including Project Formulation Assistance grants.

5.2.1 Readiness grants approval by region and funding window

116. As of 30 June 2024, a total of 49⁴⁹ readiness projects have been approved by the Board with two new grants approved during the fiscal year. Table 13 below provides a breakdown of projects approved by region.

TABLE 13: TOTAL PROJECTS AND GRANT AMOUNT APPROVED BY REGION (US\$)

| Region | Cumulative total to date | |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| | Projects (no.) | Grants (US\$) |
| Africa | 34 | 1,739,785 |
| Asia and Asia-Pacific | 7 | 199,500 |
| Eastern Europe | - | - |
| Latin America & the Caribbean | 8 | 197,700 |
| Total | 49 | 2,136,985 |

117. Among the approved readiness projects, the largest amount of grant funding approved to date has been to the Africa region, with 34 projects totalling US\$1,739,785 in grants. This was followed by Latin America and the Caribbean, with eight projects totalling US\$197,700 in grants, and Asia—Pacific, with seven projects totalling US\$199,500 in grants.

118. In terms of funding windows, the largest cumulative grant amount has gone towards South-South support through South-South Cooperation (SSC) grants with US\$ 836,747 approved for 17 projects. Following, 21 technical assistance projects for the environmental and social policy and gender policy (TA-ESGP) to the value of US\$ 480,020 and four technical assistance projects for the gender policy (TA-GP) to the value of US\$40,000 were approved. At its 36th meeting, the Board decided to cease South-South Cooperation (SSC) grants and replace them with readiness package grants through decision B.36/25. Following this, 5 Readiness Package Grants to the value of US\$ 681,217.52 were approved (Appendix 6 includes a complete list of all approved readiness projects).

5.2.2 Readiness programme results framework

119. At its thirtieth meeting, the Board, through decision B.30/45, approved an updated results framework of the Readiness Programme. During the reporting period, the Readiness

⁴⁹ This figure includes 2 PFA grants for Belize and Namibia.

Programme implemented activities targeted at all three outcomes in the results framework. A summary of the progress made toward each outcome is provided in Table 14 below⁴⁴.

TABLE 14: READINESS PROGRAMME RESULTS FRAMEWORK AND PROGRESS TOWARDS ACHIEVING OUTCOMES

| Outcome | Outcome Indicator | Delivery Status FY24 | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Increased capacity of national entities to meet the Fund's fiduciary standards. | Percentage of developing countries ⁵⁰ with an accredited direct access entity of the Fund. | 22.5% ⁵¹ | 0 NIE Accredited |
| Increased capacity of accredited national and regional organizations to develop and | Number of fully developed concrete projects/programmes prepared by NIEs/RIEs and approved by the Board. | From October 2014 to June 30, 2024 a total of 43 approved concrete projects | 6 approved project/programs from NIEs |
| Improved knowledge, knowledge sharing, and performance of the readiness programme to enhance direct access to adaptation finance, and the implementation of concrete adaptation projects. | Improved understanding of the accreditation process and accessing the Fund's resources, (as measured through surveys from workshops/trainings) | 24 regional workshops held. | 1 regional workshop on Locally Led Adaptation and accreditation held in-person in the Philippines resulting in 75% knowledge needs met significantly and 88% indicated ability to apply knowledge learnt in own projects. |
| | Improved sharing of knowledge and lessons learnt to improve the effectiveness of the readiness programme | 26 webinars held. | 6 webinars ⁵² held resulting in increased understanding of the Fund's project processes under the new funding windows, accreditation and reaccreditation processes, gender e-learning course. |
| | | 10 annual climate finance readiness seminars for NIEs held. | 2023 annual climate finance readiness seminar for NIEs held in the Dominican Republic, resulting in 81% knowledge needs met significantly and 91% indicated ability to apply knowledge learnt in own projects. |
| | | Community of practice for direct access entities (CPDAE) established and operational with own committee. Third annual meeting of the CPDAE held in Yerevan, Armenia | Provided ongoing support to the CPDAE in partnership with the GCF for implementation of the readiness proposal for funding submitted to the GCF under its Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme. Hosted the third annual meeting of the CPDAE. |

⁴⁴ These are developing countries eligible to receive funding from the Adaptation Fund and are Parties to the Kyoto Protocol.

⁵⁰ Thirty-two out of the 151 non-Annex I Parties to the Kyoto Protocol have an accredited NIE as of 30 June 2024.

⁵² Average scale score of 3.3 out of 4 from post-event survey indicates that participants agreed to a great extent that their knowledge and understanding was increased.

120. Since the launch of the readiness programme in March 2014, the number of accredited NIEs has increased from 17 in September 2014, to 32 as of 30 June 2024. As presented in the above table, during the reporting period no NIE was accredited by the Board. As of 30 June 2024, the readiness program has hosted 24 regional workshops covering Africa, Asia, and the Pacific, Latin America, and the Caribbean. 26 webinars and 10 annual climate finance readiness seminars for accredited NIEs of the Fund have also been held, including 5 country exchanges.

121. During the reporting period, one regional workshop was held in person in the Philippines, which discussed the topic of locally-led adaptation and accreditation. Two webinars were held on introduction to the AF evaluation policy and its implication on project design, and two webinars on climate finance access were held and discussed the topic: evaluation framework and integrating evaluation throughout the project life cycle and the topic: Environmental and Social Policy requirements during post-project approval, respectively. A webinar on gender was held where participants discussed the e-learning course on gender mainstreaming and the role of data in informing environmental and gender-based violence programming, and two webinars on the decisions of the 41st and 42nd AF Board Meeting and its implications to implementing entities. The 2023 annual climate finance readiness seminar for accredited NIEs was held in the Dominican Republic.

122. Since its inception, the readiness program has partnered with almost 40 organizations in holding joint events to share expertise and knowledge on accessing the Fund's resources, and readiness and provide capacity-building support available to support developing countries. During the reporting period, the readiness programme strengthened partnerships with the GCF to operationalize the CPDAE. On-going support was provided to implement the action plan of the community of practice for direct access entities (CPDAE), an initiative driven by accredited NIEs of the AF and direct access entities of the GCF. The AF hosted the third CPDAE annual meeting held from 20-23 February 2024 in Yerevan, Armenia.

123. The CPDAE used the indirect financial support from the AF to implement its action plan, which, among other things, addressed issues related to capacity building, project pipeline development, and knowledge learning and sharing for the community. During the reporting period, the readiness programme also partnered and contributed to forums on capacity-building related to climate change adaptation with organizations and bodies that include, the Paris Committee on Capacity Building, the National Adaptation Planning Task Force, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the Climate Technology Centre and Network (CTCN). Existing partnerships have continued to be strengthened through continued collaboration and on-going dialogue and information sharing and exchange.

5.2.3 Developments within the Readiness Programme

124. At its fortieth meeting, the Board decided through decision B.40/60 to extend the role of intermediary in the delivery of support for the accreditation of an NIE via the readiness package grant to all accredited implementing entities of the Fund. The Board also decided through decision B.41/15 to update the review cycle for readiness grants to allow more time for implementing entities to respond to initial technical reviews.

5.3 Strengthen complementarity, coherence, and synergies with other adaptation funders and actors

125. During the reporting period, the AFB made progress in implementing the Fund's second MTS (MTS-2) for 2023–2027, in line with its implementation plan. In addition to introducing locally led adaptation and scaling up adaptation projects as new cross-cutting themes, the MTS-2 puts a strong emphasis on the crosscutting theme of strengthening complementarity and coherence, and synergies, with other adaptation funders and actors.

126. The AF has taken action to further strengthen its complementarity and coherence with the other Multilateral Climate Funds (MCFs), such as the Climate Investment Funds (CIFs), Global Environment Facility (GEF), and the Green Climate Fund (GCF), as well as its linkages with other UNFCCC bodies, such as the Adaptation Committee, the CTCN, the Paris Committee on Capacity-building, the Standing Committee on Finance and the TEC. At COP28, the AFB together with the other MCFs made a joint declaration on the climate funds' role for enhancing access and increasing impact, pledging to strengthen the complementarity and coherence between the funds and move towards harmonizing the procedures to improve and streamline modalities of access to finance.⁵³

127. As part of this declaration, the MCFs committed to developing a concrete action plan with specific proposals for consideration and support from the four funds' governing bodies to deliver an endorsed action plan in time for COP29. This action plan on complementarity and coherence aims to avoid duplication of efforts, enhance collaboration, streamline processes, and ensure that MCFs work together effectively towards common goals and achieve greater collective impact in combating climate change. Since the MCFs made the joint declaration at COP28, the four funds' secretariats have worked together to develop a draft action plan for consultations with the funds' governing bodies.⁵⁴ Following consultations with the governing bodies of the MCFs, a final action plan will be published by the Heads of the MCFs at COP29.

128. The AF participated as an observer in the meetings of the governing bodies of the other MCFs, including the CIFs, GEF and GCF.

129. The AF continued to collaborate with other MCFs on the monitoring and evaluation of results through the Climate Funds Collaboration Platform. During the reporting period the AFB, through its secretariat, organized two sessions: one, jointly with the GCF, on gender mainstreaming in the AF projects and programmes, and one on the harmonization of indicators for adaptation projects (beneficiary calculation and adaptation outcomes).

130. The AF continues to collaborate with the GCF on several operational areas of complementarity and coherence, including the fast-track accreditation framework between the two funds, promoting direct access, and the scaling up of AF projects and programmes by the GCF.

⁵³ See press release: <https://www.adaptation-fund.org/enhancing-access-and-increasing-impact-the-role-of-the-multilateral-climate-funds/>.

⁵⁴ See AFB document AFB/B.42-43/Inf.1 containing the consultation draft of the action plan: <https://www.adaptation-fund.org/document/the-consultation-draft-for-the-multilateral-climate-funds-action-plan-on-complementarity-and-coherence/>.

131. In the context of the AF-GCF fast-track (re-)accreditation framework, the AF conducted its third periodic gap analysis to ensure alignment between the AF and GCF (re-)accreditation policies. The gap analysis found that, as of 1 January 2024, the GCF accreditation procedures continued to be consistent with those of the AF. The AF Board decided to take note of the gap analysis and requested its secretariat to initiate discussion with the GCF secretariat with a view to facilitating the exchanges between the accreditation panels of the two funds.

132. The AF continued to collaborate with the GCF on promoting direct access and strengthening the capacities of direct access implementing entities. The AF provided on-going support to the Community of Practice for Direct Access Entities (CPDAE), an initiative driven by accredited NIEs of the AF and direct access entities of the GCF with AF and GCF support. The AF hosted its third annual meeting of the CPDAE, in Yerevan, Armenia from 20 – 23 February 2024.

133. In line with the MTS-2 cross-cutting theme of enabling the scaling up of successful adaptation projects and results, the AF had continued to collaborate with other adaptation funders and actors to facilitate and support the scaling up AF-funded projects by other funders. To date, 18 AF projects/programmes in a range of sectors have already been scaled up by other climate funds, particularly with funding from the GCF. The AF projects have provided important evidence for feasibility and effectiveness by delivering tangible results which allowed other funders to approve projects faster and scale them up to reach a higher number of beneficiaries and additional regions. The AF publication “Scaling up adaptation finance: Experiences and lessons learned from the Adaptation Fund portfolio of projects and programmes” contains case studies of several scaled up AF projects to date.⁵⁵ In the reporting period, the AF has also engaged with other bilateral and multilateral adaptation funders, including the multilateral development banks, on potential collaborations on scaling up adaptation projects.

134. In line with the Memorandum of Understanding between the CMP and the GEF, the AF Board secretariat is hosted within the GEF secretariat as a dedicated team of officials, that provide secretariat services to the Board in a functionally independent and effective manner. This promotes exchange of information and knowledge and provision of inter-organizational support when needed.

135. The AF engaged with the Adaptation Committee (AC) and participated in the 2024 Adaptation Forum organized by the AC from 18 to 19 March 2024 in Bonn, Germany, on the theme of preparing the multilateral system for more coordinated and effective support for adaptation.

136. The AF is a member of the Paris Committee on Capacity-Building (PCCB) Network and a member of the informal coordination group for capacity-building under the Convention and the Paris Agreement (ICG). The AFB secretariat participated in the 2023 annual meeting of the PCCB network and in the coordination meetings of the ICG. The AFB secretariat also contributed to the PCCB Network Newsletter and shared content on readiness and capacity-building under the AF.

⁵⁵ Available at: <https://www.adaptation-fund.org/document/scaling-up-adaptation-finance-experiences-and-lessons-learned-from-the-adaptation-fund-portfolio-of-projects-and-programmes/>.

137. The AF engaged with the TEC and the CTCN on furthering collaboration on innovation, in line with the rolling workplan of the TEC for 2023–2026. The AFB secretariat participated in the TEC27 and Joint Session of the TEC and CTCN (the 21st meeting, held from 19 to 22 September 2023) and in the TEC28 and Joint Session of the TEC and CTCN (held from 16 to 19 April 2024).

138. The AF is a partner organization in UN4NAPs, an initiative coordinated by the UNFCCC secretariat and responded to several requests from developing countries for technical assistance and support in accessing AF resources for implementation of their National Adaptation Plans (NAPs).

5.4 Promote Locally Based or Locally Led Adaptation

139. The Fund serves the Paris Agreement by accelerating effective adaptation action and efficient access to finance, including through direct access, to respond to the urgent needs and priorities of developing countries. It does so by supporting country-driven adaptation projects and programmes, innovation, and learning with concrete results at the local level that can be replicated and scaled up. All of the Fund activities are designed to promote locally based or locally led action (LLA).

140. Building upon similar experience and based on Parties' and other stakeholders' feedback garnered during the development of its Medium-Term Strategy for the period 2023 to 2027 (MTS 2023-2027), the Fund has heightened in FY24 its commitment to promote LLA. This is evidenced by the fact that the MTS 2023-2027 considers locally based and locally led adaptation as a fundamental cross-cutting building block of such strategy. It is within this backdrop that the MTS 2023-2027 defined activities aiming at expanding the Fund's support to Locally Led Adaptation

141. Through Decision B.42/36, the Adaptation Fund Board adopted the following funding modalities for LLA:

- (c) Merging the window for Enhanced Direct Access (EDA) into an expanded and enhanced window for Single-Country Locally Led Adaptation (LLA) projects/programmes, which can be accessed through NIEs, RIEs and MIEs.
- (d) Establishing a new global LLA aggregator Programme for channeling grants for LLA to nonaccredited entities

142. In addition, the Board requested the secretariat to present options for a new window for regional projects for LLA.

143. During the current reporting period, the secretariat issued a Call for Expressions of Interest for LLA Aggregators to MIEs and RIEs with a deadline of 12 August 2024 for consideration at the forty-third meeting of the Board.

