NIE: Profonanpe Country: Perú

Project: "Adaptation to the Impacts of Climate Change on Peru's Coastal Marine Ecosystem and Fisheries"

Objective: Support the Peruvian Government in reducing the vulnerability of coastal communities to the impacts of climate change on marine-coastal ecosystems and their fishery resources.



Financing entity



Executing entities



Pilot sites



USD 6,9 millions

Profonanpe, Peruvian Sea Institute and Ministry of Production

Pilot sites in Huacho (Lima) and Máncora (Piura)



Beneficiaries:

Artisanal fishermen from the pilot areas, the Ministry of Production (PRODUCE) and the Peruvian Marine Institute (IMARPE).



5 years (2018-2023)

Challenges



Unforeseen events caused by Covid-19

Hiring local coordinators in the pilot sites who maintained direct contact with project beneficiaries even during Covid-19 restrictions



Artisanal fishermen's organisations showed a low capacity to convene their grassroots, as well as limited communication and representativeness within their organisations.

Tools and opportunities were provided to improve the conditions for association and organisational strengthening.

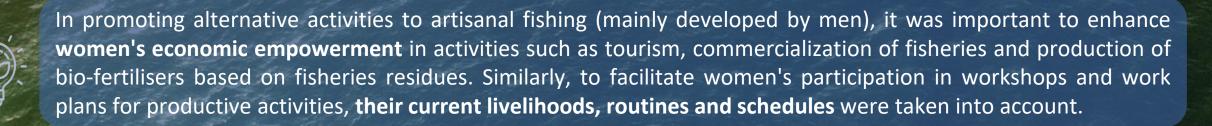


Need to update some diversification activities.

Develop of an adaptive monitoring and evaluation system that allowed indicators to be updated based on the inclusion of new activities.



Lessons learned implementing climate adaptation measures



Beneficiaries must recognize the importance of economic investment, knowledge and cooperation as necessary elements to promote economic diversification and reduce their vulnerability to climate change.

The **implementation of pilot adaptation measures** should be accompanied by **government regulations, financing, adequate infrastructure** and others, to ensure their sustainability and subsequent scaling up - replication.

The determination of the location of the facilities for the development of productive activities must be established in places that are owned by the beneficiaries, so as not to affect the sustainability and continuity of the activities. This evaluation should be carried out in the diagnostic stage, in the development of feasibility studies.