144. In addition, during the current reporting period two projects/programmes were approved in Honduras and Peru respectively.

145. The project in [Honduras](#) titled, "Direct Access Program for financing climate change adaptation projects to increase the adaptive capacity and climate resilience of indigenous and Afro-descendant communities in the marine coastal region of the municipalities of Juan Francisco Bulnes

and Brus Laguna in Honduras” implemented by Comisión Acción Social Menonita (CASM) for a total amount of US\$ 4,000,000 aims to decentralized decision-making and financing for local-level adaptation in Honduras.

146. The program is focused on enhancing the adaptive capacity and climate resilience of the Miskitu, Garífuna, Pech, and Mestizo communities in the marine-coastal regions of Juan Francisco Bulnes and Brus Laguna. It aims to build the institutional capacities of local entities to design and implement projects that address the impacts of climate change, thereby increasing community resilience. Additionally, the program will establish a grant financing scheme to facilitate the identification, review, and approval of climate adaptation projects tailored to the needs of these vulnerable communities. By managing these grants, the program will directly fund the implementation of targeted adaptation measures. Furthermore, it seeks to foster the development and dissemination of knowledge and information on climate change adaptation, enhancing the capacity for informed decision-making at local, national, and international levels.

147. The project in [Peru](#) titled, “Fund for Innovative Adaptation in Peru (Anchash, Cajamarca La Libertad and San Martin)” implemented by the Peruvian Trust Fund for National Parks and Protected Areas (PROFONANPE) for a total amount of US\$ 5,000,000 aims to increase the capacity of communities in selected vulnerable watersheds in Peru to adapt to climate change by financing adaptation measures in the sectors of water regulation, agriculture and food security, and forestry, as prioritized in the Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs). The project focuses on enhancing climate resilience at the community and sub-national levels across three key ecosystems: the Santa Periglacial Watershed in Ancash, the Upper Waters of the Chancay Lambayeque Watershed in Cajamarca, and the Amazonian basin of the Huallaga and Paranapura rivers, which is home to the Shawi indigenous group.

148. To achieve this, the project will provide grants to leading partners in these areas, who will offer technical assistance to local governments and technical education centers. These partners will also provide subgrants to producer associations, indigenous organizations, cooperatives, and women’s small businesses to implement adaptive solutions and increase the climate resilience of the watersheds. The project encourages collaboration among local governments, technical education centers, community-based organizations, and entrepreneurs to boost private and public investment in climate change adaptation measures.

Appendixes

Appendix 1: Implementing Entities of the Adaptation Fund (alphabetical order) National

Implementing Entities (NIEs)

1. Agency for Agricultural Development (ADA), Morocco
2. Agricultural Bank of Niger (BAGRI), Niger
3. Bhutan Trust Fund for Environmental Conservation (BT FEC), Bhutan
4. Chilean Agency for International Development Cooperation (AGCID), Chile
5. Department of Environment (DOE), Antigua and Barbuda
6. Dominican Institute of Integral Development (IDDI), Dominican Republic
7. Ecological Monitoring Centre (CSE), Senegal
8. Environmental Management Agency (EMA), Zimbabwe
9. Environmental Project Implementation Unit (EPIU), Armenia
10. Fundación Natura, Panama
11. Fundecooperación for Sustainable Development, Costa Rica
12. General Directorate of Sectoral and Special Programs and Projects (DIPROSE), Argentina
13. Interprofessional Fund for Agricultural Research and Advice (FIRCA), Côte d'Ivoire
14. Mennonite Social Action Commission (CASM), Honduras
15. Mexican Institute of Water Technology (IMTA), Mexico
16. Micronesia Conservation Trust (MCT), Federated States of Micronesia
17. Ministry of Environment (MOE), Rwanda
18. Ministry of Finance and Economic Cooperation (MOFEC), Ethiopia
19. Ministry of Finance and Economic Development (MFED), Tuvalu
20. Ministry of Finance and Economic Management (MFEM), Cook Islands
21. Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation (MOPIC), Jordan
22. Ministry of Water and Environment (MOWE), Uganda
23. National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), India
24. National Environment Management Authority (NEMA), Kenya
25. National Environment Management Council (NEMC), United Republic of Tanzania
26. National Fund for Environment and Climate (FNEC), Benin
27. Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF), Bangladesh
28. Partnership for Governance Reform (Kemitraan), Indonesia
29. Peruvian Trust Fund for National Parks and Protected Areas (Profonanpe), Peru
30. Planning Institute of Jamaica (PIOJ), Jamaica
31. Protected Areas Conservation Trust (PACT), Belize
32. South African National Biodiversity Institute (SANBI), South Africa

Multilateral Implementing Entities (MIEs)

1. African Development Bank (AfDB)
2. Asian Development Bank (ADB)
3. European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)
4. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)
5. Inter-American Development Bank (IDB)
6. International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)
7. International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)
8. United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

9. United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
10. United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
11. United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)
12. United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)
13. World Food Programme (WFP)
14. World Health Organization (WHO)
15. World Meteorological Organization (WMO)

Regional Implementing Entities (RIEs)

1. Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre (CCCCC), Latin America and the Caribbean
2. Caribbean Development Bank (CDB), Latin American and the Caribbean
3. Central American Bank for Economic Integration (CABEI), Latin America and the Caribbean
4. Development Bank of Latin America (CAF), Latin American and the Caribbean
5. International Center for Integrated Mountain Development (ICIMOD), Asia-Pacific
6. *Observatoire du Sahara et du Sahel / Sahara and Sahel Observatory (OSS)*, Africa
7. Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP), Asia-Pacific
8. The Pacific Community (SPC), Asia-Pacific
9. West African Development Bank (BOAD), Africa

Appendix 2: Status of the active portfolio (approved projects/programmes) of the Fund as of 30 June 2024

Table 1a: Status of the active portfolio of approved regular and innovation large projects/programmes by the Board as of 30 June 2024

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Antigua and Barbuda | An integrated approach to physical adaptation and community resilience in Antigua and Barbuda's Northwest McKinnon's watershed | ABED | 9970000 | 9970000 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Antigua and Barbuda | Innovative technologies for improved water availability to increase food security in Antigua and Barbuda | ABED | 250000 | 250000 | 12/23/2020 | Proposal Approved |
| Argentina | Increasing Climate Resilience and Enhancing Sustainable Land Management in the Southwest of the Buenos Aires Province | IBRD | 4296817 | 4296817 | 12/14/2012 | Project Closed |
| Argentina | Enhancing the Adaptive Capacity and Increasing Resilience of Small-size Agriculture Producers of the Northeast of Argentina | UCARAR | 5640000 | 5640000 | 04/05/2013 | Project Closed |
| Armenia | Artik city closed stonepit wastes and flood management pilot project | EPIU | 1435100 | 1435100 | 10/12/2018 | Project Closed |
| Armenia | Strengthening land-based adaptation capacity in communities adjacent to protected areas in Armenia | EPIU | 2506000 | 2506000 | 03/15/2019 | Project Closed |
| Armenia | Engaging Future Leaders: Digital Education Module on Adaptation Challenges and Best Practices for Youth | EPIU | 231250 | 231250 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Bangladesh | Adaptation Initiative for Climate Vulnerable Offshore Small Islands and Riverine Charland in Bangladesh | UNDP | 9995369 | 2588075 | 03/15/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Belize | Belize Marine Conservation and Climate Adaptation Initiative | IBRD | 6000000 | 6000000 | 08/18/2014 | Project Closed |
| Belize | Enhancing the Resilience of Belize's Coastal Communities to Climate Change Impacts | PACTBZ | 4000000 | | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Belize | Building Community Resilience via Transformative Adaptation (Enhanced Direct Access) | PACTBZ | 5000000 | 1083154 | 10/13/2023 | Under Implementation |
| Benin | Building Resilience to Climate Change of the Neighbouring Populations of the Classified Forests of Bassila and Penessoulou in the Central Region of Benin | FNEBJ | 2934545 | | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Bhutan | Adaptation to Climate-Induced Water Stresses through Integrated Landscape Management in Bhutan | BTFEC | 9998955 | 3605597 | 10/14/2022 | Under Implementation |
| Bhutan | Innovative Adaptation Financing to Build the Resilience and Adaptive Capacity of Smallholder Farmers in Bhutan (InAF-Bhutan) | UNWFP | 4983736 | | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Bhutan | Building Adaptive Capacity through Innovative Management of Pests/Disease and Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in Bhutan to Enhance Sustainable Agro-Biodiversity and Livelihoods | BTFEC | 250000 | 250000 | 10/21/2021 | Proposal Approved |
| Cambodia | Enhancing Climate Resilience of Rural Communities Living in Protected Areas of Cambodia | UNEP | 4954273 | 4954273 | 06/29/2012 | Project Closed |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cambodia | Climate Change Adaptation through small-scale & protective infrastructure interventions in coastal settlements of Cambodia | UNHAB | 5000000 | 4558846 | 01/26/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Cambodia | Increasing Climate Resilience through Small-scale Infrastructure Investments and Enhancing Adaptive Capacity of Vulnerable Communities in Kampot and Koh Kong Provinces in Cambodia | UNHAB | 10000000 | 928177 | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Cameroon | Increasing local communities' resilience to climate change through youth entrepreneurship and integrated natural resources management | IFAD | 9982000 | 1260000 | 09/23/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Central African Republic | Increasing the Adaptation Capacity and Resilience of Rural Communities to Climate Change in the Central African Republic | IFAD | 10000000 | | 10/13/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Chile | Water Security: Improving Access to Water during Emergency Situations in the City of Quilpue, Valparaiso Region | AGCICL | 230000 | 230000 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Chile | Enhancing resilience to climate change of the small agriculture in the Chilean region of O'Higgins | AGCICL | 9960000 | 9960000 | 10/09/2015 | Under Implementation |
| Colombia | Reducing Risk and Vulnerability to Climate Change in the Region of La Depression Momposina in Colombia | UNDP | 8518307 | 8518307 | 06/28/2012 | Project Closed |
| Congo, Republic of | Building adaptive capacity to climate change in vulnerable communities living in the Congo River Basin | UNWFP | 9999909 | 5102148 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Cook Islands | Akamatutu'anga i te iti tangata no te tuatau manakokore ia e te tau'i'anga reva - Strengthening the Resilience of our Islands and our Communities to Climate Change | UNDP | 5381600 | 5381600 | 12/14/2011 | Project Closed |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Cook Islands | "Akamatutu'anga kia Tukatau te Ora'anga ite Pa Enuu" Pa Enuu Action for Resilient Livelihoods (PEARL) | MFEM | 2999125 | 2999125 | 03/22/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Costa Rica | Reducing the Vulnerability by Focusing on Critical Sectors (Agriculture, Water Resources and Coastlines) in order to Reduce the Negative Impacts of Climate Change and Improve the Resilience of these Sectors. | FDSCR | 9970000 | 9970000 | 10/10/2014 | Under Implementation |
| Costa Rica | Increasing the Resilience of Vulnerable Populations in Costa Rica by Scaling Up Adapta2+ | FDSCR | 10000000 | 700000 | 07/28/2022 | Under Implementation |
| Cote d'Ivoire | Increasing Rural Communities' Adaptive Capacity and Resilience to Climate Change in Bandama Basin in Côte d'Ivoire | IFAD | 6000000 | 2060470 | 02/23/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Cote d'Ivoire | Strengthen the Resilience of Smallholder Farmers to the Effects of Climate Change through the Adoption of Proven Innovative Technologies and Practices | FIRCA | 4000000 | 1412166 | 03/24/2023 | Under Implementation |
| Cuba | Reduction of vulnerability to coastal flooding through ecosystem-based adaptation in the south of Artemisa and Mayabeque provinces | UNDP | 6067320 | 6067320 | 12/14/2012 | Project Closed |
| Djibouti | Developing Agro-Pastoral Shade Gardens as an Adaptation Strategy for Poor Rural Communities | UNDP | 4658556 | 4658556 | 06/29/2012 | Project Closed |
| Djibouti | Integrated Water and Soil Resources Management Project (Projet de gestion intégrée des ressources en eau et des sols PROGRES) | IFAD | 5339285 | 2902375 | 07/26/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Dominican Republic | Strengthening of a Replicable Micro Ecosystem of Accelerated Technological | IDDI | 249929 | 249929 | 09/23/2020 | Proposal Approved |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| | Innovation for Adaptation and Mitigation to Climate Change in Dominican Republic through the Development of a Pilot Thermo Solar Desalination Appropriate Technology | | | | | |
| Dominican Republic | Enhancing Climate Resilience in San Cristóbal Province, Dominican Republic - Integrated Water Resources Management Programme | IDDI | 9953692 | 9953692 | 03/15/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Ecuador | Enhancing resilience of communities to the adverse effects of climate change on food security, in Pichincha Province and the Jubones River basin | UNWFP | 7449468 | 7449468 | 03/18/2011 | Project Closed |
| Ecuador | Increasing adaptive capacity of local communities, ecosystems and hydroelectric systems in the Río Blanco upper watershed (Toachi-Pilatón watershed) with a focus on Ecosystem and Community Based Adaptation and Integrated Adaptive Watershed Management | CAFVE | 2489373 | 646368.08 | 07/16/2018 | Proposal Approved |
| Egypt, Arab Republic of | Building Resilient Food Security Systems to Benefit the Southern Egypt Region | UNWFP | 6904318 | 6904318 | 06/28/2012 | Project Closed |
| Egypt, Arab Republic of | Building Resilient Food Security Systems to Benefit the Southern Egypt Region- Phase 2 | UNWFP | 3094962 | 3094962 | 09/23/2020 | Under Implementation |
| El Salvador | Enhancing climate resilience of rural communities and ecosystems in Ahuachapán -Sur, El Salvador | UNDP | 8484503 | 3556591 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Eritrea | Climate Change Adaptation Programme In Water and Agriculture In Anseba Region, Eritrea | UNDP | 6520850 | 6520850 | 03/18/2011 | Project Closed |
| Ethiopia | Climate Smart Integrated Rural Development Project | MOFECE T | 9987910 | 9987910 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Fiji | Increasing the resilience of informal urban settlements in Fiji that are highly vulnerable to climate change and disaster risks | UNHAB | 4235995 | 1797380 | 10/10/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Fiji | Strengthening the Adaptive Capacity of Coastal Communities of Fiji to Climate Change through Nature-Based Seawalls | SPCNC | 5707100 | | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Gambia | Rural Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resilience Building Project (RICAR) | UNWFP | 10000000 | 3124586 | 03/11/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Georgia | Developing Climate Resilient Flood and Flash Flood Management Practices to Protect Vulnerable Communities of Georgia | UNDP | 5316500 | 5316500 | 12/14/2011 | Project Closed |
| Georgia | Dairy Modernization and Market Access: Adaptation Component (DiMMAdapt) | IFAD | 4644794 | 3755531 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Georgia | Dairy Modernization and Market Access: Adaptive and Climate-Resilient Pasture Management (DiMMAdapt+) | IFAD | 9846766 | | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Ghana | Increased Resilience to Climate Change in Northern Ghana through the Management of Water Resources and Diversification of Livelihoods | UNDP | 8293972.19 | 8293972.19 | 04/05/2013 | Project Closed |
| Global | Climate Adaptation Innovation Accelerator Programme (CAIAP) | UNWFP | 10000000 | 2290188 | 10/13/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Global | Special Financing Window in Support of Innovation for Adaptation | UNEP | 5000000 | 4467500 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Global | Adaptation Fund - UNDP Innovation Small Grant Aggregator Platform (ISGAP) | UNDP | 5000000 | 5000000 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Global | The Adaptation SMEs Innovation Facility (ASIF) | UNIDO | 10000000 | | 10/13/2023 | Proposal Approved |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Global | AFCIA-UNEP II in Support of Innovation for Adaptation | UNEP | 10000000 | 1023637 | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Guatemala | Climate change resilient production landscapes and socioeconomic networks advanced in Guatemala | UNDP | 5425000 | 5425000 | 09/12/2013 | Project Closed |
| Guinea-Bissau | Scaling up climate-smart agriculture in East Guinea-Bissau | BOAD | 9979000 | 7752000 | 10/10/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Haiti | Implementing Measures for Climate Change Adaptation and Disaster Risk Reduction Mitigation of School Facilities in Haiti | UNESCO | 9916344 | 5915279 | 02/23/2022 | Under Implementation |
| Honduras | Addressing Climate Change Risks on Water Resources in Honduras: Increased Systemic Resilience and Reduced Vulnerability of the Urban Poor | UNDP | 5620300 | 5620300 | 09/17/2010 | Project Closed |
| Honduras | Ecosystem-Based Adaptation at Communities of the Central Forest Corridor in Tegucigalpa | UNDP | 4379700 | 4379700 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Honduras | Direct Access Program for financing climate change adaptation projects to increase the adaptive capacity and climate resilience of indigenous and Afro-descendant communities in the marine coastal region of the municipalities of Juan Francisco Bulnes and Brus Laguna in Honduras | CASM | 4000000 | 660390 | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| India | Climate Proofing of Watershed Development Projects in the States of Tamil Nadu and Rajasthan | NABARD | 1344155 | 1344155 | 10/09/2015 | Under Implementation |
| India | Building Adaptive Capacities of Small Inland Fishermen Community for Climate Resilience and Livelihood Security, Madhya Pradesh, India | NABARD | 1790500 | 895240 | 04/10/2015 | Under Implementation |

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| India | Enhancing Adaptive Capacity and Increasing Resilience of Small and Marginal Farmers in Purulia and Bankura Districts of West Bengal | NABARD | 2510854 | 2510854 | 10/10/2014 | Under Implementation |
| India | Conservation and Management of Coastal Resources as a Potential Adaptation Strategy for Sea Level Rise | NABARD | 689264 | 689264 | 10/10/2014 | Under Implementation |
| India | Climate smart actions and strategies in north western Himalayan region for sustainable livelihoods of agriculture-dependent hill communities | NABARD | 969570 | 969570 | 10/09/2015 | Under Implementation |
| India | Building Adaptive Capacities of Communities, Livelihoods and Ecological Security in the Kanha-Pench Corridor of Madhya Pradesh | NABARD | 2556093 | 2556093 | 10/07/2016 | Under Implementation |
| Indonesia | Community Adaptation for Forest-Food Based Management in Saddang Watershed Ecosystem | Kemitran | 835465 | 835465 | 07/08/2019 | Project Closed |
| Indonesia | Safekeeping-Surviving-Sustaining towards Resilience: 3S Approach to Build Coastal City Resilience to Climate Change Impacts and Natural Disasters in Pekalongan City, Central Java Province | Kemitran | 5972670 | 4769865 | 09/23/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Indonesia | Enhancing the Adaptation Capability of Coastal Community in Facing the Impacts of Climate Change in Negeri (Village) Asilulu, Ureng and Lima of Leihitu District Maluku Tengah Regency Maluku Province | Kemitran | 963456 | 320794 | 10/21/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Indonesia | EMBRACING THE SUN: Redefining Public Space as a Solution for the Effects of Global Climate Change in Indonesia's Urban Areas | Kemitran | 824835 | 549890 | 10/21/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Indonesia | Adapting to Climate Change through Sustainable Integrated Watershed | Kemitran | 1125015 | 1125015 | 09/23/2020 | Under Implementation |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| | Governance in Indigenous People of Ammatoa Kajang Customary Area in Bulukumba Regency, South Sulawesi Province, Indonesia | | | | | |
| Indonesia | Developing "Climate Smart Community" System to Increase Climate Resilience for Saddang Watershed Communities | Kemitran | 250000 | 250000 | 03/24/2023 | Under Implementation |
| Indonesia | Towards Climate and Economic Resilience: Development Sustainable Adaptation-based of Coffee Village and Tourism Village through Co-production Social Forestry | Kemitran | 250000 | 250000 | 03/24/2023 | Under Implementation |
| Iraq | Building Resilience of the Agriculture Sector to Climate Change in Iraq | IFAD | 9999660 | 1300800 | 03/22/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Jamaica | Enhancing the Resilience of the Agricultural Sector and Coastal Areas to Protect Livelihoods and Improve Food Security | PIOJMM | 9965000 | 9965000 | 06/28/2012 | Under Implementation |
| Jordan | Increasing the resilience of poor and vulnerable communities to climate change | MOPIC | 9226000 | 9226000 | 04/10/2015 | Under Implementation |
| Kenya | Integrated Programme To Build Resilience To Climate Change & Adaptive Capacity Of Vulnerable Communities In Kenya | NEMAKE | 9998302 | 9998302 | 10/10/2014 | Under Implementation |
| Kyrgyz Republic | Regional Resilient Pastoral Communities Project - ADAPT | IFAD | 9999313 | 803662 | 04/08/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | Enhancing the climate and disaster resilience of the most vulnerable rural and emerging urban human settlements in Lao PDR | UNHAB | 4500000 | 4500000 | 10/07/2016 | Under Implementation |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | Building climate and disaster resilience capacities of vulnerable small towns in Lao PDR | UNHAB | 5500000 | 5153876 | 07/08/2019 | Under Implementation |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Lao People's Democratic Republic | Enhancing Adaptive Capacity in Lao PDR Provinces, and Building Resilient Housing in Vulnerable Communities | UNHAB | 7561131 | 3100064 | 10/13/2023 | Under Implementation |
| Lebanon | Climate Smart Agriculture: Enhancing Adaptive Capacity of the Rural Communities in Lebanon (AgriCAL) | IFAD | 7860825 | 6863315 | 06/28/2012 | Under Implementation |
| Lesotho | Improving Adaptive Capacity of vulnerable and food insecure populations in Lesotho | UNWFP | 9999894 | 9999894 | 07/08/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Liberia | Building Climate Resilience in Liberia's Cocoa and Rice Sectors | IFAD | 9592082 | 3517727 | 09/23/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Libya | REsilience to NEgative impacts of climate-aggravated Water scarcity in the Agriculture sector in Libya (RENEWAL) | IFAD | 9995758 | | 10/13/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Madagascar | Promoting climate resilience in the rice sector through pilot investments in Alaotra-Mangoro region | UNEP | 5104925 | 5104925 | 12/14/2011 | Project Closed |
| Malawi | Adapting to climate change through integrated risk management strategies and enhanced market opportunities for resilient food security and livelihoods | UNWFP | 9989335 | 8629550 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Malaysia | Nature-Based Climate Adaptation Programme for the Urban Areas of Penang Island | UNHAB | 10000000 | 1500000 | 02/23/2022 | Under Implementation |
| Maldives | Increasing climate resilience through an Integrated Water Resource Management Programme in HA. Ihavandhoo, ADh. Mahibadhoo and GDh. Gadhdhoo Island | UNDP | 8989225 | 8989225 | 06/22/2011 | Project Closed |
| Mali | Programme Support for Climate Change Adaptation in the vulnerable regions of Mopti and Timbuctou | UNDP | 8533348 | 8533348 | 03/25/2015 | Project Closed |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Mauritania | Enhancing Resilience of Communities to the Adverse Effects of Climate Change on Food Security in Mauritania | UNWFP | 7803605 | 7803605 | 06/29/2012 | Project Closed |
| Mauritius | Climate Change Adaptation Programme in the Coastal Zone of Mauritius | UNDP | 9119240 | 9119240 | 09/16/2011 | Project Closed |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | Enhancing the Climate Resilience of vulnerable island communities in Federated States of Micronesia | SPREPWS | 9000000 | 5903581 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | Practical Solutions for Reducing Community Vulnerability to Climate Change in the Federated States of Micronesia | MCT | 970000 | 970000 | 03/22/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Moldova | Talent Retention for Rural Transformation - Adapt (TRTP-Adapt) | IFAD | 6008095 | 2324377 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Mongolia | Ecosystem Based Adaptation Approach to Maintaining Water Security in Critical Water Catchments in Mongolia | UNDP | 5500000 | 5500000 | 06/22/2011 | Project Closed |
| Mongolia | Flood Resilience in Ulaanbaatar Ger Areas - Climate Change Adaptation through community-driven small-scale protective and basic-services interventions | UNHAB | 4495235 | 4495235 | 07/16/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Mongolia | Ger Community Resilience Project (GCRP) | UNHAB | 7965882 | 1674376 | 03/24/2023 | Under Implementation |
| Montenegro | Adaptation to Climate Change and Resilience in the Montenegrin Mountain Areas-Gora | IFAD | 10000000 | 1942373 | 07/05/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Morocco | Climate changes adaptation project in oasis zones - PACC-ZO | ADA | 9970000 | 9970000 | 04/10/2015 | Under Implementation |
| Myanmar | Addressing Climate Change Risks on Water Resources and Food Security in the Dry Zone of Myanmar | UNDP | 7909026 | 7909026 | 02/27/2014 | Project Closed |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Namibia | Pilot rural desalination plants using renewable power and membrane technology | DRFN | 4999674 | 4999674 | 10/13/2017 | Project Closed |
| Nauru | Resilient Coastal Fisheries and Aquaculture in Nauru | SPCNC | 7999493 | 837939 | 03/24/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Nepal | Adapting to Climate Induced Threats to Food Production and Food Security in the Karnali Region of Nepal | UNWFP | 9527160 | 9527160 | 04/01/2015 | Project Closed |
| Nicaragua | Reduction of Risks and Vulnerability Based on Flooding and Droughts in the Estero Real Watershed | UNDP | 5500950 | 5500950 | 12/15/2010 | Project Closed |
| Nicaragua | Climate Resilience and Livelihoods in the Nicaraguan Dry Corridor (CRLNDC) | UNWFP | 10000000 | | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Niger | Enhancing Resilience of Agriculture to Climate Change to Support Food Security in Niger, through Modern Irrigation Techniques | BOAD | 9911000 | 5779000 | 07/05/2016 | Under Implementation |
| Pakistan | Reducing Risks and Vulnerabilities from Glacier Lake Outburst Floods in Northern Pakistan | UNDP | 3906000 | 3906000 | 12/15/2010 | Project Closed |
| Pakistan | Enhance community, local and national-level urban climate change resilience to water scarcity, caused by floods and droughts in Rawalpindi and Nowshera, Pakistan | UNHAB | 6094000 | 2868775 | 06/01/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Panama | Adapting to climate change through integrated water management in Panama | FNCO | 9967559 | 9967559 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Papua New Guinea | Enhancing adaptive capacity of communities to climate change-related floods in the North Coast and Islands Region of Papua New Guinea | UNDP | 6530373 | 6530373 | 03/16/2012 | Project Closed |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Papua New Guinea | "Adaptation of Small-Scale Agriculture for Improved Food Security of Resilient Communities in Papua New Guinea (ASSA) | SPCNC | 10000000 | 1095452 | 03/24/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Paraguay | Ecosystem Based Approaches for Reducing the Vulnerability of Food Security to the Impacts of Climate Change in the Chaco region of Paraguay | UNEP | 7128450 | 2479357 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Peru | AYNINACUY: Strengthening the livelihoods of vulnerable highland communities in the provinces of Arequipa, Caylloma, Condesuyos, Castilla and La Union in the Region of Arequipa, Peru | CAFVE | 2941446 | 2941446 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Peru | Adaptation to the Impacts of Climate Change on Peru's Coastal Marine Ecosystems and Fisheries | PROFOP E | 6950239 | 6950239 | 03/18/2016 | Under Implementation |
| Peru | Fund for Innovative Adaptation in vulnerable ecosystems in North of Perú (Ancash, Cajamarca, Lambayeque and San Martin y Loreto) | PROFOP E | 5000000 | 709807 | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Peru | Implementing Protection Technologies to Foster the Resilience of Aquaculture in the Regions of Huanuco, Junin, and Puno to Strengthen Food Security in the Context of Extreme Events Associated with Climate Change | CAFVE | 5361666 | | 10/13/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁵⁶ | Integrated climate-resilient transboundary flood risk management in the Drin River basin in the Western Balkans | UNDP | 9927750 | 9011537 | 03/15/2019 | Under Implementation |

⁵⁶ Albania, Montenegro, North Macedonia

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Regional ⁵⁷ | Resilience building as climate change adaptation in drought-struck South-western African communities | OSS | 11941038 | 7674000 | 07/26/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁵⁸ | Climate change adaptation in vulnerable coastal cities and ecosystems of the Uruguay River | CAFVE | 13999996 | 12599997 | 07/15/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁵⁹ | Use of Nature-based Solutions to Increase Resilience to Extreme Climate Events in the Atlantic Region of Central America | CABEI | 13248121 | 1213000 | 07/28/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁶⁰ | Scaling-up Climate-resilient Rice Production in West Africa | OSS | 14000000 | 3569250 | 10/21/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁶¹ | Integrating Flood and Drought Management and Early Warning for Climate Change Adaptation in the Volta Basin | WMO | 7920000 | 7920000 | 10/12/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁶² | Promoting Climate-Smart Agriculture in West Africa | BOAD | 14000000 | 12282000 | 07/16/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁶³ | Integration of climate change adaptation measures in the concerted management of the WAP transboundary complex: ADAPT-WAP | OSS | 11536200 | 9255450 | 07/15/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁶⁴ | Adapting to Climate Change in Lake Victoria Basin | UNEP | 5000000 | 5000000 | 07/05/2017 | Under Implementation |

⁵⁷ Angola, Namibia

⁵⁸ Argentina, Uruguay

⁵⁹ Belize, Guatemala, Honduras

⁶⁰ Benin, Burkina Faso, Cote d'Ivoire, Gambia, The, Ghana, Guinea, Liberia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Togo

⁶¹ Benin, Burkina Faso, Cote d'Ivoire, Ghana, Mali, Togo

⁶² Benin, Burkina Faso, Ghana, Niger, Togo

⁶³ Benin, Burkina Faso, Niger

⁶⁴ Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Regional ⁶⁵ | West and Central Africa Small Island Developing States Adapt – Building Resilience of Agricultural Systems to Climate Change | IFAD | 14000000 | 1294136 | 03/24/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁶⁶ | Groundwater Resources in the Greater Mekong Subregion: Collaborative Management to Increase Climate Change Resilience | UNESCO | 4898775 | 535000 | 07/28/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁶⁷ | Strengthening Resilience to Climate and Covid-19 Shocks through Integrated Water Management on the Sudan – Chad Border area (SCCIWM) | FAO | 14000000 | | 04/08/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁶⁸ | Enhancing adaptive capacity of Andean communities through climate services | WMO | 7432250 | 6688800 | 07/08/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁶⁹ | Reducing climate vulnerability and flood risk in coastal urban and semi urban areas in cities in Latin America | CAFVE | 13910400 | 12364523 | 07/16/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁷⁰ | Building adaptive capacity through food and nutrition security and peacebuilding actions in vulnerable Afro and indigenous communities in the Colombia-Ecuador border area | UNWFP | 14000000 | 14000000 | 07/05/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁷¹ | Building Urban Climate Resilience in South-eastern Africa | UNHAB | 13997423 | 13997423 | 07/15/2019 | Under Implementation |

⁶⁵ Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Sao Tome and Principe

⁶⁶ Cambodia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Thailand, Vietnam

⁶⁷ Chad, Sudan

⁶⁸ Chile, Colombia, Peru

⁶⁹ Chile, Ecuador

⁷⁰ Colombia, Ecuador

⁷¹ Comoros, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Regional ⁷² | Improved resilience of coastal communities in Côte d'Ivoire and Ghana | UNHAB | 13991159 | 3122324 | 08/28/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁷³ | Strengthening drought resilience of small holder farmers and pastoralists in the IGAD region | OSS | 13079540 | 10200000 | 10/11/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁷⁴ | Strengthening the Adaptive Capacities of Climate-Vulnerable Communities in the Goascorán Watershed of El Salvador and Honduras through Integrated Community-Based Adaptation Practices and Services | UNWFP | 12048300 | 2046280 | 10/14/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁷⁵ | Agricultural Climate Resilience Enhancement Initiative (ACREI) | WMO | 6800000 | 6800000 | 03/17/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁷⁶ | Strengthening Resilience of Vulnerable Communities in Sri Lanka and India to Increased Impacts of Climate Change | UNWFP | 13995524 | 2138450 | 03/13/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Regional ⁷⁷ | Increasing the resilience of both displaced persons and host communities to climate change-related water challenges in Jordan and Lebanon | UNHAB | 13973509 | 12637189 | 03/11/2021 | Under Implementation |

⁷² Cote d'Ivoire, Ghana

⁷³ Djibouti, Kenya, Sudan, Uganda

⁷⁴ El Salvador, Honduras

⁷⁵ Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda

⁷⁶ India, Sri Lanka

⁷⁷ Jordan, Lebanon

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
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| Regional ⁷⁸ | Reducing vulnerabilities of populations in the Central Asia region from glacier lake outburst floods in changing climate | UNESCO | 6500000 | 4922732 | 10/15/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁷⁹ | Restoring marine ecosystem services by rehabilitating coral reefs to meet a changing climate future | UNDP | 10000000 | 7691571 | 10/12/2018 | Under Implementation |
| Regional ⁸⁰ | Mekong EbA South: Enhancing Climate Resilience in the Greater Mekong Subregion through Ecosystem based Adaptation in the Context of South-South Cooperation | UNEP | 7000000 | 834690 | 03/11/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Rwanda | Reducing Vulnerability to Climate Change in North West Rwanda through Community based adaptation. | MOE, Rwanda | 9969619 | 9969619 | 11/01/2013 | Project Closed |
| Rwanda | Rwanda Subnational Adaptation Fund EDA | MOE, Rwanda | 4998812 | 226936 | 10/14/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Samoa | Enhancing Resilience of Samoa's Coastal Communities to Climate Change | UNDP | 8732351 | 8732351 | 12/14/2011 | Project Closed |
| Senegal | Adaptation to Coastal Erosion in Vulnerable Areas | CSE | 8619000 | 8619000 | 09/17/2010 | Project Closed |
| Senegal | Reducing vulnerability and increasing resilience of coastal communities in the Saloum Islands (Dionewar and Fadiol) | CSE | 1351000 | 1351000 | 07/05/2017 | Under Implementation |
| Seychelles | Ecosystem Based Adaptation to Climate Change in Seychelles | UNDP | 6455750 | 6455750 | 02/20/2014 | Project Closed |

⁷⁸ Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan

⁷⁹ Mauritius, Seychelles

⁸⁰ Thailand, Vietnam

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Sierra Leone | Promoting Climate Resilience in the Cocoa and Rice Sectors as an Adaptation Strategy in Sierra Leone | IFAD | 9916925 | 6358317 | 07/08/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Solomon Islands | Enhancing resilience of communities in Solomon Islands to the adverse effects of climate change in agriculture and food security | UNDP | 5533500 | 5533500 | 03/18/2011 | Project Closed |
| Solomon Islands | Enhancing urban resilience to climate change impacts and natural disasters: Honiara | UNHAB | 4395877 | 2202550 | 10/10/2017 | Under Implementation |
| South Africa | Building Resilience in the greater uMngeni Catchment, South Africa | SANBI | 7495055 | 7495055 | 10/10/2014 | Project Closed |
| South Africa | Taking adaptation to the ground: A small Grants Facility for enabling local-level responses to climate change | SANBI | 2442682 | 2442682 | 10/09/2015 | Project Closed |
| Sri Lanka | Addressing Climate Change Impacts on Marginalized Agricultural Communities Living in the Mahaweli River Basin of Sri Lanka | UNWFP | 7989727 | 7989727 | 12/14/2012 | Project Closed |
| Sri Lanka | Build Resilience to Climate Change and Climate Variability of Vulnerable Communities in Mullaitivu District of Sri Lanka | UNHAB | 2000000 | 1032591 | 03/13/2023 | Under Implementation |
| St. Lucia | Building Resilience for Adaptation to Climate Change and Climate Vulnerabilities in Agriculture | CDB | 9858570 | 4271552 | 07/08/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Syrian Arab Republic | Increasing the climate change resilience of communities in Eastern Ghouta in Rural Damascus to water scarcity challenges through integrated natural resource management and immediate adaptation interventions | UNHAB | 9997156 | 9997156 | 04/08/2021 | Under Implementation |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Tajikistan | An integrated landscape approach to enhancing the climate resilience of small-scale farmers and pastoralists in Tajikistan | UNDP | 9996441 | 8136171 | 07/08/2019 | Under Implementation |
| Tanzania | Implementation Of Concrete Adaptation Measures To Reduce Vulnerability Of Livelihood and Economy Of Coastal Communities In Tanzania | UNEP | 5008564 | 5008564 | 12/14/2011 | Project Closed |
| Tanzania | Bunda Climate Resilience and Adaptation Project | NEMC | 1400000 | 1157870 | 04/08/2021 | Under Implementation |
| Tanzania | Enhancing Climate Change Adaptation for Agro-Pastoral Communities in Kongwa District | NEMC | 1200000 | 848030 | 06/01/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Tanzania | Strategic Water Harvesting Technologies for Enhancing Resilience to Climate Change in Rural Communities in Semi-Arid Areas of Tanzania (SWAHAT) | NEMC | 1280000 | 815728 | 09/23/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Tanzania | Enhancing Climate Change Resilience of Coastal Communities of Zanzibar | NEMC | 1000000 | 798600 | 06/01/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Trinidad and Tobago | Multisectoral Adaptation Measures to Climate Change in the South Oropouche River Basin for Flood Relief | CAFVE | 10000000 | 1951402 | 04/08/2022 | Under Implementation |
| Tunisia | Economic, Social and Solidarity Insertion for Resilience in the Governorate of Kairouan - IESS-Adapt | IFAD | 9997190 | 4732898 | 06/01/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Turkmenistan | Addressing climate change risks to farming systems in Turkmenistan at national and community level | UNDP | 2929500 | 2929500 | 06/22/2011 | Project Closed |
| Uganda | Enhancing resilience of communities to climate change through catchment-based | OSS | 7751000 | 7751000 | 07/05/2016 | Under Implementation |

| <i>Party</i> | <i>Project</i> | <i>IE</i> | <i>Approved amount (US\$)</i> | <i>Amount transferred (US\$)</i> | <i>Approval date</i> | <i>Project status</i> |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | integrated management of water and related resources in Uganda | | | | | |
| Uganda | Enhancing Community Adaptation to Climate Change through Climate Resilient Flood Early Warning, Catchment Management and Wash Technologies in Mpologoma Catchment, Uganda | MWE | 9504600 | 1931900 | 10/14/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Uganda | Enhancing Resilience to Climate-Induced Flooding and Drought through the Deployment of a Water-Filled Barrier | MWE | 250000 | 250000 | 04/08/2022 | Proposal Approved |
| Uruguay | Building resilience to climate change and variability in vulnerable smallholders | ANIIUY | 9967678 | 9967678 | 12/14/2011 | Project Closed |
| Uruguay | Increasing socio-ecological resilience in the Uruguayan coastal zone and strengthening the adaptive capacity of its infrastructure: REACC COSTAS | CAFVE | 10000000 | | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Uzbekistan | Developing Climate Resilience of Farming Communities in the drought prone parts of UZBEKISTAN | UNDP | 5415103 | 5415103 | 02/10/2014 | Project Closed |
| Vietnam | Enhancing the resilience inclusive and sustainable eco-human settlement development through small scale infrastructure interventions in the coastal regions of the Mekong Delta | UNHAB | 6345292 | 5001188 | 06/01/2020 | Under Implementation |
| Vietnam | Innovative Financial Incentives for Adaptation in Wetland Livelihoods (IFIA) | IFAD | 5000000 | 1614604 | 03/24/2023 | Proposal Approved |
| Zimbabwe | Strengthening local communities' adaptive capacity and resilience to climate change through sustainable groundwater utilisation in Zimbabwe | UNESCO | 5000000 | 409792 | 04/08/2021 | Under Implementation |

| Party | Project | IE | Approved amount (US\$) | Amount transferred (US\$) | Approval date | Project status |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Zimbabwe | Enhancing Resilience of Communities and Ecosystems in the Face of a Changing Climate in Arid and Semi-Arid Areas of Zimbabwe | EMA | 4989000 | 1434800 | 04/19/2024 | Proposal Approved |
| Total | 176 | | 1.218.50 | 769.29 | | |

Note: This table does not include projects that have not yet received project approval, including (1) projects that have been submitted for approval, but not (yet) approved, (2) AFB-endorsed concepts and pre-concepts and (3) other submissions that are at the concept or pre-concept stage (i.e. have not yet been endorsed).

Table 1b: Status of the active portfolio of approved innovation small grant projects/programmes by the Board as of 30 June 2024

| Party | Project | IE | Approved amount (US\$) | Amount transferred (US\$) | Approval date | Project status |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Armenia | Engaging Future Leaders: Digital Education Module on Adaptation Challenges and Best Practices for Youth | EPIU | 231 250 | 231 250 | 11 Oct. 2019 | Under implementation |
| Chile | Water Security: Improving Water Access during Emergency Situations in San Antonio Province, Region Valparaíso | AGCI | 230 000 | 230 000 | 11 Oct. 2019 | Under implementation |
| Dominican Republic | Strengthening of a Replicable Micro Ecosystem of Accelerated Technological Innovation for Adaptation and Mitigation to Climate Change in Dominican Republic through the Development of a Pilot Thermo Solar Desalination Appropriate Technology | IDDI | 249 929 | 249 929 | 23 Sept. 2020 | Proposal approved |
| Antigua and Barbuda | Innovative technologies for improved water availability to increase food security in Antigua and Barbuda | DOE | 250 000 | 250 000 | 23 Dec. 2020 | Proposal approved |

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Bhutan | Building Adaptive Capacity through Innovative Management of Pests/Disease and Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in Bhutan to Enhance Sustainable Agro-Biodiversity and Livelihoods | BTFEC | 250 000 | 250 000 | 21 Oct. 2021an | Proposal approved |
| Uganda | Enhancing Resilience to Climate-Induced Flooding and Drought through the Deployment of a Water-Filled Barrier | MOWE | 250 000 | 250 000 | 8 April 2022 | Proposal approved |
| Indonesia | Developing “Climate Smart Community” System to Increase Climate Resilience for Saddang Watershed Communities | Kemitraan | 250 000 | 250 000 | 24 March 2023 | Under implementation |
| Indonesia | Towards Climate and Economic Resilience: Development Sustainable Adaptation-based of Coffee Village and Tourism Village through Co-production Social Forestry | Kemitraan | 250 000 | 250 000 | 24 March 2023 | Under implementation |
| Total | | | 1 961 179 | 1 961 179 | | |

Table 2: Breakdown of the status of the active portfolio of approved projects/programmes (regular/large and small innovation grants/EDA) by the Board as of 30 June 2024

| Status | Number of projects/programmes | Total value (US\$) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Not started | 37 | 279991970.00 |
| Under implementation | 97 | 678700897.00 |
| Completed | 42 | 259805901.20 |
| Overall portfolio | 176 | 1218498768.20 |

Table 3: Active pipeline: Single-country proposal, regional proposals and MST grants that had been submitted to the Adaptation Fund between 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2024 but not yet approved by the AFB nor cancelled by the proponent by the end of that period.⁸¹

| List of fully-developed proposals not approved as of 30 June 2024 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Country | IE | Submission date | Grant Size, US\$ | Grant Category | Sector |
| Regional | UN-Habitat | 08/04/2023 | 14,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Disaster Risk Reduction and Early Warning Systems |
| Regional | World Meteorological Organization | 01/22/2024 | 10,755,000 | Regular Size Project | Disaster Risk Reduction and Early Warning Systems |
| Zambia | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 01/15/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Agriculture |
| Bangladesh | Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF) of Bangladesh | 05/22/2024 | 5,000,000 | Innovation Large Project | Water Management |
| Panama | Fundacion Natura | 01/19/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Coastal Management |
| Benin | National Fund for Environment and Climate | 06/13/2024 | 3,053,742 | Regular Size Project | Food Security |
| Peru | Peruvian Trust Fund for National Parks and Protected Areas | 06/27/2024 | 4,746,620 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |

⁸¹ Funding request amounts as in the latest submission of the proposal. Only proposals that had been endorsed by the government of the prospective recipient country are included.

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Philippines | United Nations Industrial Development Organization | 06/25/2024 | 7,356,680 | Regular Size Project | Water Management |
| Pakistan | International Center for Integrated Mountain Development | 06/25/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Rwanda | Ministry of Environment, Rwanda | 07/21/2023 | 10,622,560 | Regular Size Project | Rural Development |
| Regional (Cuba, Panama) | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 01/08/2024 | 13,999,500 | Regular Size Project | Food Security |
| Uganda | Ministry of Water and Environment, Uganda | 05/29/2024 | 5,000,000 | Innovation Large Project | Energy |
| Azerbaijan | UN-Habitat | 06/11/2024 | 9,999,995 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Rwanda | Ministry of Environment, Rwanda | 03/07/2024 | 9,850,000 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Sub Total US\$ 124 384 097 | | | | | |

| List of concept notes endorsed as of 30 June 2024 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Country | IE | Submission date | Grant Size, US\$ | Grant Category | Sector |
| Regional (Costa Rica, Panama) | UN Environment Programme | 01/08/2024 | 12,100,000 | Regular Size Project | DRR and EWS |
| Argentina | Development Bank of Latin America | 12/07/2023 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Indonesia | Partnership for Governance Reform (Kemitraan) of Indonesia | 11/09/2023 | 970,503 | Small Size Project | Coastal Management |
| Indonesia | Partnership for Governance Reform (Kemitraan) of Indonesia | 11/08/2023 | 960,225 | Small Size Project | Rural Development |
| Mexico | Mexican Institute of Water Technology | 10/30/2023 | 8,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Water Management |
| Regional (Angola, Namibia) | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 08/10/2023 | 14,000,000 | Regular Size Project | DRR and EWS |
| Regional (Bangladesh, Nepal) | World Meteorological Organization | 10/10/2023 | 12,090,000 | Regular Size Project | DRR and EWS |
| Burundi | UN Environment Programme | 01/30/2024 | 5,000,000 | Innovation Large Project | Multi-Sector |
| Honduras | Comisión Acción Social Menonita | 06/27/2024 | 3,999,999 | Regular Size Project | Agriculture |
| Armenia | Environmental Project Implementation Unit | 10/03/2023 | 4,760,000 | LLA Single Country | Multi-Sector |

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Cote d'Ivoire | The Interprofessional Fund for Agricultural Research | 11/14/2023 | 4,950,000 | LLA Single Country | Rural Development |
| Armenia | Environmental Project Implementation Unit | 02/02/2024 | 4,472,630 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Uzbekistan | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 12/07/2023 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Agriculture |
| Regional (Antigua and Barbuda, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Vincent and the Grenadines) | Caribbean Development Bank | 01/25/2024 | 13,999,520 | Regular Size Project | Food Security |
| Subtotal US\$105,302,887 | | | | | |

| List of concept notes non-endorsed as of 30 June 2024 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Country | IE | Submission date | Grant Size, US\$ | Grant Category | Sector |
| Regional (El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras) | UN Environment Programme | 02/19/2024 | 14,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Disaster Risk Reduction and Early Warning Systems |
| Tunisia | UN World Food Programme | 03/28/2024 | 9,999,469 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Indonesia | Partnership for Governance Reform (Kemitraan) of Indonesia | 11/08/2023 | 979,948 | Small Size Project | Multi-Sector |

| | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Indonesia | Partnership for Governance Reform (Kemitraan) of Indonesia | 11/08/2023 | 909,128 | Small Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Bolivia | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 06/10/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Agriculture |
| Lebanon | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 12/19/2023 | 4,300,000 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Malawi | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 12/22/2023 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Agriculture |
| Albania | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 01/08/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Ecosystem-Based Adaptation |
| Somalia | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 06/10/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Botswana | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 01/15/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Multi-Sector |
| Zimbabwe | Environmental Management Agency of Zimbabwe | 05/15/2024 | 9,050,000 | Regular Size Project | Agriculture |
| St. Kitts and Nevis | Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre | 05/23/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Costal Management |
| Regional (Bolivia, Ecuador, Peru) | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 06/14/2024 | 14,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Food Security |

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Eswatini | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 06/25/2024 | 10,000,000 | Regular Size Project | Ecosystem-Based Adaptation |
| Papua New Guinea | Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme | 06/27/2024 | 3,459,267 | Regular Size Project | Water Management |
| Subtotal total US 126,697,812 | | | | | |

| List of pre-concept notes endorsed as of 30 June 2024 | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Country | IE | Submission date | Grant Size, US\$ | Grant Category | Sector |
| Regional | United Nations Industrial Development Organization | 08/21/2023 | 13,779,500 | Regular Size Project | Food Security |
| Regional | World Health Organization | 01/14/2024 | 13,920,000 | Regular Size Project | DRR and EWS |
| Subtotal US\$ 27,669,500 | | | | | |
| List of pre-concept notes not endorsed as of 30 June 2024 | | | | | |
| Country | IE | Submission date | Grant Size, US\$ | Grant Category | Sector |
| Regional | UN Environment Programme | 06/10/2024 | 11,570,000 | Regular Size Project | Food Security |
| Regional | International Fund Agricultural Dev | 05/06/2024 | 11,677,426 | Regular Size Project | DRR and EWS |
| Subtotal US\$ 27,999,700 | | | | | |
| Grand total of active pipeline US\$ 412,053,996 | | | | | |

Table 4: Single-country and regional proposals submissions received by the Adaptation Fund Board during the reporting period

Note: This table covers all the submissions for single-country and regional proposals, including re-submissions of individual proposals.

| Single-country and regional proposals submissions received by the Adaptation Fund Board during the reporting period | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Number submitted by NIEs | Total value (US\$) | Number submitted by RIEs | Total value (US\$) | Number submitted by MIEs | Total value (US\$) | Total number submitted | Total value (US\$) |
| Single-country projects and programmes | | | | | | | | |
| Concept submitted, not endorsed | 1 | 9,050,000 | 2 | 13,459,267 | 8 | 74,299,469 | 11 | 97,808,736 |
| Concept submitted, endorsed | 2 | 12,472,630 | 1 | 10,000,000 | 1 | 10,000,000 | 4 | 32,472,630 |
| Full proposal submitted, not approved | 5 | 38,272,922 | - | - | 4 | 37,356,675 | 9 | 75,629,597 |
| Regional projects and programmes | | | | | | | | |
| Pre-concept submitted, not endorsed | - | - | - | - | 2 | 27,999,700 | 2 | 27,999,700 |
| Pre-concept submitted, endorsed | - | - | - | - | 2 | 27,699,500 | 2 | 27,699,500 |
| Concept submitted, not endorsed | - | - | - | - | 2 | 28,000,000 | 2 | 28,000,000 |
| Concept submitted, endorsed | - | - | 1 | 13,999,520 | 3 | 38,190,000 | 4 | 52,189,520 |
| Full proposal submitted, not approved | - | - | - | - | 3 | 38,754,500 | 3 | 38,754,500 |
| Total | 8 | 59,795,552 | 4 | 37,458,787 | 25 | 282,299,844 | 37 | 374,478,813 |

Appendix 3: Projects Submitting PPRs and Implementation Progress (IP) Ratings⁸²

| Country | Implementing Entity | Cumulative Disbursements | PPR1 Rating | PPR2 Rating | PPR3 Rating | PPR4 Rating | PPR5 Rating | PPR6 Rating | PPR7 Rating | PPR8 Rating | PPR9 Rating | PPR10 Rating |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Antigua and Barbuda | ABED | 9,509,250 | MS | MS | MS | | | | | | | |
| Argentina | IBRD | 4,296,817 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Argentina | DIPROSE | 5,640,000 | S | MS | S | S | | | | | | |
| Armenia | EPIU | 1,435,100 | S | S | HS | | | | | | | |
| Armenia | EPIU | 2,560,000 | MS | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Bangladesh | UNDP | 2,588,075 | MS | | | | | | | | | |
| Belize | IBRD | 6,000,000 | S | MS | S | S | S | | | | | |
| Cambodia | UNEP | 4,954,273 | S | S | S | S | HS | S | S | | | |
| Cambodia | UN-HABITAT | 4,558,846 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Chile | AGCI | 9,960,000 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Colombia | UNDP | 8,518,307 | MS | | MS | S | S | HS | | | | |
| Congo, Republic of | UNWFP | 5,102,148 | MU | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Cook Islands | UNDP | 5,381,600 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Cook Islands | MFEM | 2,999,125 | MS | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Costa Rica | FUNDECOOPERACIÓN | 9,970,000 | S | S | S | S | S | | | | | |
| Cuba | UNDP | 6,067,320 | S | MS | | MS | HS | | | | | |
| Djibouti | UNDP | 4,658,556 | S | MS | S | MS | | | | | | |
| Djibouti | IFAD | 2,902,375 | MS | S | | | | | | | | |

⁸² Rating scale: Highly Satisfactory (HS), Satisfactory (S), Moderately Satisfactory (MS), Moderately Unsatisfactory. (MU), Unsatisfactory (U), and Highly Unsatisfactory(HU).

| Country | Implementing Entity | Cumulative Disbursements | PPR1 Rating | PPR2 Rating | PPR3 Rating | PPR4 Rating | PPR5 Rating | PPR6 Rating | PPR7 Rating | PPR8 Rating | PPR9 Rating | PPR10 Rating |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Dominican Republic | IDDI | 9,953,692 | S | S | HS | HS | | | | | | |
| Ecuador | UNWFP | 7,449,468 | MU | MS | S | S | | | | | | |
| Egypt, Arab Republic of⁸³ | UNWFP | 6,904,318 | HS | HS | HS | HS | HS | HS | | | | |
| Egypt, Arab Republic of⁸⁴ | UNWFP | 3,094,962 | MU | MU | | | | | | | | |
| El Salvador | UNDP | 3,556,591 | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Eritrea | UNDP | 6,520,850 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Ethiopia | MOFEC | 9,987,910 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Fiji | UN-HABITAT | 1,797,380 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Georgia | UNDP | 5,316,500 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Georgia | IFAD | 3,755,531 | MS | U | | | | | | | | |
| Ghana | UNDP | 8,293,972 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Guatemala | UNDP | 5,425,000 | S | S | S | HS | | | | | | |
| Guinea-Bissau | BOAD | 7,752,000 | MS | MU | | | | | | | | |
| Haiti | UNESCO | 5,915,279 | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Honduras⁸⁵ | UNDP | 5,620,300 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Honduras⁸⁶ | UNDP | 4,379,700 | S | MS | MS | MS | | | | | | |
| India⁸⁷ | NABARD | 1,344,155 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| India⁸⁸ | NABARD | 895,240 | S | S | | | | | | | | |

83 Project in Egypt "Building resilient food security systems to benefit the Southern Egypt region"

84 Project in Egypt "Building resilient food security systems to benefit the Southern Egypt region – Phase 2"

85 Project in Honduras "Addressing Climate Change Risks on Water Resources in Honduras: Increased Systemic Resilience and Reduced Vulnerability of the Urban Poor"

86 Project in Honduras "Ecosystem-Based Adaptation at Communities of the Central Forest Corridor in Tegucigalpa"

87 Project in Rajasthan and Tamil Nadu.

88 Project in Madhya Pradesh.

| Country | Implementing Entity | Cumulative Disbursements | PPR1 Rating | PPR2 Rating | PPR3 Rating | PPR4 Rating | PPR5 Rating | PPR6 Rating | PPR7 Rating | PPR8 Rating | PPR9 Rating | PPR10 Rating |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| India ⁸⁹ | NABARD | 2,510,854 | S | S | S | S | S | | | | | |
| India ⁹⁰ | NABARD | 689,264 | S | S | S | HS | | | | | | |
| India ⁹¹ | NABARD | 969,570 | MS | S | S | | | | | | | |
| India ⁹² | NABARD | 2,556,093 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Indonesia ⁹³ | KEMITRAAN | 835,465 | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Indonesia ⁹⁴ | KEMITRAAN | 1,125,015 | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Iraq | IFAD | 1,300,800 | U | MU | | | | | | | | |
| Jamaica | PIOJ | 9,965,000 | MS | MS | MS | S | MS | MS | S | S | S | MS |
| Jordan | MOPIC | 9,226,000 | MS | MS | MS | MS | MS | S | | | | |
| Kenya | NEMA | 9,998,302 | S | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic ⁹⁵ | UN-HABITAT | 3,920,648 | S | S | S | HS | | | | | | |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic ⁹⁶ | UN-HABITAT | 5,153,876 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Lebanon | IFAD | 6,863,315 | MU | U | MS | | | | | | | |
| Lesotho | UNWFP | 9999894 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Liberia | IFAD | 3,517,727 | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Madagascar | UNEP | 5,104,925 | MS | MS | MU | MS | MS | MS | | | | |
| Malawi | UNWFP | 8,629,550 | HS | S | S | | | | | | | |

89 Project in West Bengal.

90 Project in Himalayan region.

91 Project in the Kanha-Pench Corridor of Madhya Pradesh.

92 Project in the Kanha-Pench Corridor of Madhya Pradesh.

93 Community Adaptation for Forest-Food Based Management in Saddang Watershed Ecosystem

94 Project in Indonesia "Adapting to climate change through sustainable integrated watershed governance in Indigenous People of Ammatoa Kajang customary area in Bulukumba regency, South Sulawesi province

95 Project in Lao PDR « Enhancing the climate and disaster resilience of the most vulnerable rural and emerging urban human settlements in Lao PDR

96 Project in Lao PDR "Building climate and disaster resilience capacities of vulnerable small towns in Lao PDR

| Country | Implementing Entity | Cumulative Disbursements | PPR1 Rating | PPR2 Rating | PPR3 Rating | PPR4 Rating | PPR5 Rating | PPR6 Rating | PPR7 Rating | PPR8 Rating | PPR9 Rating | PPR10 Rating |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Maldives | UNDP | 8,989,225 | MS | MU | MU | | | | | | | |
| Mali | UNDP | 8,533,348 | U | S | S | S | S | | | | | |
| Mauritania | UNWFP | 7,803,605 | S | S | | S | S | | | | | |
| Mauritius | UNDP | 9,119,240 | S | S | S | MS | S | S | | | | |
| Micronesia, Federated States of ⁹⁷ | SPREP | 5,903,581 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Micronesia, Federated States of ⁹⁸ | MCT | 970,000 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Moldova | IFAD | 2,324,377 | MS | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Mongolia | UNDP | 5,500,000 | S | S | S | S | S | | | | | |
| Mongolia | UN-HABITAT | 4,495,235 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Morocco | ADA | 9,970,000 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Myanmar | UNDP | 7,909,026 | MU | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Namibia | DRFN | 4,999,674 | S | U | S | | | | | | | |
| Nepal | UNWFP | 9,527,160 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Nicaragua | UNDP | 5,500,950 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Niger | BOAD | 5,779,000 | MS | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Pakistan | UNDP | 3,906,000 | S | MS | HS | | | | | | | |
| Pakistan | UN-HABITAT | 2,868,775 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Panama | FUNDACIÓN NATURA | 9,967,559 | MS | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Papua New Guinea | UNDP | 6,530,373 | U | MS | S | | | | | | | |
| Paraguay | UNEP | 2,479,357 | MS | MU | | | | | | | | |

⁹⁷ Project in FSM "Enhancing the Climate Resilience of vulnerable island communities in Federated States of Micronesia"

⁹⁸ Project in FSM "Practical Solutions for Reducing Community Vulnerability to Climate Change in the Federated States of Micronesia"

| Country | Implementing Entity | Cumulative Disbursements | PPR1 Rating | PPR2 Rating | PPR3 Rating | PPR4 Rating | PPR5 Rating | PPR6 Rating | PPR7 Rating | PPR8 Rating | PPR9 Rating | PPR10 Rating |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Peru | CAF | 2,941,446 | MS | S | | | | | | | | |
| Peru | PROFONANPE | 6,950,239 | MU | MS | MS | | | | | | | |
| Albania, Macedonia, the former Yugoslav Republic of, Montenegro | UNDP | 9,011,537 | MS | MS | S | | | | | | | |
| Argentina, Uruguay | CAF | 12,599,997 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Benin, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, Mali, Togo | WMO | 7,920,000 | MS | MS | MS | | | | | | | |
| Benin, Burkina Faso, Ghana, Niger, Togo | BOAD | 5,664,000 | MU | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Benin, Burkina Faso, Niger | OSS | 5,048,450 | MS | | | | | | | | | |
| Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, United Republic of, Uganda | UNEP | 5,000,000 | MS | MS | S | | | | | | | |
| Chile, Colombia, Peru | WMO | 6,688,800 | MS | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Chile, Ecuador | CAF | 12,364,523 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Colombia, Ecuador | UNWFP | 14,000,000 | S | S | MS | MS | S | | | | | |
| Comoros, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique | UN-HABITAT | 13,997,423 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Djibouti, Kenya, Sudan, Uganda | OSS | 5,800,000 | MS | | | | | | | | | |
| Gambia, The | UNWFP | 3,124,586 | | S | | | | | | | | |
| Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda | WMO | 6,800,000 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Global (Special Financing Window in Support of Innovation for Adaptation) | UNEP | 4,467,500 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Global (Adaptation Fund Innovation Small Grant Aggregator Platform) | UNDP | 5,000,000 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Jordan, Lebanon | UN-HABITAT | 12,637,189 | MS | S | | | | | | | | |
| Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan | UNESCO | 4,922,732 | S | S | | | | | | | | |
| Mauritius, Seychelles | UNDP | 7691571 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Rwanda | MOE | 9,969,619 | S | S | S | HS | | | | | | |

| Country | Implementing Entity | Cumulative Disbursements | PPR1 Rating | PPR2 Rating | PPR3 Rating | PPR4 Rating | PPR5 Rating | PPR6 Rating | PPR7 Rating | PPR8 Rating | PPR9 Rating | PPR10 Rating |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Samoa | UNDP | 8,732,351 | U | U | S | | | | | | | |
| Senegal⁹⁹ | CSE | 8,619,000 | S | S | S | S | S | S | | | | |
| Senegal¹⁰⁰ | CSE | 1,351,000 | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Seychelles | UNDP | 6,455,750 | MU | S | S | MS | MS | S | S | | | |
| Sierra Leone | IFAD | 6,358,317 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| Solomon Islands¹⁰¹ | UNDP | 5,533,500 | MU | S | MS | S | | | | | | |
| Solomon Islands¹⁰² | UN-HABITAT | 2,202,550 | S | S | S | | | | | | | |
| South Africa¹⁰³ | SANBI | 7,495,055 | MS | S | MS | MU | U | S | | | | |
| South Africa¹⁰⁴ | SANBI | 2,442,682 | MS | S | MS | S | S | | | | | |
| Sri Lanka | UNWFP | 7,989,727 | MS | U | MS | S | S | S | | | | |
| Syrian Arab Republic | UN-HABITAT | 9,997,156 | MS | | | | | | | | | |
| Tajikistan | UNDP | 8,136,171 | S | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Tanzania | UNEP | 5,008,564 | MU | MU | MS | S | | S | S | | | |
| Tanzania¹⁰⁵ | NEMC | 848,030 | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Tanzania¹⁰⁶ | NEMC | 815,728 | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Tunisia | IFAD | 4,732,898 | | MS | | | | | | | | |
| Turkmenistan | UNDP | 2,929,500 | MU | MS | S | S | | | | | | |

99 Project in Senegal "Adaptation to Coastal Erosion in Vulnerable Areas"

100 Project in Senegal "Reducing vulnerability and increasing resilience of coastal communities in the Saloum Islands (Dionewar and Fadia)"

101 Project in Solomon Islands "Enhancing resilience of communities in Solomon Islands to the adverse effects of climate change in agriculture and food security"

102 Project in Solomon Islands "Enhancing urban resilience to climate change impacts and natural disasters: Honiara"

103 Project in South Africa related to Greater uMngeni Catchment.

104 Project in South Africa related to Small Grants Facility (SGF)

105 Enhancing Climate Change Adaptation for Agro-Pastoral Communities in Kongwa District

106 Strategic Water Harvesting Technologies for Enhancing Resilience to Climate Change in Rural Communities in Semi-Arid Areas of Tanzania (SWAHAT)

| Country | Implementing Entity | Cumulative Disbursements | PPR1 Rating | PPR2 Rating | PPR3 Rating | PPR4 Rating | PPR5 Rating | PPR6 Rating | PPR7 Rating | PPR8 Rating | PPR9 Rating | PPR10 Rating |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Uganda | OSS | 7,751,000 | MS | MS | MS | S | | | | | | |
| Uruguay | ANII | 9,967,678 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | | | |
| Uzbekistan | UNDP | 5,415,103 | MS | S | MS | MS | S | | | | | |
| Vietnam | UN-HABITAT | 2,294,429 | S | | | | | | | | | |

Appendix 4: Requests received from Implementing Entities during FY 2024

Table 4.a: Regular requests for project changes

| | Country | Inception date | Project Status | Project title | Request | Amount/Scope | Status of Decision |
|----|-----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Chile, Colombia, Peru | 02/02/2021 | Under implementation | Enhancing adaptive capacity of Andean communities through climate services | Request for no cost extension of project completion date (WMO) | 18-months no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/15) 29 July 2024 |
| 2. | Guinea-Bissau | 01/22/2020 | Under implementation | Scaling up climate-smart agriculture in East Guinea-Bissau | Request for no cost extension of project completion date (BOAD) | 18-months no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/12) 5 July 2024 |
| 3. | Indonesia | 07/15/2021 | Under implementation | Safekeeping-Surviving-Sustaining towards Resilience: 3S Approach to Build Coastal City Resilience to Climate Change Impacts and Natural Disasters in Pekalongan City, Central Java Province | Request for approval of no-cost extension of project completion date (Kemitraan) | twelve-months no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/11) 5 July 2024 |
| 4. | Albania, Montenegro and North Macedonia | 10/22/2019 | Under implementation | Integrated climate-resilient transboundary flood risk management in the Drin River basin in the Western Balkans | Request for approval of no-cost extension of project completion date (UNDP) | twelve-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/10) 5 July 2024 |
| 5. | Fiji | 08/12/2018 | Under implementation | Increasing the resilience of informal urban settlements in Fiji that are highly vulnerable to climate change and disaster risks | Request for approval of no-cost extension of project completion date (UNHAB) | eighteen-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/9) 5 July 2024 |
| 6. | Solomon Island | 07/28/2018 | Under implementation | Enhancing urban resilience to climate change impacts and natural disasters: Honiara | Request for approval of no-cost extension of project | eighteen-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/8) 5 July 2024 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | | completion date (UNHAB) | | |
| 7. | Comoros, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique | 06/23/2020 | Under implementation | Building Urban Climate Resilience in South-Eastern Africa | Request for approval of no-cost extension of project completion date (UNHAB) | six-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/7) 5 July 2024 |
| 8. | Benin, Burkina Faso, Ghana, Niger, Togo | 11/17/2020 | Under implementation | Promoting Climate-Smart Agriculture in West Africa | Request for approval of no-cost extension of project completion date (BOAD) | eighteen-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/5) 30 May 2024 |
| 9. | Djibouti, Kenya, Sudan, Uganda | 10/10/2020 | Under implementation | Strengthening drought resilience for small holder farmers and pastoralists in the IGAD region countries | Request for approval of no-cost extension of project completion date (OSS) | eighteenth month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/4) 9 May 2024 |
| 10. | Benin, Burkina Faso, Niger | 04/21/2020 | Under implementation | Integration of climate change adaptation measures in the concerted management of the WAP transboundary complex: ADAPT-WAP | request for the provision of Direct Project Services (DPS) and no cost extension | eighteenth-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/3) 9 May 2024 |
| 11. | Tajikistan | 08/28/2021 | Under implementation | An integrated landscape approach to enhancing the climate resilience of small-scale farmers and pastoralists in Tajikistan | request for no-cost extension of project completion date (UNDP) | twelve-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/2) 9 May 2024 |
| 12. | Indonesia | 11/21/2022 | Under Implementation | EMBRACING THE SUN: Redefining Public Space as a Solution for the Effects of Global Climate Change in Indonesia's Urban Areas | Request for no-cost extension of project completion date (Kemitraan) | six-month no cost extension | Approved (Decision B.42-43/1) 9 May 2024 |
| 13. | Antigua and Barbuda | 08/01/2017 | Under Implementation | An integrated approach to physical adaptation and community resilience in Antigua and Barbuda's Northwest McKinnon's watershed | Request for no-cost extension of project completion date (ABED) | eight-month no-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.41-42/17) 1 March 2024 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| 14. | Federated States of Micronesia | 03/13/2018 | Under Implementation | Enhancing the Climate Resilience of Vulnerable Island Communities in Federated States of Micronesia | Request for no-cost extension of project completion date (SPREPWS) | eighteenth-month extension | Approved (Decision B.41-42/16) 1 March 2024 |
| 15. | Egypt | 09/20/2021 | Under Implementation | Building Resilient Food Security Systems to Benefit the Southern Egypt Region - Phase 2 | Request for a no-cost extension of project completion date (UNWFP) | twelve-month no-additional-cost extension | Approach (Decision B.41-42/15) 1 March 2024 |
| 16. | Jamaica | 09/20/2021 | Under Implementation | Enhancing the Resilience of the Agricultural Sector and Coastal Areas to Protect Livelihoods and Improve Food Security | Request for no-cost extension of project completion date (PIOJ) | fifteen-month extension | Approach (Decision B.41-42/13) |
| 17. | Ethiopia, Kenya and Uganda | 08/30/2018 | Under Implementation | Agricultural Climate Resilience Enhancement Initiative | Request for no-cost extension of project completion date (WMO) | six-month no-cost extension | Approach (Decision B.41-42/12) 15 February 2024 |
| 18. | Tajikistan | 08/28/2021 | Under Implementation | An integrated landscape approach to enhancing the climate resilience of small-scale farmers and pastoralists in Tajikistan | Request for no-cost extension of project completion date (UNDP) | Twelve month no-additional-cost extension | Approved (Decision B.41-42/9) |
| 19. | Micronesia, Federated States | 07/03/2018 | Under Implementation | Practical Solutions for Reducing Community Vulnerability to Climate Change in the Federated States of Micronesia | Request for no-cost extension of project completion date (MTC) | six-month extension | Approved (Decision B.41-42/8) |

Table 5.b: COVID-19 related requests for project changes received during the reporting period

| Period | Country | IE | Title | Original completion date | Revised completion date | Request | Reference number |
|-----------|----------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| AFB.41-42 | Lao PDR | UN-Habitat | Building climate and disaster resilience capacities of vulnerable small towns in Lao PDR | 4-Jun-24 | 4-Jun-25 | No cost extension of the project's completion date | 2024/027 |
| AFB.41-42 | Pakistan | UN-Habitat | Enhance community, local and national-level urban climate change resilience to water scarcity, caused by floods and droughts in Rawalpindi and Nowshera, Pakistan | 12/22/2024 | 12/22/2025 | No cost extension of the project's completion date | 2024/050 |
| AFB.41-42 | Lesotho | WFP | Improving Adaptive Capacity of vulnerable and food insecure populations in Lesotho | 10/8/2024 | 4/8/2025 | No cost extension of the project's completion date | 2024/049 |

Appendix 5: Adaptation Fund Level Effectiveness and Efficiency Results Framework

| 1. Secure Financing and Financing Mechanisms | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1.1 Increased and Diversified Resources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | |
| Total value received through sales of CERs (US\$ millions) | 190.4 | 194.2 | 196.6 | 197.82 | 199.4 | | 201.42 | 204.74 | 208.38 | 211.80 | 214.92 | 215.83 |
| Number of contributors | 14 | 15 | 16 | 19 | 20 | | 22 | 23 ¹⁰⁷ | 24 ¹⁰⁸ | 29 | 32 | 33 |
| Actual donor contributions (US\$ millions) | 213.7 | 284.9 | 344.8 | 442.40 | 538.29 | | 657.93 | 735.25 | 895.09 | 1,025.85 | 1,232.96 | 1,489.88 |
| Percentage increase in donor contributions from the previous year | 58.8% | 33.3% | 21.0% | 28.3% | 21.6% | | 22.2% | 11.7% | 21.7% | 14.6% | 20.2% | 20.8% |
| Total cash transfers vs. funds committed (including projects and programmes) | 44% | 45% | 53% | 58.67% | 61.8% | | 70.5% | 58.1% | 58.5% | 63.1% | 64.6% | 64.3% |
| 1.2 Efficient Cost Structure | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | Target |
| Board, secretariat, and Trustee operational expenses against total Adaptation Fund resources committed - % | 8.3% | 4% | 16.6% | 9.2% | 9.1% | 5.5% | 3.3% | 5.5% | 8.2% | 8.2% | 5.5% | 5% |
| Implementing Entities fees against total Fund resources allocated | 8% | 8.3% | 6.8% | 7.3% | 7.4% | 7.5% | 7.5% | 7.6% | 7.6% | 7.7% | 7.7% | 8.5% |
| Execution Cost against total grant (minus IE fees) - % | 7.6% | 8.1% | 6.6% | 8.4% | 7.3% | 7.1% | 7.8% | 7.9% | 8.0% | 6.5% | 6.7% | 9.5% |
| % of secretariat staff using training budget | | | | | | 55% | 50% | 17% | 25% | 56% | 72.7% | 100% |

¹⁰⁷ New contributors for FY 20 include the United Nations Foundation.

¹⁰⁸ New contributors donors in FY 21 include Qatar, which marks the first contribution from a non-Annex I country.

| 2. Improve Efficiencies in Project Cycle (Action, Innovation, Learning & Sharing) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 2.1 Concrete Project Cycle Efficiency (Single country, regional, enhanced direct access and large innovation grants) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY 18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | Target |
| Average response time of secretariat to review submissions of projects/programs (months) | 1.5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Average time from first submission to approval for one-step projects (months) | 5.1 | 10.1 ⁵² | 21.4 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 6.7 | 13.57 | 10.55 | 8.6 | 15.7 | 9 |
| Average time from first submission to approval for two-step projects (months) | 6.4 | 18.4 | 31.2 | 28.8 | 28 | 21 | 26.5 ¹⁰⁹ | 23.89 | 20.75 | 18.1 | 24.1 | 18 ¹¹⁰ (before 12) |
| Average time from first submission to approval for three-step projects (months) | | | | | 23 | 30 | 22.3 | 44 | 24.5 | 52.3 ¹¹¹ | 71.4 | 24 (before 18) |
| Average time from first cash transfer to project start (NIEs) (months) | 4.8 | 5.6 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 12.3 | 6 | 6.3 | 3 | 2.5 | N/A | N/A | 6 |
| Average time from first cash transfer to project start (RIE) (months) | | | | 10 | 6.9 | 0 | 12 | N/A | N/A ¹¹² | N/A | N/A | 6 |
| Average time from first cash transfer to project start (MIEs) (months) | 9.1 | 13.1 | 18.1 | 4 | 5 | 13 ¹¹³ | 8.6 | 3 | 2.5 | 2 | 5.2 | 6 |

109 The fact that the planned Board meeting AFB35 could not take place in a regular manner, might have skewed the average duration from first submission to approval to be higher than the set target.

110 This target was set when the AFB had 3-4 meetings per year. From FY 14, the Board meets twice per year

111 This corresponds to the average of two projects whose first submission was on 2016 and 2018 and their approval was in 2022

112 This corresponds to the average of two projects whose first submission was on 2016 and 2018 and their approval was in 2022.

113 Average is skewed to the higher end because two single country MIE projects that began implementation in FY 19 – Nepal and Paraguay were exceptionally delayed at 27 and 20 months respectively. One regional project for Ethiopia, Kenya and Uganda began implementation at 13 months from first cash transfer.

3. Results Driven Implementation (Action, Innovation, Learning & Sharing)

3.1. Results-Driven Implementation under the Action pillar (single country/regional)

| Item | F14 | F15 | F16 | F17 | F18 | F19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| Average response time of secretariat to review submissions of projects/programs (months) | | | | | | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Average time from cash transfer to project start (months) | | | | | | NA | NA | 2 | N/A | NA | N/A |

3. Results Driven Implementation (Action, Innovation, Learning & Sharing)

3.1. Results Driven Implementation under the Action pillar (single country/regional)

| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY 19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Number of proposals submitted (single country / regional / innovation / EDA) | | | | | | 76 | 68 | 56 | 67 | 80 | 72 |
| Number of pre-concepts endorsed | | | | | | 6 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Number of pre-concepts submitted but not endorsed | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Number of project concepts endorsed | 8 | 2 | 5 | 11 | 11 | 18 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 22 | 14 |
| Number of project concepts submitted but not endorsed | 2 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 3 | 1 | 16 | 15 | 15 |
| Number of fully developed proposals approved | 6 | 13 | 4 | 12 | 10 | 18 | 18 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 21 |
| Number of fully developed proposals not approved | 4 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 24 | 23 | 17 | 19 | 14 | 17 |
| Number of project concepts rejected | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Number of fully developed single country proposals technically cleared and placed in pipeline | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Number of fully developed regional proposals technically cleared and placed in pipeline | | | | | | 3 | 1 ¹¹⁴ | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Average time between PPR 1 st submission and secretariat clearance (months) | | | | | | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.4 |
| Average time between submission of project related requests and Board approval (months) | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Percent of projects that received MS rating or above at midterm review | NA | 100% | 90% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Percent of projects that received MS rating or above at terminal evaluation | NA | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Number of suspended/cancelled concrete projects | NA | NA | NA | 1 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Number of scale-up grants submitted but not approved | | | | | | | NA | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of scale-up grants approved | | | | | | | | NA | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of portfolio monitoring missions | | | | | | | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 |

| 3.2. Results Driven Implementation under the Innovation pillar | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY 19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
| Number of innovation grants approved | | | | | | NA | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

¹¹⁴ This project was approved during the intersessional review cycle (AFB.35.a-35.b) and was awaiting funding. The funds set aside for the regional projects and programmes for fiscal year 2021 was approved by the Board in September 2020 therefore this project was removed from the waitlist.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| Number of innovation grants submitted but not approved | | | | | | NA | 3 | 4 | 0 | 13 | 6 |
| 3.3. Results Driven Implementation under the Learning & Sharing pillar | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY 20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
| Number of learning grants approved | | | | | | NA | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of learning grants submitted but not approved | | | | | | NA | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of virtual courses launched | | | | | | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Number of project stories published | | | | | | 1 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 6 ¹¹⁵ |
| Number of publications/ case studies published | | | | | | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 ¹¹⁶ | 4 |

4. Accreditation Applications

4.1 Increased and Diversified Access Modalities

| Item | | FY12 | FY13 | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY 20 | FY 21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| MIEs (14) | Number of applications accredited | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | Number of application re- accredited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| | Number of accreditation/re- accreditations under fast-track modality | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| | Number of applications accredited | 7 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

¹¹⁵ the AF produced/published 6 original project stories and collaborated on/published an additional 3 more with Climate Home News. The Fund also produced 12 videos during the reporting period, and several of those included project impact narratives.

¹¹⁶ Three publications on lessons learned from DRR interventions; lessons learned from projects in fragile, conflict-affected and vulnerable (FCV) settings; and lessons learned: The role of national financial institutions and trust funds in providing climate adaptation.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|------|------|----|-----|
| | Number of applications under review | | 9 | 12 | 9 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 21 |
| | Number of applications re- accredited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| NIEs (32) | Number of accreditation/re- accreditation s under fast-track modality | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| RIEs (9) | Number of applications accredited | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| | Number of applications Under Review | | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Number of applications re- accredited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | Number of accreditation/re- accreditations under fast-track modality | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| | Number of Accreditation/re- accreditation s under fast-track modality | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| | Total number of field visits | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| | Field visits (percentage over total number of applications received) | | 20% | 33% | 16% | 16% | 25% | 16% | 3.44% | NA | NA | NA | NA | N/A |
| | Average months between first submission of accredited application and Board's decision (NIEs) | | | | | | | | 38 | 32.5 | 23.6 | 23.2 | NA | NA |
| | Average months between first submission of accredited application and Board's decision (MIEs) | | | | | | | | NA | 6 | 8.5 | 8.5 | NA | 40 |
| | Average number of months between first submission of accredited application and Board decision (RIEs) | | | | | | | | NA | NA | 19.6 | 28.6 | NA | NA |

Appendix 6: List of Approved Readiness Projects through 30 June 2024

| AFB | Country (Candidate NIE) | NIE | Type (S-S/ TA/TA- ESP+Gender /TA- Gender) | Application Submission Date | Date Approved | Board Decision | Agreement signed date | Grant Amount | Implementing Entity Fee |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| AFB 24 | Cabo Verde | CSE | S-S | 12-Aug-14 | 9-Oct-14 | B. 24/17 | 9-Oct-14 | 47,449 | - |
| | Chad | CSE | S-S | 12-Aug-14 | 9-Oct-14 | B. 24/18 | 9-Oct-14 | 49,592 | - |
| | Niger | CSE | S-S | 12-Aug-14 | 9-Oct-14 | B. 24/19 | 9-Oct-14 | 47,449 | - |
| TOTAL FY15 | 3 | | | | | | | 144,490 | |
| AFB26-27 | Senegal | CSE | TA-ESP | 15-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/10 | 8-Mar-16 | 18,000 | - |
| | Benin | FNEC | TA-ESP | 28-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/11 | 8-Mar-16 | 20,000 | - |
| | Panama | Fundación Natura | TA-ESP | 28-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/12 | 8-Mar-16 | 20,000 | - |
| | Costa Rica | Funde cooperación Para el Desarrollo Sostenible | TA-ESP | 28-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/13 | 8-Mar-16 | 20,000 | - |
| | Micronesia, Federated States of | MCT | TA-ESP | | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/14 | 8-Mar-16 | 20,000 | - |
| | South Africa | SANBI | TA-ESP | 28-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/15 | 8-Mar-16 | 20,000 | - |
| | Guinea | CSE | S-S | 22-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/16 | 8-Mar-16 | 47,449 | - |
| | Mali | CSE | S-S | 22-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26- 27/17 | 8-Mar-16 | 47,449 | - |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------------|---|
| | Sierra Leone | CSE | S-S | 22-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26-27/18 | 8-Mar-16 | 47,449 | - |
| | Malawi | NEMA | S-S | 22-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26-27/19 | 3-Oct-16 | 50,000 | - |
| | Zimbabwe | NEMA | S-S | 22-Sep-15 | 16-Feb-16 | B.26-27/20 | 3-Oct-16 | 50,000 | - |
| TOTAL FY16 | 11 | | | | | | | 360,347 | |
| AFB28-29 | Antigua and Barbuda | DoE | TA ESP & GENDER | 29-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/4 | 30-Jan-17 | 25,000 | - |
| | India | NABARD | TA ESP & GENDER | 2-Sep-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/5 | 30-Jan-17 | 25,000 | - |
| | Kenya | NEMA | TA ESP & GENDER | 2-Sep-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/6 | 30-Jan-17 | 25,000 | - |
| | Namibia | DRFN | TA ESP & GENDER | 11-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/7 | 30-Jan-17 | 20,000 | - |
| | Peru | PROFONANPE | TA ESP & GENDER | 31-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/8 | 30-Jan-17 | 25,000 | - |
| | Rwanda | MOE | TA ESP & GENDER | 2-Sep-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/9 | 30-Jan-17 | 25,000 | - |
| | Costa Rica | Fundecooperación | TA GENDER | 30-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/10 | 30-Jan-17 | 10,000 | - |
| | Micronesia, Federated States of | MCT | TA GENDER | 31-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/11 | 30-Jan-17 | 10,000 | - |
| | Senegal | CSE | TA GENDER | 19-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/12 | 30-Jan-17 | 10,000 | - |
| | Burundi | CSE | S-S | 24-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28-29/13 | 30-Jan-17 | 50,000 | - |
| | Togo | CSE | S-S | 26-Aug-16 | 23-Dec-16 | B.28- | 30-Jan-17 | 50,000 | - |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | 29/14 | | | |
| TOTAL FY17 | 11 | | | | | | | 275,000 | |
| AFB 30-31 | Côte d'Ivoire | CSE | S-S | 25-Sep-17 | 29-Dec-17 | B.30-31/10 | 30-Apr-18 | 50,000 | - |
| | Dominica | DoE | S-S | 5-Oct-17 | 29-Dec-17 | B.30-31/11 | 24-Apr-18 | 50,000 | 2,000 |
| | Maldives | DoE | S-S | 5-Oct-17 | 29-Dec-17 | B.30-31/12 | 24-Apr-18 | 50,000 | 2,000 |
| | Morocco | ADA | TA ESP & GENDER | 28-Sep-17 | 29-Dec-17 | B.30-31/9 | On-going | 25,000 | - |
| AFB 31-32 | Burundi | CSE | Readiness Support Package Pilot | 9-May-18 | 29-Jun-18 | B.31-32/6 | 14-Sep-18 | 100,000 | - |
| | Mali | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL FY18 | 5 | | | | | | | 275,000 | 4,000 |
| AFB 32-33 | Afghanistan | NABARD | S-S | 1-Nov-18 | 26-Dec-18 | B.32-33/9 | 3-Jun-19 | 50,000 | - |
| | Armenia | EPIU | TA-ESGP | 24-Oct-18 | 26-Dec-18 | B.32-33/7 | 7-May-19 | 19,500 | - |
| | Bhutan | BTFEC | TA-ESGP | 17-Oct-2018 | 26-Dec-18 | B.32-33/5 | 7-May-19 | 25,000 | - |
| | Dominican Republic | IDDI | TA-ESGP | 24-Oct-2018 | 26-Dec-18 | B.32-33/6 | 9-May-19 | 22,700 | 1,700 |
| | Mauritius | CSE | S-S | 24-Oct-2018 | 26-Dec-18 | B.32-33/8 | 6-May-19 | 49,910 | 3,910 |
| TOTAL FY 19 | 5 | | | | | | | 167,110 | 5,610 |
| AFB 34 | Rwanda | MoE | Project scale-up | 30-Jul-19 | 11-Oct-19 | B.34/39 | 29-Apr-20 | 99,000 | - |
| | Belize | PACT | PFA | 10-Aug-19 | 11-Oct-19 | B.34/15 | 5-May-20 | 20,000 | 1,500 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| | Namibia ¹¹⁷ | DRFN | PFA | 10-Aug-19 | 11-Oct-19 | B.34/19 | pending | pending | - |
| AFB 34-35 | Mozambique | NEMA | S-S | 2-Sep-19 | 2-Dec-19 | B.34-35/9 | pending | 50,000 | 3,800 |
| | Botswana | NEMA | S-S | 2-Sep-19 | 2-Dec-19 | B.34-35/8 | pending | 50,000 | 3,800 |
| | Tanzania | NEMC | TA-ESGP | 4-Sep-19 | 2-Dec-19 | B.34-35/7 | 5-May-20 | 25,000 | - |
| | Uganda | MoWe | TA-ESGP | 5-Sep-19 | 2-Dec-19 | B.34-35/6 | 8-May-20 | 25,000 | - |
| | Zimbabwe | EMA | TA-ESGP | 5-Sep-19 | 2-Dec-19 | B.34-35/5 | 11-May-20 | 25,000 | - |
| TOTAL FY 20 | 8 | | | | | | | 314,000 | 9,100 |
| AFB 35-36 | Benin | FNEC | TA-GP | 6-Oct-20 | 9-Dec-20 | B.35-36/6 | 17-Feb-21 | 10,000 | - |
| | Cote d'Ivoire | FIRCA | TA-ESGP | 1-Sep-20 | 9-Dec-20 | B.35-36/7 | 22-Feb-21 | 24,820 | - |
| | Mexico | IMTA | TA-ESGP | 3-Oct-20 | 9-Dec-20 | B.35-36/8 | 31-Mar-21 | 25,000 | - |
| TOTAL FY21 | 3 | | | | | | | 59,820 | 0 |
| AFB 37-38 | Cameroon | CSE (IE providing support) | Readiness Package Grant | 8-Sep-21 | | | | 149,405 | 11,705 |
| | Zambia | CSE (IE providing support) | Readiness Package Grant | 8-Sep-21 | | | | 149,188 | 11,688 |
| Total FY22 | 0 | | | | | | | 0 | 0 |
| AFB 39-40 | Cameroon | CSE (IE providing support) | Readiness Package Grant | 24-Aug-22 | 15-Dec-22 | B.39-40/4 | 27-Feb-23 | 142,678 | 11,178 |
| | Zambia | CSE (IE providing support) | Readiness Package Grant | 3-Aug-22 | 15-Dec-22 | B.39-40/5 | 22-Feb-23 | 145,000 | 11,110 |
| FY23 | 2 | | | | | | | 287,678 | 22,288 |

¹¹⁷ As per Board Decision B.34/19, the Board decided to approve, subject to the re-accreditation of DRFN by the Board, the project formulation assistance grant of US\$ 20,000

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| AFB 40-41 | Burkina Faso | CSE (IE providing Support) | Readiness Package Grant | 31-Mar-23 | 11-Aug-23 | B.40-41/12 | 2-Jan-24 | 144,197 | 11,297 |
| AFB 41-42 | Kenya | NEMA (IE providing support) | Readiness Package Grant | 1-Nov-23 | 8-Jan-24 | B.41-42/6 | Under preparation | 149,342.52 | 11,699.64 |
| FY24 | 2 | | | | | | | 293,539.52 | 22,996.64 |

Appendix 7: Actual Results of Project Completed Related to Fund Strategic Outcome Investments

| Outcome 4: Increased adaptive capacity within relevant development sector services and infrastructure assets | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Project Name | Country/Countries | Region | Sector | No. of services | Notes |
| Climate Change Adaptation Programme In Water and Agriculture In Anseba Region, Eritrea | Eritrea | Africa | Rural Development | 1,157 | Two micro-dams, water diversion structures consisting of weir, gates and respectively 170 m and 136 m long canals were constructed, an irrigation system with a solar pump, two solar pumps, 400 energy efficient improved stoves, 750 solar panels. |
| Ecosystem Based Adaptation Approach to Maintaining Water Security in Critical Water Catchments in Mongolia | Mongolia | Asia-Pacific | Ecosystem-based Adaptation | 92 | 44 natural springs were rehabilitated, 15 tree nurseries established, 23 engineered wells were repaired in Ulz river basin, water reservoirs constructed, rooftop rain water harvest and reservoir for rainwater harvest, bio-briquette production supported, solar technology for fruits drying introduced, green houses constructed for sustainable agriculture practices, irrigation canals constructed, snow and rain water harvesting structures constructed, meteorological stations established, equipped and staffs trained, permanent glacier monitoring station established and equipped, existing meteorological stations upgraded. |
| Building resilience to climate change and variability in vulnerable smallholders | Uruguay | Latin America & Caribbean | Agriculture | 1 | Agriculture. |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Building Resilient Food Security Systems to Benefit the Southern Egypt Region | Egypt, Arab Republic of | Africa | Food security | 3 | 4,000 meters of lined canals and 98 water user associations to enhance irrigation efficiency and cooperatively manage water resources, 49 communal animal revolving lending schemes (Targeting primarily women, these schemes have issued 36,767 loans that helped households start new income generation activities/projects and have economically empowered women). |
| Addressing Climate Change Impacts on Marginalized Agricultural Communities Living in the Mahaweli River Basin of Sri Lanka | Sri Lanka | Asia-Pacific | Rural Development | 80 | Water management: 3 seed banks, covering 3 ACSs, 70 farmer field trials on climate resilient agriculture practices; 10 drought tolerant practices introduced, micro irrigation systems, polytunnel cultivation, pitcher irrigation, 10 post-harvest centers were established, cash for work schemes in two micro catchments. |
| Increased Resilience to Climate Change in Northern Ghana through the Management of Water Resources and Diversification of Livelihoods | Ghana | Africa | Water Management | 368 | 145 operational boreholes, 10 dams/dugouts climate smart water supply systems were completed/5 would be constructed/ rehabilitated, 45 small irrigation systems, 39 livelihood fish farms projects, 50 bee keeping livelihood schemes established, 50 dry season gardening livelihood schemes for predominately women, 24 Agro processing livelihood centers were constructed. |
| Programme Support for Climate Change Adaptation in the vulnerable regions of Mopti and Timbuctou | Mali | Africa | Multisector | 312 | On water management, agriculture, food security and multisector. |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ecosystem Based Adaptation to Climate Change in Seychelles | Seychelles | Africa | Water Management | 4 | Catchment storage capacity increased by 47,452 m ³ ; river flow monitoring data and water quality from 9 monitoring stations; forest monitoring transects established (<i>Mare aux cochons</i>); 10 monitoring transects established (<i>Baie Lazare</i> watershed). |
| Enhancing Climate Resilience of Rural Communities Living in Protected Areas of Cambodia | Cambodia | Asia-Pacific | Ecosystem-based Adaptation | 3 | 3 community-managed nurseries |
| Adapting to Climate Induced Threats to Food Production and Food Security in the Karnali Region of Nepal | Nepal | Asia-Pacific | Food security | 118 | 42 community infrastructures related to multi-use water system (MUS) based irrigation canals were completed benefitting more than 2,200 households. These irrigation canals increased water availability for agricultural production on 960 hectares of land. |
| Outcome 5: Increased ecosystem resilience in response to climate change and variability induced stress | | | | | |
| Project Name | Country/Countries | Region | Sector | Total number of natural assets or ecosystems protected/rehabilitated | Natural asset or Ecosystem (type) |
| Climate Change Adaptation Programme In Water and Agriculture In Anseba Region, Eritrea | Eritrea | Africa | Rural Development | 120 ha | Soil and water conservation measures implemented to improve runoff management and infiltration for improved rangeland management and enhanced cereal production. The programme has helped to bring about 120 ha of land to be cultivated under supplementary irrigation at Fiza and Lemayt diversions. |

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|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ecosystem Based Adaptation Approach to Maintaining Water Security in Critical Water Catchments in Mongolia | Mongolia | Asia-Pacific | Ecosystem-based Adaptation | 452,170.4 ha | 44 natural springs were rehabilitated contributing 450,000ha pastureland improvement and decreased localized grazing pressure. 15 tree nurseries established. Forest management activities covered 811.4ha in Kharkhiraa, Turgen river basin and 1359ha in Ulz river basin. |
| Building resilience to climate change and variability in vulnerable smallholders | Uruguay | Latin America & Caribbean | Agriculture | 220,319 ha | Rangelands rehabilitated. |
| Addressing Climate Change Impacts on Marginalized Agricultural Communities Living in the Mahaweli River Basin of Sri Lanka | Sri Lanka | Asia-Pacific | Rural Development | 27 ha | Catchment area, watershed, aquifer protected. |
| Reduction of vulnerability to coastal flooding through ecosystem-based adaptation in the south of Artemisa and Mayabeque provinces | Cuba | Latin America & Caribbean | Coastal Management | 7,700 ha | Reforestation of mangrove, restoration of the mangrove ecosystems, and the enrichment of the forested areas inland |
| Developing Climate Resilience of Farming Communities in the drought prone parts of UZBEKISTAN | Uzbekistan | Asia-Pacific | Agriculture | 92,000 ha* | This is not the final figure*: as of September 2021 , 65,500 ha are planted with saksaul seedlings and productivity of 27,000 ha of degraded natural pastures is raised with assistance of the project. |
| Belize Marine Conservation and Climate Adaptation Initiative | Belize | Latin America & Caribbean | Coastal Management | 423,729 ha | National parks and mangroves protected. |
| Ecosystem Based Adaptation to Climate Change in Seychelles | Seychelles | Africa | Water Management | 1,247.61 ha | The figure includes 7.1 ha of upland and 23.1 ha of coastal wetlands rehabilitated, 117.41 ha of forests under sustainable management, and 1,100 ha of watershed protected. |

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|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enhancing Climate Resilience of Rural Communities Living in Protected Areas of Cambodia | Cambodia | Asia-Pacific | Ecosystem-based Adaptation | 105 ha | 105 ha of degraded forest restored with 337,331 trees. In addition, 155,176 indigenous trees and 462,442 fruit trees planted outside of this area. |
| Adapting to Climate Induced Threats to Food Production and Food Security in the Karnali Region of Nepal | Nepal | Asia-Pacific | Food security | 960 ha | 42 community infrastructures related to multi-use water system (MUS) based irrigation canals were completed benefitting more than 2,200 households. These irrigation canals increased water availability for agricultural production on 960 hectares of land. |
| Community Adaptation for Forest-Food Based Management in Saddang Watershed Ecosystem | Indonesia | Asia-Pacific | Food security | 1.4 km | 25,000 mangrove seedlings and propagules were planted to protect 1.4 km of coastline. |

Outcome 6: Diversified and strengthened livelihoods and sources of income for vulnerable people in targeted areas

| Project Name | Country/Countries | Region | Sector | No. of targeted households for Livelihood diversification activities | Notes |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Climate Change Adaptation Programme In Water and Agriculture In Anseba Region, Eritrea | Eritrea | Africa | Rural Development | 10,968 | Livelihood diversification strategy especially through the Minimum Integrated Household Agricultural Package (MIHAP) by providing farmers in this program with dairy animals, improved forage, cereal and vegetable seed, fruit and wood tree seedlings, bee hives and chicks. This proved to be very effective livelihood diversification adaptation measure. And other programme activities, the use of climate-smart technologies and varieties of crop and livestock, the change of lifestyle from pastoralists to agro-pastoralists, and the deliberate integration of gender consideration in the implementation of the programme. |
| Building resilience to climate change and variability in vulnerable smallholders | Uruguay | Latin America & Caribbean | Agriculture | 1,050 | Livestock smallholders -17% of which were women- through partial subsidies for investments and technical assistance and training. |
| Building Resilient Food Security Systems to Benefit the Southern Egypt Region | Egypt, Arab Republic of | Africa | Food security | 146,000 | Diversified and strengthened livelihoods and sources of income for vulnerable people in targeted areas by increasing sustained climate-resilient alternative livelihoods. 49 communal animal revolving lending schemes (Targeting primarily women, these schemes have issued 36,767 loans that helped households start new income generation activities/projects and have economically empowered women). |
| Addressing Climate Change Impacts on Marginalized Agricultural Communities Living in the Mahaweli River Basin of Sri Lanka | Sri Lanka | Asia-Pacific | Rural Development | 15,507 | These households -54% of which are female - received inputs to support their efforts in developing a climate resilient livelihood strategy. 90% of the home gardens generate income from their cultivation. |

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|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Increased Resilience to Climate Change in Northern Ghana through the Management of Water Resources and Diversification of Livelihoods | Ghana | Africa | Water Management | 3728* | The numbers are in individuals not households*: 50 dry season gardening schemes for women have been established. These schemes are supporting over 1, 590 direct beneficiaries in 40 communities to undertake the planting of pepper, okra, tomatoes among others during the dry season. 42 bee keeping schemes established in Phase I and 8 additional in Phase II, bringing the total to 50 communities benefiting 1348 direct beneficiaries. A total of 39 fish farms in rehabilitated dams/dugouts have been established in 23 Communities benefiting over 790 direct beneficiaries. |
| Developing Climate Resilience of Farming Communities in the drought prone parts of UZBEKISTAN | Uzbekistan | Asia-Pacific | Agriculture | 105479* | The numbers presented in the report are per individuals not households*: 20,441 jobs were created, of which 126 are permanent jobs (58 women), 20,315 seasonal jobs (8,118 for women). 13 pasture cooperatives have been created, uniting residents of 19 rural citizens' gatherings with a total number of 64,723 people, of which 32,535 are women (50.3%). |
| Belize Marine Conservation and Climate Adaptation Initiative | Belize | Latin America & Caribbean | Coastal Management | 585 | Alternative livelihoods and income diversification for affected users of the reef through skills training and grant financing and reduced dependency on traditional fishing. |
| Programme Support for Climate Change Adaptation in the vulnerable regions of Mopti and Timbuctou | Mali | Africa | Multisector | 23,507 | Households had their capacity strengthened with inputs, equipment, and training to revive IGAs in the areas of market gardening and animal fattening. |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ecosystem Based Adaptation to Climate Change in Seychelles | Seychelles | Africa | Water Management | 500 | Households benefitting from an increased water availability in Baie Lazare. |
| Enhancing Climate Resilience of Rural Communities Living in Protected Areas of Cambodia | Cambodia | Asia-Pacific | Ecosystem-based Adaptation | 1,193 | Households who received home garden diversification support in target areas. |
| Adapting to Climate Induced Threats to Food Production and Food Security in the Karnali Region of Nepal | Nepal | Asia-Pacific | Food security | 7,421 | 329,245 employment days were created, and cash-based transfers (CBT) of US\$ 1,723,313 were made to 7,421 poor and severely food insecure households (36% women) for their participation in food/cash assistance for assets (FFA) programmes. |
| Taking adaptation to the ground: A small Grants Facility for enabling local-level responses to climate change | South Africa | Africa | Multisector | 525 | 525 adaptation assets include livestock shelters, poultry houses, climate-resilient livestock, 3 communal climate-resilient food gardens, 136 backyard climate-resilient food gardens, rainwater harvesting tanks, reservoirs, nurseries, biogas digester, solar drier, among others. |